NANCIAL TIMES

TUESDAY APRIL 27 1999

World Business Newspaper http://www.FT.com



European savers Finally moving out of banks and into equities Page 17



Peter Drucker Financial manipulators short-change workers Profile, Page 14



Ericsson The importance of product cycles Page 20

Free capital Tempting, and not always dangerous Peter Martin, Page 16

WORLD NEWS

India faces political drift as fresh elections are called

India faces what could prove a long period of political drift after President KR Narayanan called the country's third election in as many years. The news drove the stock market down by 5 per cent. Page 18; Political vold, Page 6; Asia stocks, 42

Militant groups accept invitation The Islamic militant group Harnas accepted an invitation from Palestinian leader Yassir Arafat to ioin the Palestine Liberation Organisation's statehood debate,

N Ireland minister rejects idea David Trimble, Northern Ireland's first minister, dismissed suggestions that a power sharing administration could be set up without IRA decommissioning. UK. Page 9

Berezovsky charged Boris Berezovsky was charged with illegal business activities, money laundering and continuing in business when he held a state post. The Russian businessman and politician vowed to clear his

name. Europe, Page 3 Blast damages Moscow hotel An explosion ripped through the 20th floor of central Moscow's intourist Hotel, tearing open the back of the building. At least 10 people were reported injured.

Teenagers 'planned to kill 500' Two teenagers who murdered 13 people at Columbine High School planned to kill 500 students, destroy the school and crash an aircraft, investigators said.

Japan takes key dufence vote Japan's lower house will today pass legislation that significantly increases Japan's role in selfdefence and regional security, as well as boosting its co-operation with US forces. Asia-Pacific,

Malaysia protests to Manila Malaysia protested over a private wife of sacked and jailed deputy prime minister Anwar Ibrahim and warned Manila not to intertere. Asia-Pacific, Page 6

EU governments agree on salaries EU governments agreed that members of the European Parilament should all get the same saiary to discourage expense account abuses. The deal is still subject to approval from the par-liament itself.

South Korean strikes ease Seoul's subway workers gave in to government pressure and ended a protest strike. Asia-Pacific, Page 6

Fujimori stands by security advisa-Peruvian president Alberto Fujimori publicly supported his controversial security adviser, Vladimiro Montesinos, criticised for his alleged role in planning

Jamaica woos back tourists Jamaica's tourism industry hopes to lure back visitors after last week's unrest with a new actvertising campaign on US television.

The US introduced fishing curbs covering sharks and swordfish to try to rebuild stocks in Atlantic and Gulf waters. Canada ger ruffle feathers, Page 8

4 284.40

BUSINESS NEWS

Greek bank aims to raise \$550m in biggest Athens issue

National Bank of Greece, the country's biggest financial group, launched a Dr170.7bn (\$553m) rights issue - the largest to date by an Athens-listed company to strengthen the balance sheet ahead of Greece's probable adoption of the euro in January 2001. Companies and Markets,

Rochs, Switzerland's second biggest pharmaceutical company, has finally won US Food and Drug Administration approval to sell Xenical (Orlistat), a new type of anti-obesity drug. European Companies, Page 20

Butterfield & Butterfield, the third-largest traditional US auction house, agreed to be taken over by eBay, the fast-growing online auction company, in a \$260m deal. Companies and Marketa, Page 19

Fears that private demand in Japan may be undermined by corporate restructuring were reinforced by data that showed a drop in retail sales and a slump in automotive production. Page 18

Kenneth Chenault, president of American Express, was named as the group's next chief executive, positioning him to become the first black American to run a prominent US multinational company. Companies and Markets, Page 19

Saneral Electric Company of the UK further underlined its transformation into a telecommunications equipment group with the \$4.2bn acquisition of Fore Systems of the US. Companies and Markets, Page 19; Lex, Page 18

Cable & Wireless confirmed it is to sell its undersea cable laying business for £500m (\$800m) to Bermuda-based Global Crossing. Companies and Markets,

Santander Central Hispano, BSCH, posted first quarter attributable income of €368.4m (\$391.6m). European Companies, Page 20

Germany's WestLB Asset Management has made its first move into the US market, buying a Houston-based fixed income business with \$9bn under management European Companies, Page 20

Bankers Trust, the US bank set to be acquired by Deutsche Bank, Germany's largest bank, by the end of June, reported first-quarter earnings of \$140m, a 37 per cent slide from \$222m in the same period a year ago, but up from \$29m in the fourth quarter. US Companies, Page 24

From today, the world markets table on this page includes the benchmark Brunt bland futures price. The dated price for Brent can be found in the London spot markets table on Com-

Euro Markets

WORLD MARKETS

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News, analysis and statistics on the euro currency zone, covering foreign exchange, bond and equity markets.

US envoy leads Kosovo mission to Moscow

Strobe Talbott, US deputy secretary of state, arrived in Moscow yesterday amid guarded confidence in Washington that Russia wants to avoid a showdown with Nato over the Kosovo Mr Talbott is expected to meet

Victor Chernomyrdin, the former prime minister who visited Bel-grade last week as a special Russian envoy, and Igor Ivanov, Russia's foreign minister, today. The visit of the Clinton admin-

followed an hour-long telephone call on Sunday between the Russian and US presidents, initiated by Boris Yeltsin, towards the end of a three-day Nato summit. A senior US official said the message from this call was: "Yeltsin wants to work with Nato."

The Talbott mission opens a week of intense diplomatic activity in Moscow, involving US. United Nations, Canadian and European officials.

The aim is to keep Russia, an unstable nuclear power, engaged diplomatically as the Nato mili-

tary campaign against Yugo-slavia escalates. Russia boycotted the summit in Washington in protest at the alliance campaign. But opinion polls

involvement in the conflict. A senior administration official said Moscow had recognised that its own strategic interests were not at stake. "They don't want a confrontation with us over Kos-

ovo," said the official. That view was reinforced during the telephone call between the two presidents. In spite of concerns that a naval blockade of

potential flashpoint between Nato and Russia, a US official said the issue was not raised by Mr Yeltsin. US officials said the unity of show a majority against Russian

the Nato summit should have helped convince Moscow that the action over Kosovo was not simply a US fixation. They said Mr Talbott wanted to get more detail on Mr Milosevic's offer - made to Mr Chernomyrdin in Belgrade last week - to allow an international force into Kosovo after hostilities cease. That offer was rejected by Nato's leaders at

the weekend as insufficient. Mr Talbott and the other would-be mediators - including Kofi Annan, the UN secretary general, who will visit Moscow later this week - fly into a difficult environment. The Russian media has reported growing tensions between the foreign ministry and Mr Chernomyrdin over Yugoslavia, and Russia's diplomats are still smarting about the former premier's appointment.

Kosovo crisis, Page 2; Letters, Page 16; Editorial Comment and Observer,

Tough EU curbs likely for Telecom Italia deal

European Union competition authorities are expected to require Deutsche Telekom and Telecom Italia to accept strict curbs on their market conduct and shed some business interests as a condition for approving their proposed merger to create a business worth €173hn (\$185bn).

Brussels is preparing to demand that the companies divest operations in Austria and some other EU countries and make undertakings about financial transparency and competitive behaviour, especially in their

EU officials are determined to take a tough line because they view the deal as a test case for other big international telecomto show the industry that consolidation must be compatible with liberalisation of the EU market. Brussels plans to seek com-

coms users, as well as from cometitors of Deutsche Telekom and Telecom italia, before formulating its position. Strong criticism of the deal is expected. British Telecommuni-

cations is said to be among the telecom carriers preparing to complain that it raises serious etition concerns.

existing operations of Deutsche industry.

Telekom and Telecom Italia in their home markets, as well as safeguards designed to prevent a merged group achieving exces-

Brussels is understood to be particularly concarned by Deutsche Telekom's policy on "bundling" services - selling some services as a package - and by a number of complaints by competitors in Germany.

EU officials concede that using a merger investigation to deal with such allegations is unusual But they insist they have the legal power to demand remedies and to require that a merged group be financially transparent.

Brussels is likely to require the two companies to divest all or part of their interests in Austria It fears the combination of their munications mergers. They want stakes in mobile and fixed-line operators there could give a merged group unhealthy market

EU authorities are also expec ted to insist that Deutsche Telekom sever its ties with France Télécom. As well as owning 2 per cent of each other's equity, the companies are shareholders in Wind, a recently-formed Italian

EU officials have ruled out a flat veto of the planned merger, which has still to be formally notified to them, because they EU officials are expected to are keen not to discourage seek to impose conditions on the restructuring by the rest of the

and disagreements, first about

the function and size of the ves-

sels and more recently about

industrial arrangements neces-

sary to meet targets for cost

delivery date and performance.

made by governments after the three defence ministers con-

cerned met during Nato's week-

with the Horizon project meant

Paris and Rome were not sur-

prised by the withdrawal did not

Rome. But the decision under-

lined how difficult it will be to put into practice recent moves

towards closer European collabo

come as a surprise in Paris and

end summit in Washington. The UK's obvious unhappiness

Yesterday's announcement was

Sean Connery shaken and stirred by Scottish media

The mission was nothing less than the rescue of the Scottleh National party's election campaign. And the task had been entrusted to Sean Connerv. the first James Bond, a man of egendary boldness and

impregnable nonchalance. But coolness was not the watchword during his short

speech at a SNP rally yesterday. In fact, he was angry, but not at Scotland's oppression by England, nor even at a recent opinion poll showing the Labour party 18 points ahead in the race for the Scottish parliament. No, the 68-year-old, Edinburgh-born actor was fired up by the

Scottish press, which has

criticised him for being a tax exile who backs the SNP but tacks a home in Scotland.

The second half of his speech was more to the point. "Scotland should be nothing less than equal with all the other nations the world," he said. Man who would be kingmaker, Page 9 Picture: Reuters

Horizon warship project collapses

David Owen in Paris

The three-nation Horizon project to build a new generation of naval frigates collapsed yesterday when Britain pulled out.

The disintegration of the scheme is an embarrassing setback to efforts at closer European co-ties on defence and comes as governments are striving to show a united front in their air campaign against Yugoslavia.

The UK is to pursue instead a national £6bn (\$9.66bn) project to build 12 vessels to replace the Royal Navy's ageing Type 42 destroyers, although collaboration with France and Italy on an advanced anti-air missile system to arm the ships will continue. The navy is now unlikely to get the first frigate before 2007, five

French officials said France and Italy would start talks to determine how best to co-operate on construction of the 10 ships their navies needed - six for Italy and four for France. Britain's decision to cease collaboration on the Horizon frigate

project follows years of delays

ration on weapons procurement. It also sits awkwardly with the initiative of Tony Blair, the UK prime minister, to build cross-European defence capabilities. British and French procure ment officials said the final offer

from the companies was unsatisfactory on delivery date, cost and performance – the British Minis-try of Defence said it was 20 per cent over budget. The budget for the whole Horizon project has never been revealed.

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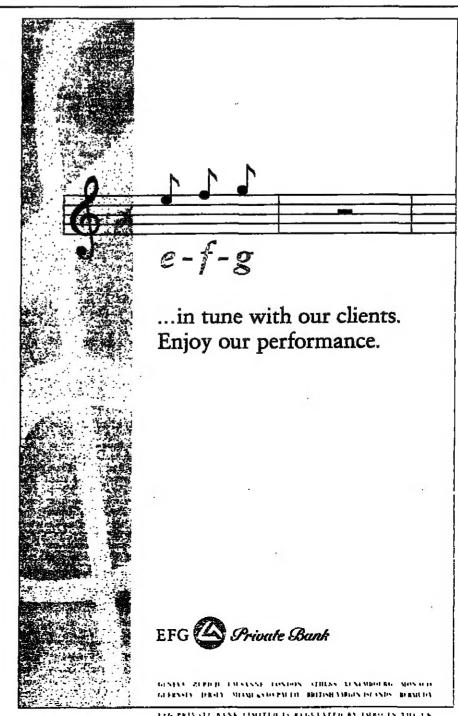
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Draskovic urges end to 'lying'

Peter Norman in Lu

Nato leaders yesterday seized on ground-breaking remarks by Vuk Draskovic, the Yugoslav deputy prime minister, in which he told his own government to stop "lying", as evidence of cracks in the Belgrade lead-

However, diplomats warned against reading too much into the words of a political maverick and former opposition leader with limited power and support. Speaking on Belgrade's day. Mr Draskovic said: People who lead this country must say clearly where we stand...They must say what will be left of Serbia in 20 days if the bombing continues." He called on Yugoslav leaders to "stop lying to the people in Serbia, and finally tell them the truth". He said: "The people should be told that Nato is not facing a breakdown, that Russta will not help Yugoslavia militarily, and that world

public opinion is against us." Referring to current peace initiatives, Mr Draskovic also said he expected Nato and Russia to come to a compromise over Kosovo at the United Nations and he urged Belgrade to accept it.

"If, by chance, in the name of patriotism, intransigence. defence of the country. forces or individuals were to

As Gerim Aliu Jooked on

silently, mourners started to

discuss exactly how his son,

Mujdin, died. Could prompt

saved him? They would

however, was that Mujdin

nian Albanian into a martyr.

edonian Albanian volunteer

to die fighting for his ethnic

kindred in Kosovo. A week

after the April 18 funeral,

there has been no let-up in

the stream of visitors arriv-

A couple of kilometres

down the road from Mujdin's

home village of Porci, in the

centre of Tetovo, Macedo-

Mujdin's death rather differ-

ently. When asked about his

death, Aleksandar Stefanov-

ski, owner of the Maestro

bar, frequented by Slavs.

said: "All Macedonia is ner-

vous, so my clients are ner-

The fiercely differing

views of two communities

living in such proximity are

a warning of the entangle-

ments that await Nato as it

strengthens its security

involvement in the Kosovo

Liberation Army (KLA) is

beyond doubt, the organisa-

tion is a more shadowy pres-

ence in Lojane, an Albanian

village in the mountains

While Mujdin Aliu's

nia's second biggest town.

ing to pay their respects.

Muidin was the first Mac-



UN Security Council resolution, that we must defeat the entire world...our people must say a decisive No," Mr Draskovic said. He later added that everything was negotiable except that Rosovo must remain part of

Regarding the peace initiatives, Mr Draskovic said he was speaking with the permission of Slobodan Milosevic, Yugoslav president. The implied criticism of the rest of his comments was, however, clear.

Mr Draskovic's comments raised hopes at Nato headquarters of splits in the Belments...show that there are senior members of the Yugoslav government that are beginning to recognise the reality of the situation Yugoslavia is in," said Jamie Shea, Nato spokesman. Joschka Fischer, the Ger-

Ethnic tensions stir

icant find of KLA weapons

in a disused quarry. That, at

least, was the claim. Vaxhit

Iliazi, president of the local

council, described the find

"Before the publication of

the news, the police units

were encircling the place for

located, Mr Iljazi added, only

nian army post and 500

metres from Serb units on

the border. There were other

oddities. The quarry walls

insignia, for example, conve-

niently leaving no doubt as

The find has raised fears

in Lojane that pro-Serb ele-

ments of the security forces

are seeking to stir up hatred

against them by staging the

find. That, however, has not

reassured citizens of the

neighbouring Serb village of

Recica. Citizens of Lojane

said Serbs in Recica were

arming themselves to fight

the Albanians, although a

shop owner in Recica denied

While Nato supports the

policy of calming these ten-

sions and securing Macedo-

nia's survival as a state.

some observers believe

were decorated with KLA kan conflict.

'There are fears that Nato indirectly

supports plans for a greater Albania'

Macedonian government's Albanian minority in the

200 metres from a Macedo-

in Macedonia

Aliu's death from battle five days. They were work-

wounds has turned the ing on preparing the find," obscure 25-year-old Macedo- he said. The cache was oddly

medical attention have rather differently.

man foreign minister and chairman of yesterday's meeting of European Union foreign ministers in Luxembourg, gave Mr Draskovic's comments a cautious welcome. He said the comments were a sign that parts of the Serbian leadership were beginning to realise the gravity of their situation and were beginning to think of what must follow the ethnic war waged in Kosovo.

A spokesman for Tony Blair, the UK prime minis ter, was more blunt. "There is clearly outright dissent right at the heart of Milosevic's regime. Milosevic is losing it," he said.

Carlos Westerndorp, the international high representative in Bosnia-Hercegovina, was more circumspect. He said Mr Draskovic's comments were a "symptom" of how internal criticism of the Milosevic regime was emerg

Before Mr Milosevic came

to power in the late 1980s. Mr Draskovic was considered Serbia's leading nationalist. In 1991, at the start of the Serb-Croat war he changed tack and called for reconciliation - for which he was branded a traitor by nationalists. He was jailed for mounting anti-government protests before softening his attitude and helping to form a democratic opposition coalition. But last year he joined the government at Mr Milosevic's invitation, to the disgust of many other

Ljubomir Frekoski, foreign

minister in the Macedonian

government that lost power

at last year's elections, said:

There are fears that Nato

indirectly supports plans for

a greater Albania, because

that's what an independent

Kosovo would produce." He

said it was resentment at

Nato's support for the Alba-

Serb feeling, which had pro-

duced popular Macedonian

Slav protesta against Nato.

The alliance had yet to come

to terms with the policy

implications of supporting

one side in a complex Bal-

For the Albanian side,

however, Arben Dzhaferi,

Party of Albanians, part of

the governing coalition, is

calling for even more enthu-

siastic government support

for Nato, risking exacerbat-

ing tensions between Nato

All sides in Macedonia pro-

and the Macedonian Slavs.

fess the belief that the coun-

try's tensions will not flare

into the kind of full-scale

war seen elsewhere in for-

mer Yugoslavia. They point

to the involvement of the

country's 25 to 30 per cent

government as a hopeful

sign. Nor is the minority suf-

fering the kind of oppression

which led to the Kosovo war.

The risk, however, remains

that Qerim Aliu will not be

the last father left grieving.

Britain discounts plan for invasion slav president, but with his ing refugee operation in entry into Kosovo.

George Robertson, the UK defence secretary, yesterday explicitly discounted any intention on Nato's part "to mount a wholesale, organised, opposed invasion of Kosovo". Mr Robertson's comments in London followed the Nato summit in Washington, at which Britain had tried to get its 18 fellow Nato allies to think ahead to circumstances in which Nato troops might enter Kosovo, without surrender or agreement from Slobodan Milosevic, Yugo-

Investor confidence

has been seriously

Stefan Wagstyl

Kerin Hope and

Arkady Ostrovsky

rom the spas of Slovenia

to Bulgaria's beaches,

the Kosovo conflict is

casting a shadow across the

Outside Yugoslavia, the

most serious economic dis-

ruption is occurring closest

to Kosovo, in Albania and

Macedonia, which together

have been flooded by nearly

badly, mainly from the clo-

sure of direct transport

routes through Serbia to the

Across the region, tourist

companies report cancellations. Bankers warn of a

likely decline in foreign investment, an increase in

borrowing costs, and difficul-

ties for governments with

privatisation programmes.
"A number of neighbour-

ing countries are already

being quite severely affected," says Nicholas

affected," says Nicholas Stern, chief economist at the

European Bank for Recon-

struction and Development.

Muravey Radev, the Bulgar-

ian finance minister, put it

more bluntly. "Investors"

confidence has gone and

there might be quite a time

Beyond the Balkans, the

war's impact is slight. Last

year's Russian crisis had

aiready blown away the eco-

Both in central Europe and

in the former Soviet Union,

economic ties with the Bal-

kans are limited. As Leszek

Balcerowicz the Polish

finance minister, says: "We

have few economic ties with

Within the Balkans, the

damage is difficult to quan-

tify but could be of the order

of I per cent of gross domes-

tic product for Bulgaria, Bos-

nia and Croatia, assuming

the conflict lasts to the end

of the year. For Albania and

Macedonia, the negative

effect of disruption is offset,

at least partially, by eco-

nomic activity generated by

the refugees. Albania's 3m

population has been swollen

by 15 per cent. The esti-

mated \$800m cost of caring

for the refugees until the

end of the year - to be met

mostly by foreign aid -

amounts to almost a quarter

of GDP. The figures for Mac-

edonia are smaller but still

However, this extra

demand could do as much

harm as good by distorting

the economy, for example,

by driving up prices for

some services such as road

transport. Meanwhile, nor-

mal business is being

depressed by uncertainty.

the former Yugoslavia."

lag before it is restored."

Bulgaria is also suffering

500,000 refugees.

rest of Europe.

economies of the Balkans.

eroded, write

army unable any longer to Albania would raise the total put up much resistance. Nato said yesterday it

would soon have 28,000 allied troops in Macedonia and Albania, but governments denied that this amounted to any preparation by stealth of a force to invade Kosovo against hos-Giving the latest tally of

allied deployments, Jamie Shea, Nato spokesman, said British and German reinforcements would soon bring the number of troops in Mac- etly mobilising the whereedonia to 16,000. The expand-

Shadow falls over region's economies

4.50

\$4,4TT

GDP per capita

GDP per capita

transfer holdings overseas.

Manufacturing in Macedo-

as it was closely tied to

Serbia, which accounted, for

example, for 65 per cent of

Agricultural exporters are

also suffering. Producers in

Macedonia and Bulgaria are

hard hit by the closure of

roads through Serbia, which

forces drivers to take a long

detour through Romania.

Gjorgi Icevski, a Macedonian

vegetable exporter, said:

"The cost of shipping a truck

load of early tomatoes has

doubled and quality's suffer-

ing because of the longer journey time." His produce

travels through Bulgaria and

Romania, where the waiting

time at the only bridge

across the Danube is seven

Macedonia sent 65 per cent

of exports to Serbia or via

Serbia to more distant Euro-

pean markets. For Bulgaria,

the figure was 50 per cent.

Air is an expensive alterna-

tive, possible only for high-

value goods. Alexander

Bozhkov. Bulgarian deputy

prime minister, says the

country is losing up to \$1.5m

a day in exports, or about 10

per cent of the total.

The Danube river route is

impassable, blocked by the

wreckage of bridges bombed

by Nato. The closure particu-

larly affects Romania, which

output in metal processing.

similar rush for the door.

HERCEBOVIN

of troops from European members of Nato to 7.300 while the US is increasing its contingent there to 5,300, ostensibly to protect its Apache helicopter force and its MLRS rocket systems.

Nato has long planned a peacekeeping force of around 28,000 troops to enter arrival of this number of troops has raised the question of whether Nato is quiwithal for an early, opposed

However, Tony Cordes-

mann of the Centre of Strategic and International Studies in Washington, said he saw no sign of "the dedicated forces required for offensive operations" with adequate air support, heavy artillery tics and combat engineers

was putting in so many troops to guard a mere 24

were needed to deter any Serb incursion, he said. A senior US administrawk refor

tion official said the US remained "less interested than some of our allies" in exploring the feasibility of putting forces in Kosove before a final peace deal.

The official also clarified that while the Nato military had been asked to update its Operation Force Entry, the military would keep its re-assessments to itself until or unless Nato ambassadors in

Sanctions against Belgrade

tightened

By Peter Nonman In Luxembourg

European Union foreign ministers yesterday decided to toughen sanctions against Yugoslavia and start preparations on a stability pact for south-east Europe to bring peace, order and democracy to the Halkans after the war As a first step to integrat

ing the region into what a "Euro-Atlantic structures", the EU will convene an international "Conference on South-Eastern Europe" in Bonn on May 27.

The ministers decided the petroleum products, formulated last week, should enter into force no later than Friday and agreed seven further measures to be adopted

The sanctions partly targeted the family and associ-Yugoslav president, and

the telecoms utility, advisers the two governments. say the Kosovo war could The only relief in external financing is that the International Monetary Fund and other multilateral agencies

> boost to Ibrahim Rugova, the moderate leader of the ethnic Albanians in Kosovo, inviting him to address their

per cent stake in BTC, the state telecoms operator, to KPN of the Netherlands and Greece's Ote, are back on track after a slowdown of

KOSOVO UPDATE

running short as Albanians has a substantial heavy several weeks. But an Ote

Macedonian bankers report a chemicals and other bulk running behind schedule,

loumis, chairman of Banca

Bucuresti, a Greek-con-

North of the war zone, the

war's biggest effect is on

tourism. Marko Skreb, Cro-

stian central bank governor.

estimates the drop in tourist

revenue could cost I per cent

of GDP. Western European

tour operators report cancel-

lations along the Adriatic

coast, and in the Slovenian

mountains. First Choice, the

UK travel company, says

Slovenian bookings have

virtually ground to a halt".

Bulgarian operators are

more optimistic. "People are

calling and asking lots of

questions. But Bulgaria is

clearly a much safer place

just now than the Adriatic

coast," says Boyan Maney,

managing director of Bulgar-

Foreign investment pro-

grammes are being hit. Bul-

garia, which is in the midst

of widely praised economic

reforms, is bracing itself for

a sharp drop. Mr Bozhkov

estimates direct investment

could be less than half the

\$1bn planned for 1999. Nego-

tiations on the sale of a 51

ia-based Sunshine Tours.

trolled Romanian bank.

industry producing metals, official said: "The deal is

goods. "Exports to western and the war doesn't make

Europe will be seriously for a comfortable negotiating

Bosnia is already seeing

delays to post-war recon-

struction projects as key

western officials postpone

visits. Like Bulgaria and

Croatia, Bosnia has an ambi-

tious privatisation pro-

gramme in which foreign

investors were expected to

In Croatia, where the gov-

ernment is hoping to secure

up to \$1bm for 25 per cent of

Hrvatske Telekomunikacije,

have pledged to look sympa-

thetically at crisis-induced

pleas for help. They also

seem to be treating "normal"

requests more favourably.

Last week, Romania secured

agreement in principle for a

much-delayed \$500m standy

Longer term, companies in

the Balkans can look for-

ward to internationally

financed reconstruction, run-

Europe's poorest corner

play a key role.

affect pricing.

credit.

long way off.

Further surge in refugees seen The spokesman for the Blace, and were accommo-The latest wave of arriv-

Albanian Kosovars yesterday arrived in Macedonia, marking the latest surge in refugees arriving in the overstretched republic.

According to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, this was an increase on the previous day's total of 2,230 and fol- to Macedonia. lowed an almost complete halt in refugee arrivals last

crowded in appalling conditions waiting to be admitted

A queue was building up

Boeing side cargo door. Interior fully refurbished 1989: room, bathroom(3), salon, dining area extended galley. TT: 27,910. TC: 21,655. MTOW: 169,000 lbs. Contact: Bob Krenitsky a SH&E. International Air Transport Cont

almost on Macedonia's bor- Nato's increased involve-

der with Serbia. On April 16, ment risks further difficul-

train was completely full." Another UNHCR official, Astrid Van Genderen Stort, told Reuters one man who arrived vesterday reported that Serb forces had killed Lipljan, north of Urosevac, where recent arrivals have

> three separate incidents. Some refugees also crossed at an official border crossing which has been established at Lojane, to the east of at the border.

However, the pressure of arrivals now appears to be mainly concentrated on Blace, with another border crossing at Jazince, further west, now almost deserted. that these people have told us they passed many train There is speculation the area platforms that were comacross the border from pletely full of people but Jazince may be almost empty of inhabitants and their train was unable to take any more because the may have been militarised by Yugoslav forces.

The new arrivals will add to pressure on already overcrowded refugee camps in Macedonia. Many of the arrivals at Blace were in a 100 people in the village of distressed state or requiring Slavina, a village near medical attention. The refugees were put on to crowded buses to be taken to nearby also reported 56 killed in refugee camps or were accommodated in the small, overcrowded transit centre,

FT correspondent expelled

Guy Dinmore, the Financial Times correspondent in Belgrade for more than two years, has been expelled from Yugoslavia, No explanation was given when he was asked to leave within 24 hours late on Saturday.

Refugees leave Macedonia :

Planeloads of Kosovo refugees left Macedonia for other European countries. Aid workers said three planeloads left in the morning carrying 149 refugees to the Netherlands, 155 to Sweden and 134 to France. Planned flights later in the

day included 147 refugees for Finland and around 250 to Turkey.

Simona Obitz, spokeswoman for the neva-based International Organisation for Migration, said as many as 1,300 refugees could be airlifted from the country by end of the day.

This would be the largest daily number to date, she said. Macedonia said on Sunday that just under 26,000 of 175,000 refugees who have entered the country had been sent on to third countries so far.

Danube bridge destroyed

Nato destroyed the last remaining bridge across the Danube River in the northern city of Novi Sad.

The bridge had been damaged in three previous attacks. Nato has said it was destroying bridges in Serbla's second largest city to prevent troop deployments south to

Jesse Jackson to Belgrade

The Rev Jesse Jackson, the civil rights activist and former presidential candidate, is going to Belgrade to try to win the release of three US soldiers.

Mr Jackson said he also intended to meet Slobodan Milosevic, Yugoslav president. The three captives were visited by Cornello Sommaruga, head of the International Red Cross, yesterday.

head, that prospect seems a meeting next month. FINANCIAL TEMES
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partly closed loopholes in measures agreed last year to halt export credits and investment flows to Yugo-The ministers took up a Dutch call for a sporting ban. However, because of the Union's limited competence in this area, it was couched in terms of "encouragement to member states and sport-

organise international sporting events with the participation of Yugoslavia rather than an outright prohibition. Mr Milosevic, his associates and senior officials of the Yugoslav and Serbian governments are also subjected to a travel ban. An existing freeze on Serbian and Yugoslav funds abroad was extended to cover individuals linked to Mr Milos evic and companies linked to

In a further loopholeclosing measure, the ministers agreed a "comprehensive" flight ban between the EU and Yugoslavia. At the same time, the EU

took pains to support the democratically elected government of Montenegro, which is a member of the Yugoslav federation, as well as Albania and Macedonia, the neighbouring states hardest hit by the Rosovo refugee crisis. The ministers supported upgrading the EU's relations with Albania and Macedonia in the direction of association agree-

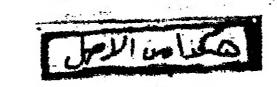
ning into billions of dollars. ments. The ministers also gave a could the secure the capital it desperately needs. But. with the bombers still over-

By Robert Wright in Blace, Macedonia UNHCR, Paula Ghedini, dated with local families. als, together with refugee reports that more were said: "Three thousand came An estimated 3,000 ethnic today. They came on one waiting to come, appeared to train and 15 buses. We don't signal a new Serb effort to drive ethnic Albanians out know how many more can be expected. We only know

of Kosovo after a recent hull. Most of the new arrivals came to Blace, the site where earlier this month up to 65,000 refugees ended up

last night as refugees waited to cross the border.

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8.8

By John Thornhill in Moscow

Reconstruction and Developing to restructure the crisistorn banking sector. The EBRD, the biggest for-

attacked the way in which Tokobank, one of Russia's largest commercial banks, was being liquidated, branding the process a "disgrace". David Hexter, an EBRD director, said: "We are

deeply distressed by the way the liquidation of Tokobank is taking place. It does not respect creditor rights. It does not respect shareholder rights. It is a model of how not to conduct a liquidation. "The deeds which are

being done at this point in time are deeply damaging to the restoration of confidence in the Russian banking system," he told a press conference in Moscow. The EBRD bought a \$35m

equity stake in Tokobank in 1994 in an attempt to help the development of Russia's fledgling financial institu-

But the EBRD said its bank was put into bank- streets. ruptcy last September fol-lowing Russia's devastating

financial crash. Mr Hexter alleged a predator bank had orchestrated a campaign to strip assets out of Tokobank while it was being run by a temporary

administrator. Mr Hexter refused to name the predator but claimed it tions to ensure continuity of

Prodi to

break

ranks

bank reform

based bank with a large shareholding in Tokobank". The EBRD's efforts to The European Bank for defend its rights in the Reconstruction and Development yesterday rebuked the trated. "It is not a question Russian government for fail- of law. It is a question of the application of the law," Mr

Hexter said. Yevgeny Primakov, prime eign investor in Russia, also minister, recently vowed to crack down on Russia's "banking bums", promising to remove licences from troubled banks and open up the sector to strong foreign operators.

But the EBRD claimed the Russian government was still in a state of denial about the scale of the problem, pointing to a World Bank study that estimated the country's top 30 banks had between \$10bn and \$15bn of negative equity.

The delays in implementing a comprehensive restructuring plan for Russia's 1,500 banks have enabled many of them to transfer their remaining assets to other financial structures while leaving their liabilities to their credi-

tors. In some cases the unpe staff of failed Russian banks have ripped out furniture shareholder rights had been and computers from their trampled upon after Toko- offices and sold them on the

Russian bankers argue the government was largely to blame for the collapse of the banking system after it defaulted on its domestic Treasury bills (GKOs) in August,

They claim it is essential to transfer assets and accounts to parallel institu-

Russian financier to fight charges over aide

cally motivated attack. Yevgeny Primakov, the Russian prime minister, launched an

autumn and pledged to reduce the political influence

"I understand there is a

purely political motive," said

Mr Berezovsky. "I think

there is the spirit of Prima-kov here.

Mr Berezovsky's lawyer, Genri Reznik, confirmed the businessman had been

charged with Illegal business activities, money laundering

and continuing business

activities when he held a state post. Mr Berezovsky denied the charges and would appeal against them

Mr Berezovsky, who built a business empire after the collapse of the Soviet Union.

claims he stopped his busi-

ness activities when he held

state posts as deputy secre-tary of Russia's advisory

Security Council and as

executive secretary of the 12-

nation Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS). Mr Berezovsky is one of a group of Russian "oliganche"

who financed Boris Yeltsin's

1996 poil campaign and but

later lost favour. Mr Yeltsin asked for Mr

Berezovsky to be removed

from his CIS post in March, and this month he was for-mally dismissed. His influ-ence has waned since Russia

slid into a deep economic cri-

sis last August.

Boris Fyodorov, the con-

troversial vice-president of Russia's National Sports Fund, has died of a heart attack three years after escaping assassination, Interfax news agency

Mr Fyodorov, 40, was found dead at his Moscow apartment yesterday. He was removed three vears ago as fund president after being accused of possessing cocaine, although the charges were dropped. A month later he was stabbed 12 times by two attackers and was later reinstated as a vice-president of the fund.

Boris Berezovsky, the Russian businessman and By James Blitz in Rome politician, was charged yes-terday with illegal business Romano Prodi, president-designate of the European Commission, is hoping to activities, money laundering strike a powerful note of and continuing business change in the Brussels work when he held a state post, Reuters reports from Moscow.

Mr Berezovsky pledged to clear his name and said he was the victim of a politibureaucracy by appointing a chief of staff who is not from

his country of origin. As Mr Prodi prepares to appear before the European parliament next week for formal hearings, it has emerged that he is aiming to employ a non-italian as his anti-corruption drive last personal chef de cabinet.

Mr Prodi's aides say that by doing so he hopes to of busines counter the Commission's "I unde image as a forum in which leading figures sometimes.

An aide to Mr Prodi said yesterday that a final decision on the appointment had not been taken. But he said there was a "concrete possi-bility" that the president's chef de cabinet would not

come from Italy. "We want to send a strong message to the other com-missioners that they need to break with the tradition of today, he said. recruiting staff from under the national flag," said the aide. "If we take this step we will be setting a very power-

ful example."

The chefs de cabinet of European commissioners are powerful figures, preparing the groundwork for Commis-

sion meetings.
Although there have been exceptions, it has been a long-standing practice in Brussels that commissioners

recruit co-nationals. Attempts to get commissioners to appoint people from a different nationality have been unsuccessful. The Commission recently tried but failed to set up a system for appointments that would limit the number of commissioners with a chef de cabinet of the same nationality.



Rifts over the euro's fortunes

Economic indicators for euro-11 countries

Trade bulance

As % of GDP

EDP growth (%)

Correct account (Ecu bo)

Current account balance

(3 suo over busiques 3 suo)

Over same quarter last year

Microy supply - M3 Angual growth rate (%)

actually fallen as much as

ECB watch

The euro's 10 per cent fall against the dollar since January is dividing Europe's central bankers and politiclans into those who think the slide has gone far enough and those who say it is not a problem. Economists, too, have had

difficulty making up their minds. Is the euro's fall exactly what the doctor would have ordered for a euro-zone struggling to maintain economic growth and exports, or should a new currency be robust enough to establish its credibility early on? Paradoxically, the answer to both questions can be Yes.

cians were too quick off the the synthetic curo one year mark in early January when ago. Moreover, its decline in they celebrated the euro's short-lived rise to \$1,1877 as proof of the new currency's virility. They would have done bet-ter to remember that the dol-strong against the curren-

lar was always likely to

recover, given the US econo-

In retrospect, the politi-

sented in the trade-weighted my's strength and the downturn in Germany, the largest index. markets that they should euro-zone economy. Hence the European Cennot write off the euro as a tral Bank's president, Wim

1.9 -02 -0.1 1997 1998 HSBC Economics in London Duisenberg, had good reason note that the euro has not on April 19 to say the euro's level did not worry him.

Nov 98

Oct 98

18.5

61.8

67

1998 1997

1.1 1.5† 10.9 †1.6

790.8 762.A

83.2 88.4

03.97

707.7

Dec 1998

one might imagine. Its present exchange rate took his remarks as a green is roughly equal to that of light to sell the euro, which the synthetic euro one year proceeded to touch a record ago. Moreover, its decline in low on four out of five successive trading days, coming trade-weighted terms has been less dramatic than its close to \$1.0550. headline fall against the dol-

In what looked like an board promptly warned the

However, financial markets

John Llewellyn, global chief economist at Lehman Brothers, says that uncertainty over euro-zone economic policy since March has knocked about 2 cents off the euro and the Kosovo war has taken off another 2 cents or so.

However, if European governments pursue more credilar and sterling. This is effort to dispel gathering ble economic policies and because the euro remains scepticism about the euro, the Kosovo war ends within strong against the currencies of central and eastern Mr Duisenberg's colleagues finish the year at \$1.12, he Europe, prominently repre- on the ECB's executive says. The ECB hardly needs reminding that these are big

See Editorial Comment

SIGNS OF ECONOMIC RECOVERY

Hopes rise for German exports

The German economy is this year after a 0.4 per cent showing signs of recovery despite a government deci-sion to reduce its forecast for growth this year to about 1.5 economists said yesterday.

They attributed the brighter outlook partly to the euro's weakness against the dollar and to Asia's gradual stabilisation, both of ters. which are improving the prospects for German

In addition, German companies are showing more confidence in the future since the new finance minister, Hans Eichel, has halted what they viewed as the anti-business, tax-and-spend policies of his predecessor,

resigned last month. watched Ifo business climate index rose last month for the first time in 10 months, even though the increase to 90.2 from 89.7 was smaller than expected.

Oskar Lafontaine, who

Stefan Bergheim, econo-

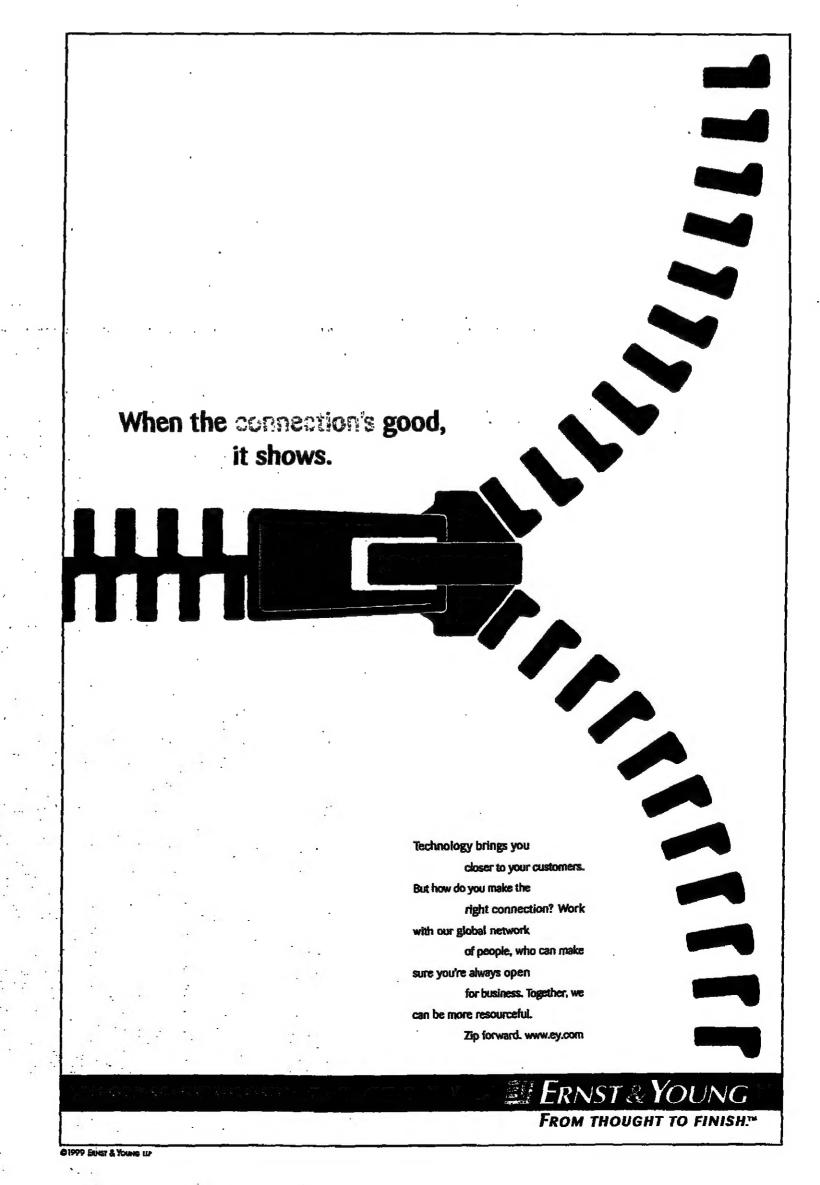
in the first three months of contraction in the last quar-

ter of 1998. This would provide the centre-left government with per cent from 2 per cent, some ammunition against its critics, since it would mean that Germany has avoided a technical recession, defined as a contraction in growth

> Another factor supporting the economy's turnaround is the rise in real wages, which is keeping consumer demand buoyant.

However, annual German consumer price inflation has reached its highest level since last July, rising this month to 0.7 per cent from 0.3 per cent in March. The increase was mainly the result of new energy taxes Germany's closely and a rise in international

crude oil prices. Economists predicted that inflation could touch 1 per cent by the autumn, but noted that this was below the level of 2 per cent which the European Central mist at Merrill Lynch in Bank has defined as the Frankfurt, says German maximum acceptable for gross domestic product may price stability.



Airbus to build new 100-seat aircraft

By Michael Skapinker, Aerospace Correspon

Airbus Industrie yesterday stepped up its battle against Boeing of the US by announcing it was going ahead with production of a new 100-seat jet, the A318.

The European consortium said it had taken 109 firm orders for the aircraft, sufficient for production to go

Airbus yesterday unveiled Egyptair. It is also believed to be close to agreement to sell A318s to Lufthansa of Germany and Air China. Airbus has already announced orders for the

By Victor Mailet in Johannesburg

Mozambique's failure to

with foreign investors for

Maputo's dilapidated port

and three southern railway

lines is threatening the

future of the much publi-

cised trade route between

South Africa and the

Mozambican capital, accord-

ing to business executives

The Maputo Corridor once

accounted for 40 per cent of

trade to and from the indus-

trial region around Johan-

nesburg - Maputo is the

nearest port - and both gov-

ernments have made strenu-

ous efforts to revive the

route since the end of the

Mozambican civil war and

the abolition of apartheid.

and foreign donors.

A318 from Trans World Air placed firm orders for 15 is based on the Airbus A320 Lease Finance Corporation, both of the US.

The aircraft, which competes with Boeing's 717, is designed for short-haul, lines of the US about the airdomestic and regional Airbus announced plans

for the 100-seater at the vear. But Noël Forgeard, Airbus managing director, said then that the aircraft would orders from Air France and only go ahead if there were sufficient customers.

Airbus said yesterday's orders meant the aircraft. which will sell for \$36m each, could now be built. Air France sald it had

lines and from International A318s, with options on a further 10. Egyptair is to order jets. three A318s.

Airbus is also believed to be talking to Northwest Aircraft, although no decision has been reached.

Airbus decided to launch the A318 after the collapse of plans to build a new 100-seat jet in collaboration with Aviation Industries of China (Avic) and Singapore. The project was abandoned after the three parties decided it would be too expensive to build an entirely new air-

craft. The A318, which will cost less than \$500m to develop, many, British Aerospace and

family of narrow-bodied

The new aircraft will have the same electronic "fly-bywire" controls as the remainder of the A320 family. All the aircraft in the family the A318, A319, A320 and A32I - can be flown by the same pilots and maintained

by the same engineers. The A318, which will be assembled in Hamburg, will enter service in 2002. Airbus forecasts a demand for 1,300 100-seat aircraft over the next 20 years.

Airbus - owned by Aerospatiale of France, Daimler-Chrysler Aerospace of Ger-

Casa of Spain - has relied heavily on the common systems of its four narrowhodied aircraft in its campaign to win airlines away from Boeing.

The Boeing 717 is substantially different from the rest of the US manufacturer's product range. The aircraft was originally designed by McDonnell Douglas of the US as the MID-95.

Boeing decided to continue manufacturing the aircraft under the 717 name after it acquired McDonnell Douglas

Boeing has announced orders for the 717 from Air-Tran, the US low-cost car

MÖZAMBIQUE

talks

been held.

tariffs for many goods.

Adding to a sense that

upbeat on WTO

By James Kynge in Belling

China yesterday reversed its recent negative comments on negotiations with the US to enter the World Trade Organisation, saying that constructive discussions beneficial to both sides had

The new tone, in a report by the official Xinhua news agency, contrasted with another Xinhua report last week which complained that Washington was being "too demanding", after two days of talks in Beijing ended with no obvious result.

US negotiators were still in China yesterday attempting to narrow the few remaining differences that stand between Beijing and Washington and a bilateral deal under which China has offered significant market access concessions to foreign investors and lower import

European Union negotiators yesterday also began a week of talks before a scheduled visit to Beiling in May by Sir Leon Brittan, the EU acting trade commissioner. The EU side is understood to be anxious to ensure that greements reached with the US do not favour US companies over their EU competi-

after 13 years of tortuous negotiations a final accord may be within reach, Renato Ruggiero, director general of the WTO, noted in a newspaper interview that "many encouraging signs" characterised China's negotiations and said he believed that China could win admission

by November. The atmosphere appeared largely ripe for a deal with China on WTO entry earlier this month when Zhu Rongii, the Chinese premier, visited Washington, But President Clinton is believed to have baulked at the 11th hour because of concerns going to give those rights that the agreement might not win support in the US **NEWS DIGEST**

and work

SPACE LAUNCH

Ariane 5 to make first commercial flight

Arianespace, the European commercial satellite launching consortium, has scheduled the first commercial flight of its new-generation Ariane 5 rocket for early July. The consortium said the expected payload would consist of Telkorn-1, an Indonesian communications satellite, and WorldSpace's AsiaStar direct radio broadcast satellite.

The launch would come eight months after the rocket's successful third qualification flight and more than three years after the first Ariane 5 exploded in June 1996. As telecommunications satellites become bigger, Ariane 5's additional carrying capacity enables Arianespace to to offer the dual launches on which its competitiveness depends. David Owen, Paris

HORMONES DISPUTE

EU vote on US beef ban

European Union veterinary experts are expected to vote today to ban imports of hormone-free beef from the US after some shipments were found to contain hormones, EU officials said yesterday. The ban, if adopted, would take effect from June 15 unless the US authorities could prove they had solved the problem by then, officials said. The EU's executive Commission called for a ban last week after scientific tests showed that 12 per cent of supposediy hormone-free US beef contained residues of hormones. Reuters, Brussels

JOINT VENTURE

Fiat to assemble cars in Egypt

Fiat yesterday formed a joint venture to assemble its Siena car in Egypt. It will invest \$15m in a plant producing up to 15,000 cars a year. The venture will also import, sell and service Flat cars in Egypt. It will be 51 per cent controlled. by Flat Auto, the Italian group's car division, with the Seoudi group owning 44.1 per cent and Nile Engineering, the Egyptian importer of Flat cars, the remaining 4.9 per cent. Production is expected to start at the end of this year. Paul Betts, Milan

CONTROVERSIAL DAM

Investors guit Indian project

Two German utilities have withdrawn from India's controversial Maheshwar Dam, leaving the future of India's first privately financed hydroelectric project in question. The proposed dam, like many in the Narmada valley in western India, has generated fierce opposition. Sixty-one villages

and 20,000 people would be displaced.

Vereinigte Elektrizitatswerke Westfalen confirmed yesterday that it was no longer involved with the project, while Bayernwerk of Bavaria said its contracts with Shree Maheshwar Hydropower, which is to build and operate the project, had run out and would only be renewed if authorities were to provide good land for resettlement. The two utilities were to acquire 49 per cent of equity in the dam. Nancy Dunne, Washington

Maputo trade with SA on the line

have dragged on for more ken down. "This is the big six months ahead of schedthan a year with no result. "Nothing is happening." says one frustrated businessman whose company wants

to send more of its exports through Maputo as soon as the harbour and the rail links are rehabilitated. When will the new operators take charge of the infrastructure?" Four big transport con-

tracts are at stake. Merseyside Docks and Harbour of the UK is negotiating an \$85m deal to manage the port, while the Portugueseled Consortia 2000 is in talks on the rail links to Zimbabwe and Swaziland.

Discussions between CFM But negotiations between and Spoornet, the South CFM, the state-owned Mozambican group responsi-African rail operator, over ble for ports and railways, the line to South Africa the most important of the and foreign companies named as preferred bidders three railways - have bro- stream in July next year -

problem we have," says Miguel Matabel of CFM in Maputo. "For CFM, the offer was not good enough."

SOUTH AFRICA

Merseyside Docks, meanwhile, is reluctant to sign a deal on the port until the future of the rail link to South Africa is agreed, preferably with Spoornet. This is because Spoornet.

as controller of the South African network, has the power to route traffic to Maputo or to rival ports within South Africa. Foreign donors are con-cerned that the delays will

tarnish Mozambique's good reputation among foreign investors and hamper the development of the corridor. Mozal, the \$1.3bn aluminium smelter being built near Maputo, says it will come on

bureaucratic delays at the Work on the toll road between South Africa and border with South Africa Mozambique is also proceedand build a "one-stop" boring smoothly. But the volder post have yet to be fulume of South African trade filled. "The situation has worsened," says one busipassing through Maputo port nessman. "Those promises is not increasing as fast as expected, in spite of congeshave not been met." But the biggest obstacle to increased trade is that CFM. tion at Durban and Richard's Bay in South Africa. under its nationalistic and

Millions of tonnes of coal, as well as hundreds of thousands of tonnes of granite and timber, could be routed through Maputo if the port and railways were repaired and efficiently managed.

Mondi, the South African paper group, has commis-sioned a feasibility study for a \$25m woodchipping plant to process timber from South Africa and Swaziland for export to Asia. Another problem for users of the for them."

"I think eventually they will get an agreement, but if may take time." says James Coates, the World Bank's resident representative in Maputo. "Mozambique is not away. It is going to bargain

combative chief Rui Fon-

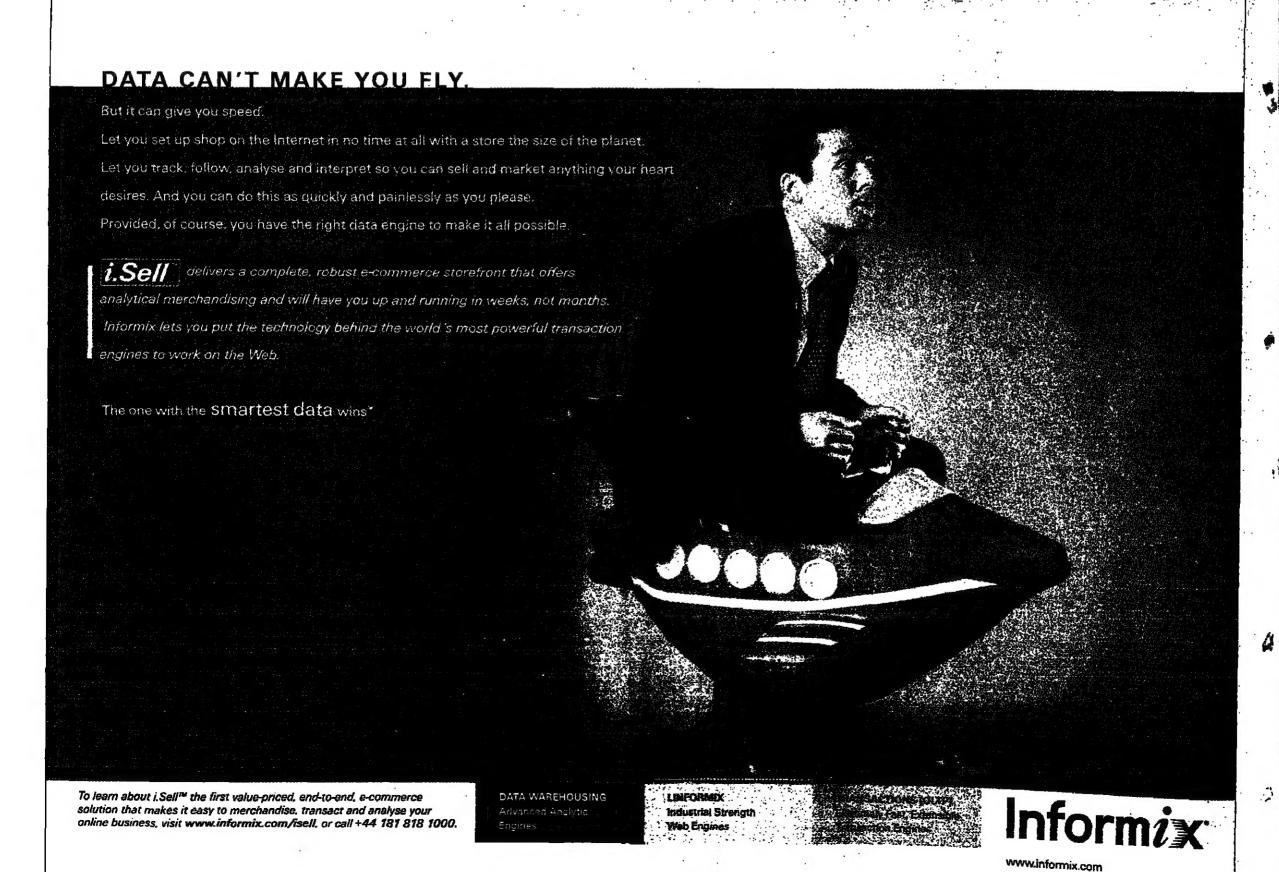
seca, rates its ancient rolling

stock and other assets much

more highly than anyone

Maputo Corridor is that gov-

ernment promises to reduce



By Robert Chote, Economics Editor, in Washington

commercial flight"

involving the private sector in financial crisis resolution and stepping up debt relief for the world's poorest nations were high on the agenda at yesterday's meeting of finance ministers and central bank governors from the Group of Seven leading

Against the background of a tentatively optimistic out-

in the wake of the recent tion" reflecting higher advance and the US a "case financial crises in emerging growth and interest rates in by case" approach. financial crises in emerging markets, the G7 used the meeting to ponder longer term changes to the architecture of the international financial system.

No signals on exchange rates were expected. Kiichi Miyazawa. Japanese finance minister, said that dollar, yen was at an "acceptable" level, while Hans Eichel, the German finance minister. described the recent fall in

the US. The US Treasury meanwhile kept up the pressure on Europe and Japan to

greater role resolving financial crises and not expect to be bailed out of failed investments with taxpayers' money. But there was no consensus on the basic

From the private sector,

Mr Rubin argued last week

position relative to banks when borrowers get into

The G7 also discussed proposals to make the debt relief available to the world's leaders' summit in June, but that the existing \$12.5bn scheme needs expan

were further calls to sell and reinvest some of the IMF's

PALESTINIAN STATE

EGYPTIAN TERRORISM

Arafat prepares for decision

Yassir Arafat, president of the Palestinian Authority, will today convene the Palestinian Central Council in Gaza to decide whether to declare a Palestinian state on May 4. That date marks the end of the five-year interim period which granted Palestinian self-rule to limited areas of the West Bank and Gaza.

NEWS DIGEST

1,000 Islamic militants

Egyptian authorities have released 1,000 Islamic militants

In the past three days, after a ceasefire by the largest mili-tant group. Several jailed leaders of the Gama'a al-Isla-

milya are thought to be among those released. The jailed leaders, in concert with exiled leaders, called for a cease-

fire on March 25, in an effort to end the seven-year battle

with Egyptian security forces which has cost 1,300 lives.

Muntassir al-Zavat, the lawver for the Gama'a al-Isla-

between the jailed and exiled leaders with the aim of securing a ceasefire. Mark Huband, Cairo

miyya, played a key role in establishing a dialogue

freed after ceasefire

Although it is expected a formal declaration will be postponed, it coincides with several attempts by Benjamin Netanyahu, Israeli prime ministar who is seeking re-election on May 17, to provoke the Palestinians by recent measures his government has taken in Jerusalem and the

Mr Netanyahu last week ordered the closure of three Palestinian offices in east Jerusalem which are attached to Orient House, headquarters of Faisal Husseini who is responsible for Jerusalem affairs for the Palestine Liberation Organisation. Although Mr Husseini protested, he and the Authority have repeatedly said the closure decisions was an election ploy by Mr Netanyahu to drum up support for his election campaign - and so will not be drawn into a fierce response. Mr Arafat has insisted Palestinians remain quiet and not be provoked, fearing it could be used by Mr Netanyahu. Judy Dempsey, Jerusalem

ISRAELI ELECTION

Russian boost for Barak

Enud Barak, who is contesting the premiership as head of the left-of-centre One Israel movement, yesterday received a boost after a group of prominent immigrant Russian intellectuals said they were switching support from Benjamin Netanyahu, the incumbent, to Mr Barak.

The decision was led by Anna Issakova, a writer who in the early 1990s helped establish the Vremye and Vesty Russian language newspapers and advised Mr Netanyahu on immigration during his successful election bid in 1996. One Israel organiser said the shift, supported also by actors from the internationally-acclaimed Gesher theatre group, represented the slow erosion of support for Mr

 The Bank of Israel said yesterday it was lowering its key lending rate by 0.5 percentage points to 12 per cent for next month, the third time it has reduced rates in as many months. It said it was responding to the inflation environment. The finance ministry expects an inflation rate

Third world woes dominate first world summit

industrial courtries.

look for the world economy

the euro as a "normalisa-

stimulate growth.

approach, with the UK argu-ing for explicit rules in expect to be in a privileged

there was particular nervousness about the G7's atti-The G7 agreed that the pri- market bonds. Investors vate sector should play a have been alarmed by the International Monetary tan reschedule its international bonds before receiving fresh loans.

trouble. This view was echoed yesterday by Stanley Pischer, deputy managing director of the IMF, who said that high yields on some emerging market bonds could only be interpreted as believing there was a chance

of rescheduling".

poorest nations deeper. broader and faster. Details

WORLD DEVELOPMENT

\$30bn gold reserves to help debt relief. The IMF has conceded the case for selling 5 per cent of its gold, but the UK argued at the meeting that 10 per cent "at a mini mum" should be sold.

ENTERNATIONAL BONDS 'BAILING IN' CALL

Rescheduling for emerging markets looms

By Edward Luce, Capital Markets Editor

The chances that a number of leading emerging market borrowers will be compelled to reschedule their international bond debts have risen sharply in the last few days with both the US government and the International Monetary Fund repeating

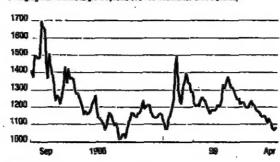
calls for such a move. Both Stanley Fischer, managing director of the IMF, and Robert Rubin, US Treasury Secretary, said that private sector holders of international bonds should be "bailed in" to general restructuring of official Paris Club obligations. This is thought most likely to affect bonds issued by Ecuador, Pakistan, Ukraine, Romania and possibly Russia.

However, in the longer insisting that the covenants on international bonds be altered to make it easier for all emerging market governments to reschedule their debts in tandem with similar moves on their official obligations. At present, international bonds are seen as an almost sacrosanct asset class exempt from the conditions

and public sector loans. "It is very difficult to sustain a position where there is a halo over a particular class of assets." Mr Fischer said in Washington yesterday.

Bond market representatives are strenuously opposing the suggestion which was first put forward in Paris Club talks with Pakistan earlier this year. Bond officials say the measure would increase the "risk premium" - or cost - of emerging market debt and thus price many countries out of the market.

However, the Paris Club is sticking firmly to its position which looks likely to be applied on Pakistan and possibly Romania in the near future. "Investor reaction [to the proposal] is negative," said Arnab Das, an emerging market strategist at J.P. term, the Paris Club is Morgan, "It creates greater uncertainty and comes as an



alternative sources of capital before the terms of repaywithin their domestic mar-

"Just two years ago every oblast (region) in Russia appeared to be issuing bonds at yields which just did not reflect their poor credit status," said one banker. "If these measures made it more difficult for Russian oblasts to come to the market it can't be a bad thing."

Helene Williamson, director of fixed income at Foreign & Colonial, an emerging market fund manager, said that stronger countries would be unlikely to be affected by the changes. "Mexico and Poland, for example, are seen as strong

credits and are unlikely to

ment can be altered.

urces to meet its europayments," said a G7 official. "This doesn't help anyone

except the bond investor." However, officials say they will treat each emerging market on a "case-by-case"

This is seen as extreme and self-defeating. In addition there is general recognition that exempting eurobonds from general debt rescheduling creates "moral hazard" by removing any sense of risk from one type of debt. "What you have at the moment is a situation where the IMF or the Paris Club reschedules a country's debt and the country promptly uses the new bond [international bond]

Effort to reduce poverty falters

By Robert Chate

Emerging market financial crises, uncertain prospects for the former Soviet economies and the spread of HTV/ Aids in Africa mean that progress towards international targets for human development is in danger of stalling after a generation of improvement, the World Bank warned yesterday.

Publishing its annual compendium of World Development Indicators, the Bank predicted that financial criof many people who had pre-viously migrated from poverty to the ranks of the middle class in the worst affected crisis countries".

A year ago it looked as though international development goals of halving poverty, cutting infant and child mortality by two thirds, and enrolling children in primary education could be met, said James Wolfensohn. the Bank's president. "Now those goals are at risk, and we must draw on the lessons us reshape our strategies for

cures were a strong legal system, a fair justice system and transparent public institutions.

In eastern Europe and the countries of the former Soviet Union, millions had seen their living standards deteriorate in the transition from planned to market economies. Around 147m people (approximately one in three) live on less than \$4 a day, a tenfold increase since

The spread of HIV/Aids in ses "could reverse the gains sub-Sabaran Africa has wiped out hard-won increases in life expectancy with 29 per cent of Zimbah we's population aged between 15 and 49 infected. Another 10 African countries have infection rates above 10

All developing regions have seen setbacks in poverty reduction. The Bank's forecasts for 1998-2001 suggest that only south Asia and China will post economic growth strong enough to meet the international target of halving poverty by

be penalised by the maradditional burden on what is kets," said Ms Williamson. basis. For example, countries "There would be much such as Russia, which has already a stressed market." greater differential in pric-But others say the move very steep official debts but of recent experience to help would have a minimal effect quite small international ing between weak and strong emerging markets." on the stronger emerging bond obligations, might be the future." But the Bank said there permitted to maintain their Mr Wolfensohn said the markets and could have a Most in the international were reasons for encouragemarkets see some change as financial crises showed that ment too. It noted that India salutary effect on the weaker bond payments. Others, howcountries by pricing them inevitable. For example, institutions had not been ever, could be forced to and China had largely manout of a dangerous and volamany existing emerging adopt "comparability" of robust enough to cope with aged to avoid the financial the forces of globalisation. crisis and that protectionist tile market. This could force market bonds have covetreatment on all of their of 4 per cent this year. Judy Demosey which are applied to private excluded countries to seek nants requiring unanimity debts. There had also been a crisis pressures had been limited.



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Japanese laws raise defence commitment China plans

Japan's powerful lower house of the Diet will today pass legislation that significantly increases Japan's role in its own self-defence and in regional security and enhances Japanese military co-operation with US forces.

The defence guideline bills will enable Japan's Self-Defence Force (SDF) to provide support to US forces "in situ-

against Japan".

Passage of the bills, which has been delayed for more than a year and comes just in time for the visit by Keizo Obuchi, the prime minister, to the US later this week, paves the way for a positive note to the summit between Mr Obuchi and President Bill Clinton due on May 3.

The Japanese government ations in areas surrounding has been under pressure

forces with critical support to deal with possible contingencies in the region.

These include rear-area support by the SDF and search-and-rescue operations, as well as measures to evacuate Japanese nationals abroad in case of emer-

However, the politically sensitive bills had been shelved while the Japanese government focused its

the ruling Liberal Democratic party (LDP) to concentrate on financial reconstruc- New Komei party, in order tion and economic stimulus

Japan's Asian neighbours have also expressed some fears of a resurgence of Japanese militarism. Beijing has been notably critical of the bills, which it claims aim to contain China.

The LDP, which lacks a

the Liberal party, and to bow to demands of the opposition to win support to pass the defence hills.

After intense negotiations over the weekend and yesterday, the LDP, which has already had to compromise on a number of points, agreed to scrap the last remaining controversial issue over allowing the SDF majority in the upper house to inspect ships to enforce

untouched, may bring about lation passed to ensure that attention on Japan's eco-a direct armed attack Japan could provide US nomic crisis, which forced hands with a long-time rival, will be covered later in sepa-

In a sign of continuing resistance to the bills, hundreds of demonstrators rallied outside the Diet yesterday in protest.

Japanese leaders have been concerned that failure to pass the legislation would fuel public anger in the US against what is perceived to be Japan's "free-ride" on the

her removed from the politi-

cal scene. The judge has

Ms Bhutto is the daughter

of Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, Who

as prime minister in 1977

was overthrown in a mili-

denied the charge.

bond issue to lift growth

James Harding in Beijing

fiscal stimulus programme this year by issuing Rmb25bn (\$3bn) in special bonds to finance infrastructure projects and boost a slowing economy, officials said yesterday.

Lou Jiwei, vice minister of finance, said that the bond issue would be bought mainly by the "big four" domestic state banks and the Rmb100bn raised by a similar infrastructure bond issue last August. More than half of the Rmb100bn tranche has been spent on improving basic services such as electricity transmission, "telephone networks, grain storage, roads, water conservation and other projects.

The government claims the increase in infrastructure spending as a result of last year's bond issue contributed 1.5 percentage points of China's 7.8 per cent gross domestic product growth last year. Independent analysts believe the real growth rate, and the contribution from the infrastructure bond issue, may be significantly lower than the

government remains committed to an active fiscal policy to offset economic prospects which have been described by Zhu Rongji, the premier, as "grim".

Dai Xianglong, governor of the People's Bank of China. the central bank, yesterday signalled the difficulty of trying to invigorate domestic demand, as Chinese individuals prove reluctant to spend and continue to add to savings deposits.

"The interest rate policy alone cannot stimulate domestic demand." he said. But the smaller size of the special issue, which Mr Lou said would not be repeated,

may have been an indication of the growing official concerns over the wasteful allocation of funds under the infrastructure programme. Li Rongrong, vice minister of the state development planning commission, said that two cases of embezzle-

ing had been uncovered recently, one in the southeastern province of Jiangxi and the other in Yunnan province in the south-west. Mr Li said that as punishment, all infrastructure allocations to Jiangxi - apart The planned Rmb25bn control - had been stopped.

Political void hits Indian share prices

India's stock market plunged yesterday as investors at events in Delhi. "It does digested the prospect of a not help," said K.V. Kamath, long period of uncertainty and paralysis of policy making at the centre. The benchmark BSE-30 index fell 4.74 per cent, to close down 161.32 points at 3345.27.

What is really spooking the market is that there is a high chance that new elections will not be held until October or November because of the monsoon rains," said Nitin Anandicar. head of research at Jardine Fleming. "You are looking at five months of non-governance. That is not what the Indian economy needs at this stage.

Shares fell across the board, with bank stocks and industrials worst hit. However, India's sunrise sectors were not spared; even the export-orientated technology industry lost ground. Core software stocks such as Infosys. Satvam and NIIT are now down as much as 30 per cent from last month's

domestic speculators. Foreign money continues to flow into India, albeit at a modest rate, buoyed by the

Bankers and industrialists expressed resigned dismay managing director of ICICI. the financial institution, "Since I took over as CEO in 1996 we have had four governments: this will be num-

ber five." He said that the caretaker administration would not be able to make important decisions, and this would delay

infrastructure projects. Anil Ambani, managing director of Reliance Industries, the petrochemicals company, said: "Politics has to resolve itself. I don't think anybody is looking for instability." But he added: "There is a growing disconnect between economics and poli-

tics in India." Most industrialists are taking comfort in the recent firming of commodity prices and strong rural spending, following a good winter crop.

"Rural demand growth is coming through," said Anand Mahindra, managing director of Mahindra and Mahindra, the tractor and jeep producer. He said the Indian farmer was not very sensitive to political events. "Political uncertainty does affect confidence, but primarily in the urban areas."

NEWS DIGEST

MALAYSIAN ANGER AT PHILIPPINES

Visit by Anwar's wife prompts protest

Malaysia protested yesterday against a private visit to the Philippines by the wife of Anwar Ibrahim, the sacked and jailed deputy prime minister, and warned Manila against interfering in its domestic affairs.

Mr Anwar's wife, Wan Azizah Wan Ismali, has formed an opposition party to challenge Mahathir Mohamad, the prime minister, in the general election that must be called within the next year.

"I think this is a very serious matter and therefore I have asked my officials to call the Philippine ambassador to state our unease toward Wan Azizah's visit as president of a domestic party," Syed Hamid Albar, the foreign minister, told the state news agency, Bernama.

Dr Wan Azizah is to visit Manila on Wednesday as a guest of the Rotary Club. "Malaysia views seriously any country that gives her room to develop her political [agenda]," Mr Syed sald. Sheile McNuity, Kuala Lumpur

SOUTH KOREA

Strike wave recedes

Labour strikes in South Korea last night appeared to be collapsing as Seoul underground transport workers, who triggered industrial unrest a week ago, said they were preparing to return to work.

sity, where they rallied to protest at proposed job cuts. Many underground workers had already returned to their Jobs yesterday under a government threat to dismiss them.
A government show of force on Sunday night, when riot police smashed through union barricades at the university, contributed to wavering support for the strikes. The union at Korea Telecom, the state-run telephone operator, failed to joined protests as expected yesterday because of a

Some 1,500 workers were leaving Seoul National Univer-

shipbuilding division remained on strike. The Seoul share index rose by 3.4 per cent to close at 776 points as worries about labour unrest eased. Kim Daejung, the Korean president, postponed a meeting with business leaders until today to discuss corporate restruct-uring in a move to cool passions over job cuts. John Burton, Secul

lack of worker support for industrial action. But Daewoo's

VIETNAMESE TRADE

Exports decline 6.9%

The value of Vietnam's exports fell by 6.9 per cent during the first four months of the year to just over \$3bn, according to official estimates, the worst export performance recorded since the country embarked upon its programme of economic reform in the early 1990s.

During the same period, Vietnam's imports fell even more dramatically by 13.8 per cent to \$3,32bn. The steep fall in imports reflects government efforts to reduce pressure on Vietnam's balance of payments by restricting the import of consumer goods, steel, cars, motorcycles and other items.

As a result of the declining trade volumes, Vietnam's trade deficit for the first four months of the year stood at just \$312m, against \$612m during the same period last

The exports fall reflected in part reduced shipments of rice, coal, cashew nuts, coffee and tea, while a 25 per cent increase in the volume of oil exports was off-set by lower world prices. Overall, the value of exports from the foreign invested manufacturing and processing sector has also stagnated, increasing by just 1 per cent to \$678m during the first four months. Jonathan Birchall, Hanoi

Bhutto to meet her lawyers

Benazir Bhutto, Pakistan's fication from holding public ministers who seem to know opposition leader, will fly office, on charges of taking from London to Dubai this kickhacks from Société Géneral even before hearings begin," ministers who seem to know minister, adding that the tribute the supreme court verdict al's outcome was influenced by Mr Sharif's desire to have week to meet her lawvers in the first face-to-face contact with her legal defence team since her conviction by a Pakistani court on charges of corruption, Farhan Bokhari reports from Islama-

Ms Bhutto was in the UK when she was sentenced earlier this month along with Asif Zardari, her husband, to a jail term, confiscation of property, a fine and disquali-

érale de Surveillance (SGS). the Swiss customs preinspection company. Leaders of Ms Bhutto's

Pakistan People's party (PPP) say they have advised her not to return to Pakistan until an appeal against the verdict is accepted for hearing by the country's supreme court. Her lawyers will also seek bail before

she said in London. "They [ministers] are saying that I should be ready for the day know that?" Ms Bhutto described as a

"kangaroo court" the special anti-corruption court She has also called the

judge who presided over the trial a family associate of

tary takeover and hanged two years later on a controversial murder charge. The Bhuttos are among the largest landowners in Pakistan's southern province of

Sharif: more power, more problems

the 8 months to Patronty an % of Spicel year total

Pakistan's PM is firmly in political but not economic control, writes

Farhan Bokhari he state visit to Russia

by Nawaz Sharif last week- the first by a Pakistani leader in more than two decades - was trumpeted by the state-controlled television channel as bolstering the prime minister's credentials abroad.

Recent events have also bolstered his position at home. Just days before he left for Moscow, Benazir Bhutto, the opposition leader and Mr Sharif's arch-rival, was convicted by an anti-corruption court. Ms Bhutto and her husband. Asif Zardari, were charged with taking bribes from Société Générale de Surveillance (SGS), the Swiss customs inspection company, when she awarded a contract while

Unless the conviction is overturned by the supreme court on appeal, Ms Bhutto public office, a five-year jail confiscation of all her prop-

Ms Bhutto's humiliating downfall is the latest in a string of successes Mr Sharif has had in removing potential threats to his regime. During his two years in office Mr Sharif has seen the resignations of a president, a chief justice of the supreme court and a military chief after they had criticised the

Instead of being on our nuclear development, the emphasis should be on economic and social development'

prime minister's policies. At the same Mr Sharif has removed the power of the president to sack the prime minister - used three times in the past decade, including against Mr Sharif during his first term.

While Mr Sharif's decision last year to order Pakistan's first nuclear tests in swift response to those carried out by neighbouring India brought condemnation from around the world, it was much applanded at home.

Mr Sharif's critics say that the power he has accumulated by removing potential threats to his regime does little to change the reality that he is in charge of an increasingly difficult country to govern.

"If power was just the nobody is in a position to remove Nawaz Sharif, then he's a very secure leader," "But if the assessment is of then it is an unimpressive for Russia." performance."

While Pakistan has successfully concluded a Pakistan has to address. Its loan agreement with the annual population growth International Monetary rate of 26 per cent is among Fund and a debt restructur- the highest in the world. Its ing agreement with the Paris literacy rate of between 25 to club of official creditors to 30 per cent hampers its abilstave off an impending for-

1994-95 95-96 96-97 outlook remains weak, The central bank earlier families have over the counthis month scaled down its tryside, while in the cities estimate of economic growth corporate culture is still for the financial year to June mainly dominated by a faces disqualification from to between 3.5 and 4 per select group of industrial cent. mainly because of the families, many of whom are crop. The growth target was lions of rupees in domestic if's power is not political

> Tax collections for the first have resisted efforts to get eight months of the financial them to repay their loans, year are lower as a percentusing their clout with influage of the annual collection ential politicians. target than during compara-Mr Sharif's responses to ble periods in the past five years. Exports during the first eight months have also lagged behind official targets. The figures have begun to alarm bankers, who say that the IMF programme may eventually collapse if

tered investor confidence. "The credibility that would allow businessmen to believe the government is not there," says Salman Taseer, a former politician turned businessman. There's no serious thinking about issues like privatisation or improvements in revenue collections which have to be the essential part of

the government continues to fail to meet its targets. The

Fund's support is considered vital in restoring hadly but-

6 per cent.

Many businessmen point to the government's decision to investigate the country's 19 private power companies on allegations that they bribed officials under the Bhutto regime as an officially backed vendetta against an initiative of the Bhutto regime. The investigators have so far presented no proof publicly to support their case.

any strategy."

With one eye on planned celebrations on the anniversary next month of the nuclear tests, some critics have used Mr Sharif's visit to Moscow to draw comparisons with the nuclear superpower that collapsed economically. "Instead of celebrating our

measure of the fact that nuclear development, the emphasis should be on economic and social development." says Ghazi Salahudsays a western diplomat, din, a political columnist "Weapons of mass destruchis government's ability to tion don't solve your probimprove Pakistan's outlook, lems, and they didn't work There are indeed some

fundamental problems that eign debt crisis, its economic and illiteracy contribute to

the hold large land-owning to small entrepreneurs, which is being seen as a largely populist move. The banks, meanwhile, are still burdened by more than

bank debts. Such families power, because he's now to tackle important issues.

Rs150bn (\$3bn) in loans subiect to default.

capable of removing everyone opposed to him." says one leading businessman. The real test is the ability the challenges facing him the make or break for this

NZ poll vote plan irks politicians

By Terry Hall in Wellington

The ruling National government has aroused bitter opposition from all other New Zealand political par-ties by promising to hold a referendum next year on the future of the unpopular proportional voting system introduced three years ago. The sharpest criticism came from junior parties that support the government

would lose virtually all their

seats if the "mixed member proportional" (MMP) voting ystem is dismantled. The MMP system is modalled on the German style of government and gives people one vote for the party and date. It replaced the Westminster-style "first past the post" parliamentary system for the first time in the last general elections in 1997, and led to a coalition govern-

ment of National and New Zealand First.

"coup". Mrs Shipley, the National party leader, in effect broke up the coalition and has continued to run the country with the support of a number of small parties and breakaway MPs members of - most of them in parliament only because of

the MMP system. Richard Prebble, head of ACT, the National governner, led criticism of Mrs Shipley for proposing the ref-Shipley and her National supporters wanted to return to the old system because it

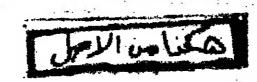
favoured her party. Mrs Shipley said that if National was re-elected it dums. The first would offer voters four options; first past the post: supplementary member: single transferable. vote: and a preferential system similar to that used in Australia. A subsequent referendum would pit the win-

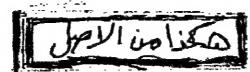
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1968	272.5	-100.2	-108.4	1.1833	100.5	220.3	78.5	67.8	161.51	115.9	289.0	65.1	43.0	2.0739	96.6
1969	330.2	-99.3	-94.6	1.1017	104.9	246,6	74.7	60.1	151.87	110.8	327.9	68.8	54.7		95.5
1990	309.0	-79.3	-72.1	1.2745	100.0	221.3	55.5	38.2	183.84	99.9	340.6	53.9	40.4		100.0
1991	340.5	-53.5	-4.6	1.2391	98.5	249,4	79.2	59.2	186.44	108.4	343.0	11.7	~15.2		993
1992	345.9	-65.2	-43.5	1.2957	96.5	256.4	93.2	83.5	164.05	113.6	341.5	17.3	-15.3	2.0187	102
1993 1994	397.3	-98.7	-73.6	1.1706	89.5	300.1	118.2	110.1	130.31	135.5	321.7	30.1	~11.8	1.9337	106.1
1995	432.3 452.3	-127,0 -122,8	-104.4 -89.2	1.1857	97.6	324,9	121.1	109.9	120.99	147.0	353.7	36.4	~16.8	1.9198	106.4
1996	499.0	-135.9	-107.7	1,2928	91.8	331.6	101.2	86.1	121.43	154.4	382.6	43.5	~16.6	1.8509	111.5
1997	609.4	-160.5	-137.2	1.1309	96.6 104.4	320,1	8.88	53.1	136.24	134.0	403.4	50.3	~10.6	1.8844	108,9
1996	607.8	-205.8	-207.9	1.1229	109.5	361,8 333,6	89.6 109.6	83.8 108.4	136,84	126.1 118.2	455.0 483.8	59.7 65.2	-3.5 -8.1	1.9584	103,9
1st qtr.1996	159.6	-48.2	-43.2	1.0874	109.1	90,4	28,9	27.7	139.32	121.2	121,2	15.9	-4.5		102.7
2nd qtr.1908	151.4	-55.8	-51.7	1.1020	110.8	83.7	28.5	25.8	149.56	114.3	123.4	17.3	2.7	1.9777	103.7
3rd qtr.1998	148.8	-53.7	-58.7	1,1196	112.8	79.2	25.2	26.5	156.64	110.5	121.5	16.8	-4.3	1.9756 1.9716	
4th qtr.1998	148.4	-48.3	-53.9	1.1824	105.6	80,9	27.1	28.0	141.24	127.0	117.7	15.3	-1,9	1.9662	105,4
March 1996 April	53.4 51.1	-17.7 -18.7	n.a.	1.0857	109.1	29.5	9.3	8.2	140.17	120,5	40.1	6.3	· 3.5	1.9835	: 102.5
Mary	49.9	-19.5	r.e.	1.1102	109.7 110.2	28.6	9.5	6.5	144.28	117.8	42.1	5.7	0.8	1.9816	103.0
June	50.4	-17.6	n.e.	1.1022	112.3	28.0 27.1	10.9	10.2	149.80	114.5	40.3	6.9	0.4	1.9697	104.1
July	49.8	-18.0	0.8.	1.0992	113.0	27.0	8.2 8.2	9.0	154.60	110.6	41.0	4.7	1.5	1.9754	104.1
August -	49,9	-18.9	n.a.	1,1028	114.8	26.0	. 8.6	7,9 9,1	154.66	110.5	41.5	5.9	-0.6	1.9758	104.2
September	49.1	-16.8	n.s.	1.1589	109.8	26.2	8.4	9.7	159.70 155.56	107.5	40.3	5.0	-24	1.9724	104.7
October	49.4	-15.4	n.a.	1.2021	105.4	27.1	9.4	9.6	145.38	113.4 124.7	39.7 39.8	5.8	-1.3	1.9868	105,4
November	50.2	-16.7	n.a.	1.1690	106.3	26,7	8.8	9.9	140.66	128.3	39.9	5.5 6.7	-2.5	1.9699	105.8
December	48.7	-16.2	n.a.	1.1782	105.2	27.0	9.0	9.0	137.66	129.7	38.0	3.1	1.1 -0.5	1,9660	105.2
January 1999	48.4	-19.1	LT ST	1.1597	104.1	29,5	11.7	10.5	131.41	134.2	39.4	6.2	-4.3	1.9559	104.6
February	49.5	-22.1	n.a.	1.1199	106.0	27,9	8.7	8.6	130.51	132.1	40.2	5.9	0.2	1.9558	103,7
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1988 1989	149.5	-8.3	-3.6	7.0354	96.9	85,9	-7.0	-4.3	1536.8	97.6	121.5	-32.4	-26.4	A SPACE	105.4
1989 1990	171,3 176,0	-10.6	-3.8	7.0169	98,0	99.6	-8.8	-8.4	1509.2	98.5	137.6	-36.7	-34.9	0.6643	105.4
1990 1981		-12.1	-7.6	6,9202	100.0	105.1	-7.3	-10.1	1523.2	100.0	143.1	-26.2	-27.3	0.7150	100.0
1992	182.2 186.8	-9.9	-5.2	6.9643	98.3	108.3	-8.3	-15.2	1531,3	98.6	148.4	-14.6	-12.0	0.7002	100.0
		-0,3	3,0	6.8420	101.5	113.3	-6.5	-18.6	1591.5	95.5	146.6	-17.7	-13.7	0.7359	
	177 6														
1993	177.9	8.3	8.1	6,6281	105.0	137.5	. 17.2	8.3	1836.7	80.4	158.9				96,9
1993 1994 1995	177.9 196.4 214.7	8.3 6.9 8.2		6,6281 .6.5659 6.4460	105.0 106.1 109.2	137,5 159,1 198.9	17.2 18.5 23.5	8.3 11,8 22,6	1836.7 1808.6	80.4 76.9		-17.1 -14.3	~13.6 -1.9	0.7780 0.7786 -	89.0 89.2

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1989	149.5	-8.3	-3.6	7.0354	96.9	85,9	-7.0	-4.3	1536.8	97.6	121.5	-32.4	-26.4		105
1989 1 99 0	171,3	-10.6	-3.8	7.0169	98,0	99,6	-B.8	-8.4	1509.2	98.5	137.6	-36.7	-34.9	0.6643	105.
991	176.0	-12.1	-7.6	6.9202	100.0	105.1	-7.3	-10.1	1523.2	100.0	143.1	-26.2	-27.3	0.7150	100
	182.2	-9.9	-5.2	6.9643	98.3	108.3	-8.3	-15.2	1531.3	98.6	148.4	-14.6	-12.0		
992	186.8	-0,3	3.0	6.8420	101.5	113.3	-6.5	-18.6	1591.5	95.5	146.6	-17.7	~13.7	0.7002	100,
993	177.9	8.3	8.1	6,6281	105.0	137.5	17.2	8.3	1836.7	80.4	158.9	-17.1		0.7359	96.
994	196.4	6.9	5.4	.6.5659	108.1	159,1	18.5	11.8	1908.6	76.9	174.8		~13.6	0.7780	89,
995	214.7	8.2	8.3	8.4460	109.2	198.9	23.5	22.6	2106.4	89.3	187.7	-14.3	-1.9	0.7736	
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To make a series and the German current account. Imports can be derived by subtracting the visible trade balance from exports. Support and finge on board basis, except for German and itsian imports which use the Clif method finckuding carriage, insurance and height charges, Germany, the normal effective exchange rates are period everages of Rank of Talescand Datastreem and WIEFA from national government and central bank sources.



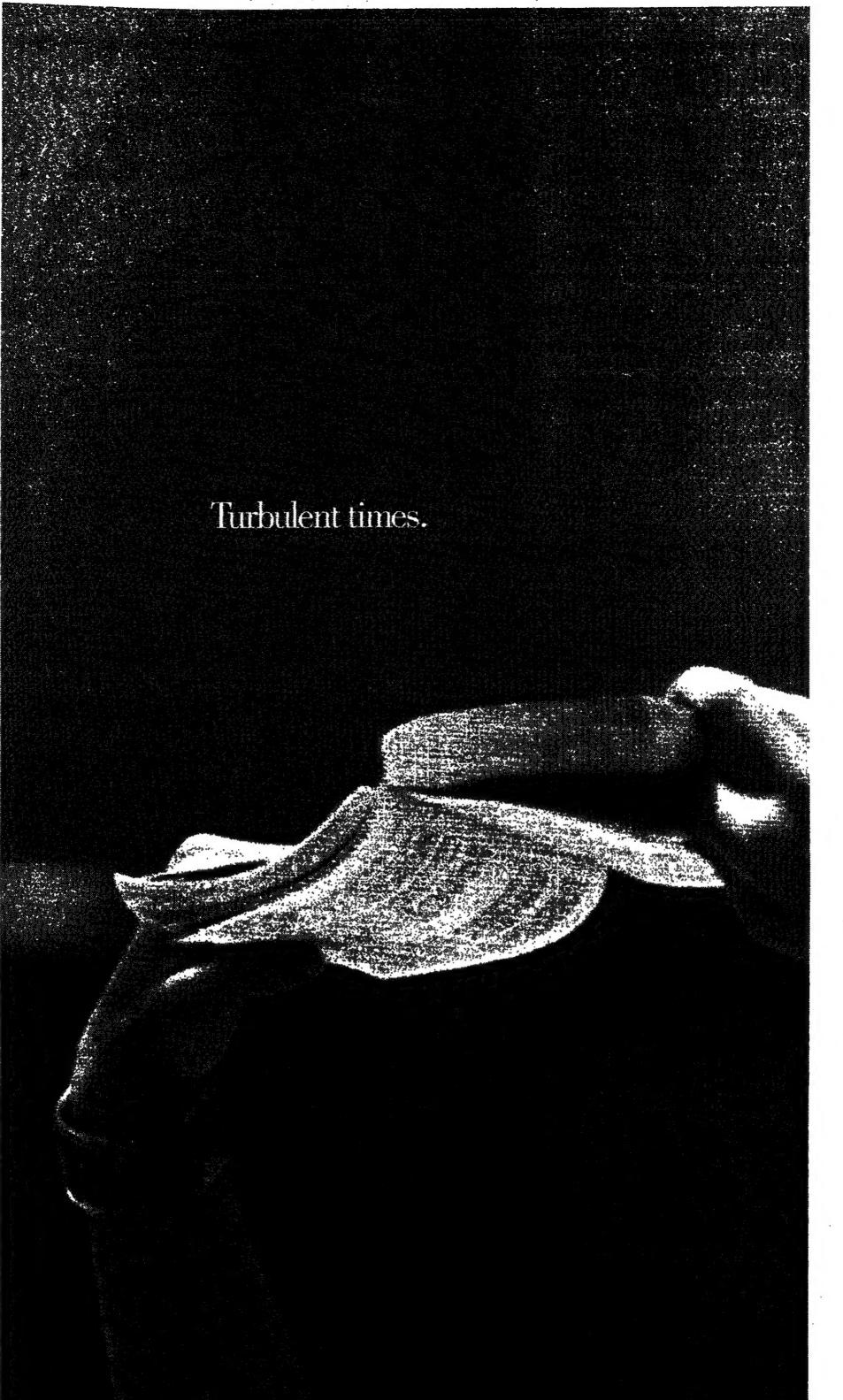


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Debate on spending ready for revival

a fresh debate between the over spending priorities.

The centrepiece of the budget was withdrawn by sound the death knell explic- by President Bill Clinton. Republican congressional leaders, who faced serious

Republicans were also Warv of presenting a detailed plan that would draw fire from Democrats on an issue Some House Republicans with other spending propos-that has been politically also voiced their desire to als. But he is unlikely to their domestic agenda, will

including Trent Lott, the specific proposal. But Mr to prosecute the war. Senate majority leader who Lott's verdict is unlikely to Social security reform may put the official nail in the be overturned. now be off the legislative pri- social security coffin in a surpluses generated by the day have vivid memories of have already switched their party suffered in the 1980s

Neither side wants to itly for what was to have been the big policy initiative internal divisions over how an overhaul should be structured.

this year. "We believe there is still an opportunity for social security reform this forces worldwide. year," said Joe Lockhart, For his part, Mr Clinton year.
White House spokesman, has urged Republicans not It a

to adorn the funding request keep the debate going, even veto a bill that is so vital to have to wait until 2001,

In providing funding for

the war, both sides are being the budget. The policy void is unlikely forced to eat their words ority list this year but the television interview on Sun- to last long. Republicans about locking away social security surpluses. The war, retirement fund are stoking the political damage the attention to increased and any other domestic defence spending, vowing to spending priorities that arise White House and Congress when they tried to tackle the nearly double the \$6bn in this year, can only be funded emergency spending for the from the social security war in Yugoslavia requested funds, since there are no federal surpluses outside social Many Republicans want to security. That means the emergency war costs will come directly from the \$111bn in social security sur-

> It also means that Republicans, who still want to provide tax relief as part of

plus in the current budget

great as had been previously

revenue windfall that some

by mid-July.

Many Republican senators, if there is no agreement on a the administration's ability when surpluses are sched-may be little urgency to res uled to materialise in the urrect the issue immedinon-social security part of ately. The fund is projected

Some Republicans are hop- changes until 2034. If nothing else, the latest ing that the June economic update from the Congressdevelopments will force both ional Budget Office will yield parties to decide whether good news in the form of a they want to live within the projected surplus for 2000. tight spending caps that were set in place by the 1997 That would give the tax-writbalanced budget agreement. ing House ways and means committee a pot of money to Last year, Democrats and work with in putting Republicans ended up breaktogether tax cut legislation ing through the caps by about \$21bn mainly by But that will depend on a designating funds for domes-

budget analysts are already Conservative Republicans predicting may not be as vowed they would not toler ate such a move again, But With efforts at shoring up this year may yet see a cial security stalled, there repeat of that debate.

tic priorities as "emergency

NEWS DIGEST

FDA REGULATION

Supreme Court to consider nicotine move

The US Supreme Court yesterday agreed to decide whether President Bill Clinton's decision to give the Food and Drug Administration the authority to regulate nicotine as a drug is constitutional.

The move is a potential blow for the tobacco industry, which last year successfully argued before a federal appeals court that the action was illegal. The court in Richmond, Virginia, ruled by 2-1 that only Congress has the power to give the FDA formal authority to regulate tobacco products.

It comes as tobacco companies are reeling from several recent lower court rulings that awarded substantial financial damages to families of smokers.

Although the industry last year reached a \$205bn settle-ment with states to settle outstanding lawsuits, it is also being threatened by the prospect of the US Justice Department filing a federal lawsuit to recover the cost of treating smoking-related illnesses. Mark Suzman, Washington

Poison pills condemned

The world's largest pension fund, TIAA-Cref, has won

overwhelming support for shareholder resolutions oppos-ing poison pill plans at two US companies. The fund filed resolutions against so-called "dead hand" poison pills at Lubrizol, a chemicals group, and Bergen Brunswick, a drug wholesaler. The resolutions were approved by 68 and 74 per cent of the shares voted at the

arnual meeting, respectively.

These votes clearly show that dead hand provisions are

completely unacceptable to shareholders," said Peter

Clapman, the pension fund's head of corporate gover-

Dead hand poison pills are a takeover defence which prevents acquisition of a company even if a majority of

shareholders favour it, by preventing anyone but incum-

voting support for director nominees at any companies

TIAA-Cref also said it was expanding its initiative against dead hand pills, and would file resolutions and withhold

bent directors from removing the pill.

that had adopted them this year.

URUGUAYAN PRIMARIES

Daniel Bögler, New York

PENSION FUND VOTE

US workers going on strike again – because they can

The sight has become something of a norm in been surprisingly successful. Natchez, Mississippi. Above the pews at the Christian pages in 1998, for instance, Hope Baptist Church, dozens of red and white picket signs bob over the heads of striking tyre workers as their union leader, John T-Bone Bradley, attacks Titan inter-

We're ured of companies taking jobs to Mexico. We're tired of the free trade influx of imports. It's time to stop the exploitation and suppression of the American worker," he cries, shaking his fist toward the roaring crowd.

There is an anecdotal evidence that the American of a comeback, Emboldened by brisk economic growth employees seem in some cases no longer to fear and benefits from their

favour; their fights, waged on all industry fronts, have rose to 34 from 29, reflecting the growing number of

employees going on strike. At Titan, 1,100 workers in the Mississippi and lowa plants have been striking for almost a year. Helped by the United Steelworkers of America, the employees say Titan, a mid-sized supplier of off-highway tyres which has been built up by acquisition. has taken away retirement benefits, threatened to move jobs overseas and is forcing them to work for weeks without a day off.

Their demands are bold: a worker is making something substantial wage increase along with their already generous profit-sharing package. and a fat surplus of jobs, US Their tactics are brash. Union members travelled to the company's Brownsville, Texas, plant to draw media attention to the fact that the facility was not near comple-With unemployment tion, prompting Texas legisbrushing a 30-year low, lator Jim Solis to look into many workers are finding allegations Titan was wast-

ing millions of dollars in tax incentives from the state. The employees have had some success. A federal judge found Titan guilty of unfair labour practices earlier this year and ordered

the company to rehire all 670 Des Moines, Iowa, strikers after negotiations are set-tled. That wiped out Titan's plans to replace them with new employees. Union mem-bers, dubbed road warriors, have travelled the country to solicit support from other Titan employees and there are indications that workers at another lowa plant could strike once their contract expires at the end of June. Titan, which also owns

plants in Europe and South America, suffered losses in the second half of 1996 and managed to earn only \$100,000 in the first quarter of this year. Its stock has plunged to about \$9 from around \$22 when the Des Moines work-

temporary workers, Titan's fits - simply because they plants in Natchez and Des can.

Moines are running at only about 50 to 60 per cent of full

capacity.
"You can't take and retrain 1,100 people and expect you are going to be running like nothing hap-pened. Maurice Taylor. Titans chief executive, says.

He maintains the company is not planning to move jobs overseas, though it just bought a 40 per cent stake in an Indian steel wheel plant. Mr Taylor says the company is paying wages above the industry average and notes that a new profit-sharing programme has given each worker in Des Moines about \$1,100. Though he remains defiant, the flamboyant midwesterner concedes the

union holds all the cards. Perhaps most baffling is that union leaders admit the two sides are not really that tar apart on specific points, so highlighting that the workers are fighting for a whole range of broader ers first began picketing in issues – a better quality of May last year. life, higher wages, generous Even with the hiring of health and retirement bene-

Chávez's way clear reforms

Only a few weeks ago President Hugo Chávez was enmeshed in a bitter power struggle that threatened to trigger a prolonged constitu-tional crisis in Venezuela, while the economy tottered on the brink of collapse. Both Mr Chavez's career

agenda appeared in jeop-Today, the former paratroop commander and coup leader has cleared many of the obstacles to begin implementing his campaign promise of far-reaching political reform, while the prospects for economic recovery have improved considerably, albeit in part due to higher

and his ambitious reform

At the weekend Mr Chavez secured popular support in a new constitution is adopted plebiscite for plans to convene a constituent assembly to redraw the country's reached 60 per cent.

off prices.

said yesterday: "The outlook has improved dramatically from four to six weeks ago. He has more powers but more importantly the oil of the budget.

Mr Chaves says his new other things, depoliticise the judiciary, eliminate corruption, and strengthen democracy by promoting popular participation. Its 131 members are to be elected in late June before convening on July 5 for six months.

The country's traditional political parties are widely accused of corruption and mismanagement during their 40 years at power, leading to increasing poverty oublic services.

Mr Chavez has insisted the constituent assembly will have the right to dissolve congress and the supreme could jump as much as 100 court despite a contrary rul- per cent in coming months.



Chiwaz popular support

ing recently by the court. Yet some analysts say Mr Chavez's flery rhetoric is all part of his negotiating tactics with his adversaries. "At critical moments he has shown a conciliatory

stance and thus far has remained Within constitutional bounds," says Luis Vicente León, a polítical analyst. He says Mr Chavez may agree to the assembly not dissolving congress and subreme court until after a early next year.

After a fierce confrontation with Congress earlier political map by drafting a this month, Mr Chavez last new constitution. Around 90 week obtained vast powers per cent of voters backed the to help reduce the budgetproposal, though abstention deficit, simplify the overgrown state machinery, and Federico Kaune, Latin diversity the oil-dependent America analyst with Gold-man Sachs in New York, granted him the right to raise new debt of \$3.8bn on top of an authorised \$3.9bn shut down inefficient state

offices, and reallocate parts Mr Chavez will be able to Mr Chavez says his new issue decrees to legislate for assembly would, among power, mining, and gas sectors, promoting their opening to the private sector.

The recent oil price recov ery has also improved investor sentiment, says James Barrineau, Latin America economist with Alliance capital, a US investment fund. "It's a new honeymoon. It buys Chávez time," he says.

As a result of renewed optimism, the Caracas stock exchange surged by more than 30 per cent over the last and the collapse of basic two weeks. According to Agustin Cangas, president of Merinvest, a local invest-ment bank, the market had been so heavily discounted it

Veteran politicians favourites

Uruguayans chose a trio of veteran politicians as the main parties' presidential candidates ahead of elections on October 31, according to preliminary results from party primaries on Sunday.

Former president Luis Lacalie was voted candidate for

the centre-right National party, while Tabare Vézquez, a former mayor of Montevideo and 1994 presidential contender, won a landslide victory in the Frente Amplio left-ofcentre cosition.

A veteran senator and repeated presidential contender. Jorge Battle, appeared to have clinched a narrow victory in the ruling centrist Colorado party, defeating Luis Hierro, . the candidate favoured by outgoing President Julio San-

The simultaneous primaries were the country's first, tollowing electoral reform in 1996. Previously, parties could field multiple presidential candidates, allowing presidents weakening their authority. Ken Warn, Buenos Aires

JAMAICAN TOURISM

Campaign to win back visitors Jamaica's tourism industry is planning a new campaign to lure back visitors after the unrest last week that set alarm

bells ringing in overseas markets. A new advertising campaign will begin airing on cable television in the US on Thursday. Tourism officials will also launch a new sales blitz aimed at travel agents and confer-

"This recovery programme is vital for the survival of our tourism industry. All Jamaica is depending on it," Francis Tulloch, the tourism minister, told a news conference.

Demonstrators took to the streets of Kingston and other towns last week to profest at fuel tax increases. At least seven people were killed. The violence prompted several international airlines to suspend flights to the Caribbean island, while the US,

Britain and other countries issued travel warnings. The flights have since resumed, and the travel warnings have been lifted. Tourism is Jamaica's main source of foreign revenue.

The unrest came just as the \$1bn-a-year industry was showing signs of recovery. Reuters, Kingston

Thursday, May 13, 1999, 9:00am-5:30pm



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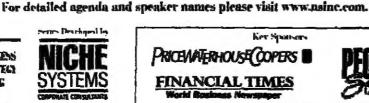
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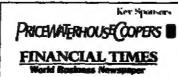
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Canada geese ruffle too many feathers

Cull them? Cook them? Edward Aiden considers what to do with a nuisance

The Canada goose can be as wildlife authorities in the a magnificent bird. US and Canada began When migrating north restricting hunting. They from wintering grounds in protected the birds' nesting the US, the geese form a areas and reintroduced the gigantic "V", flying wing-togigantic "V", flying wing to-geese in regions where they wing like a squadron of had been exterminated.

But the birds can also be a nuisance that, it appears, the Spread of suburbia, even normally placid Cans- where homeowners wanted dians are no longer willing

Toronto, in the last few with sweeping lawns and weeks has begun spraying mineral oil on the eggs of the nesting geese. The oil suffocates the embryos but the mother goose, thinking the eggs remain alive, does not lay another clutch.

The suffocated embryos may be the lucky ones. Mississauga's city council last year proposed to slaughter more than 2,000 of the fully grown birds.

instead to remote areas of dents that live there northern Ontario, but the year-round, But when the city is considering a new cull this year if the birds

A public outcry convinced between 300,000 and 500,000. the city to relocate the geese

cannot again be moved. The story of the Canada goose could be a parable of North American urban development, Hunted almost to extinction by the end of the 1950s, the birds benefited summer evening. But the migrating geese

The protection campaign happened to coincide with sprawling backyards for their barbecues and high-Mississauga, a suburb of tech companies built "parks" concrete fountains. Cut most of the trees, add

a few golf courses, seed everything with Kentucky bluegrass and you have "a dinner plate for Canada geese", says Liz White of the Animal Alliance of Canada. And the geese have feasted. The Canadian Wildlife Service estimates the

population of Canada geese in southern Ontario is now Many of the grese are resimigrating birds arrive in June, the local populations

can double and triple. the Great Lakes. Unlike the eliminate nuisance geese city of Toronto, which cov- without first setting federal ered its waterfront in high- approval.

flock to those same parks. covering the grass in feathers and droppings and hissing at people who venture too close. "You go down to the waterfront in June and it's like the Battle of Britain." says Bruce Carr. Mississauga's planning director and the head of the ing different types of grass greater Toronto guose con- or just allowing weeds and trol committee. Last summer, he says, 2.700 geese made a temperary home in the waterfront parks.

Mississauga is not alone in fighting what it sees as a plague of geese. Rockland county, a suburb of New York City, was the first to propose killing geese in 1993 and began carrying out a kill

he Minnesota twin cities Paul have also killed geese and Seattle on the west coast has proposed a blocked by a kiwsuit.

kill, though it has been The US Fish and Wildlife Nowhere is the problem Service is soon to publish worse than on the water- new regulations that will front of Lake Ontario, one of allow cities and towns to

sauga built large parks for cities are all too eager to its citizens to spread a picnic slaughter the geese or blanket or stroll on a warm smother their eggs, they smother their eggs, they have failed to take some simple steps that would discourage the birds from coming in the first place. Canada geese favour large

open parks near water,

which allow them not only

to feed on grass but to steer clear of predators, Breaking up large parks with hedges or fences, sowwildflowers to grow back are all ways to discourage the se from loitering, say animal activists. Killing or relocating thousands of birds may temporarily offer some relief, but unless the enviroument is changed other geese will just fly in to take their place, says Ms White.

Some cities, such as Mississauga and Minneapolis, have attempted to blunt some of the environmentalof Minneapolis and St ists' criticism with an apparently liberal proposal: feed the geese to the homeless. But some unsettling findings may discourage that tactic as well. When New York's department of health tested some of the slaugh-

tered geese two years ago, it found that levels of lead and other toxics in the birds were so high they were barely fit for consumption.

Deal 'without IRA arms handover' is rejected

David Trimble, first minister in the new Northern Ireland administration, yesterday dismissed an attempt by John Hume, leader of the moderate nationalist Social Democratic and Labour party, to break the deadlock in the peace talks.

Mr Hume suggested at the weekend that the full regional administration could be set up without any handover of weapons by the lrish Republican Army if Sinn Fein, the IRA's political wing, gave assurances that it would exclude itself from office if the IRA resorted to

Sinn Féin welcomed the plan. Gerry Adams, the Sinn Fein president, said it provided a basis for making progress "if David Trimble goes for it". But Mr Trimble said: "The Hume formula by itself is unlikely to succeed. I think that rather than introduce new elements into the picture we're better to continue working on the proposals the [UK] prime minister put forward

He urged political parties to stick to the suggestions made by the governments of the UK and Republic of Ireland on April 1 which envisaged the executive being set up in tandem with some IRA arms being "put beyond use" as part of a national day of reconciliation to mark all the victims

Mr Trimble said: "Words are fine. In fact it would be positive if clear commitments were given by the paramilitaries to decommis-

sioning and of course they haven't done that. People need to focus on the proposals that were put forward at Hillsborough and work through them."

With the arms impasse deepening, it looks increasingly likely the British and irish governments will be forced to suspend the process over the tense summer period when parties will be contesting the European elections and during the traditional marching season by the Protestant Orange Order,

The Rev Ian Paisley. Democratic Unionist party, who launched his bid to retain his European seat over the weekend, said the government was "very near to being forced to make a decision to park the pro-

"The whole thing has failed and has to be stopped. They must recall the prisoners already released, and stop the Parades Commission and Patten Commission on reform of policing," he

The two governments yessearch for a full settlement was being suspended. Junior Irish foreign affairs minister Liz O'Donnell said: "It was clearly expressed by all the parties that we do not have the luxury of parking [suspending) the process."

Meanwhile in the Irish Republic, police yesterday uncovered more than 1,500 rounds of rifle ammunition during a planned search operation. The ammunition had been hidden in a box on moorland near Tralee, County Kerry.

Francis Maude.

chancellor of the exchequer,

last night made the party's most dramatic attempt yet

to recapture the political middle ground when he

vowed to fulfil the Labour

government's spending

pledges on health and educa-

But internal opposition to

the Conservative leadership's new thinking on

social policy gathered momentum when two for-

mer ministers attacked the

Michael Portillo, the for-

mer minister who lost his

seat in the House of Commons in the 1997 national

elections, predicted the strat-

egy would fail to convince

voters the party was dedi-

cated to public services.

Alan Clark, an MP and minister under Margaret

Thatcher, said the policy

shift was evidence of poor

"I think the whole row looks bad and just shows

how incompetently we are being led," said Mr Clark.

"Parties should not have

In a speech to party activists in London, Mr Maude

promised he would match

the £40bn Gordon Brown,

the chancellor, has earmarked for schools and hos-

pitals over the next three

years, and said he would not

take issue with the plans

from the opposition benches.

"I want to make this abso-

lutely clear, without ambigu-

ity, without scope for distor-

tion: in opposition we will

support, and in government we will implement, the

cation spending announced by Gordon Brown," he said. But Mr Maude offered a

small concession to right-

wing critics of the policy

shift and said "partnership

with the private sector in the provision of public ser-

Mr Maude is the latest fig-

ure to join the party's efforts

to cast off the Thatcherite legacy. The strategy, launched last week by Peter

Lilley, deputy leader, has

angered rightwingers.

vices would be emplored.

and policies."

strategy.

Surprise Thatcher choice for heirs fight over her monetary committee policies

By Richard Adams, Economics Staff

Sir Alan Budd is to stand down as a member of the Conservative party's shadow Bank of England's monetary policy committee in June. the Treasury said yesterday. Sir Alan - a member of

the committee since the Bank, the UK central bank, was granted independence almost two years ago - will be replaced as one of the four independent experts by Sushil Wadhwani, a hedge fund director and former Wadhwani was appointed by Gordon Brown, the chancellor, to a three-year term.

Described by a colleague as "not the sort of City analyst who pops up on television", the announcement of Mr Wadhwani's appointment came as a surprise for the financial sector, and disappointment for representatives of industry groups. Ian Peters, deputy-director of the British Chambers of Commerce, said: "We think this is an opportunity lost to strengthen the committee's business and industry cre-

The British Retail Consortium was also disappointed by Mr Brown's decision. "This appointment was surprising, given the need for greater depth of understanding of the service industry, which is so important to the UK economy," said Alastair Epron, the consortium's deputy chairman.

Mr Wadhwani, 39, is director of research at the Tudor Group hedge fund in London, and previously worked as director as equity strategy at Goldman Sachs investment bank. After gaining a first class honours degree from the London School of Economics in 1980, he stayed on as a postgraduate student and lecturer until 1991.

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Mr Wadhwani said he was delighted to be appointed to the committee, and was looking forward to taking an active role in formulating economic policy: "It's the sort of thing you dream about - but you never think it's going to happen," he

Ian Plenderleith, executive director of the Bank's financial market operations, was appointed to a further threeyear term on the committee as a Bank representative.

Farewell to Harvard means scholar can fight for Scotland

Nationalist who gave up US place to campaign for sparsely populated district with more than 20 islands talks to Andrew Parker

Duncan Hamilton, 25, gave up a scholarship at Harvard to fight the first elections to the Scottish parliament on May 6. He is a leading adviser to Alex Salmond, leader of the Scottish National party, who has a gradualist approach to securing the goal of an independent Scot-land. Mr Hamilton is himself een as a possible future leader of the party.

He is the nationalist candidate in Argyll and Bute, a vast rural district straddling the west of Scotland. It stretches from Oban in the north to the Mull of Kintyre in the south, taking in 26

The district is steeped in nationalist history. The stone of destiny, once used tish kings, was located at a settlement on the site of what now is Campbeltown. Mr Hamilton is "pressing the flesh" in Parliament Place, a run-down council estate. where a father of seven is complaining about the state of his three-bedroom flat. He wants a bigger one, and does not show interest either in the election or Scottish inde-

ENGLAND IRELAND

his skills of oratory on the island of Gigha trying to convince two of its 150 residents that independence could deliver better public

Scotland minister, he does not give up easily in the political quest converts.

"I would not be doing this unless I thought Scotland would be better off as an independent country. A lot

Welsh business leaders hit out

Welsh business leaders have warned that the region's new assembly is in danger of adopting too great an isolationist stance on the economy, Juliette Jowit writes in Cardiff. They focused their attack on Plaid Cymru (Wales party), the region's nationalist party. "Any policy which led towards a separatist Welsh state and indecendence would isolate indigenous Weish business, deter inward investors and undermine the Welsh economy," 12 business leaders said in a joint statement.

They added that prosperity would be threatened by a strong representation of people in the assembly committed to an "inward and backward looking nationalist agenda".

of what it is to be a Scottish nationalist is about having that caring society - but that means wealth creation. Without wealth creation, all the best intentions in the world cannot come to fruition.

independence as a "long-term goal" and admits he is sympathetic to the values of John Smith, the Labour party leader who died in 1994 and who was

succeeded by Tony Blair. Campaigning in Argyll and Bute, Mr Hamilton is wooing voters by promising that the SNP would run a responsible administration inside the UK. According to the regional council, the district has the second worst economy in Scotland. The main issues on the doorsten are the price of petrol and the poor state of the roads. The Office of Fair Trading is investigating allegations that oil companies have artificially inflated petrol and

lands and Islands. John Brailsford, who catches lobster and other shellfish off Islay for live export to France and Spain. is moving his company's head office from the village of Ardfern to Barcelona in Spain to take advantage of the cheaper diesel and lower vehicle excise duty. He also complains about the

diesel prices in the High-

strength of the pound. O-Fish-Shell is one of only two large employers in Ard-

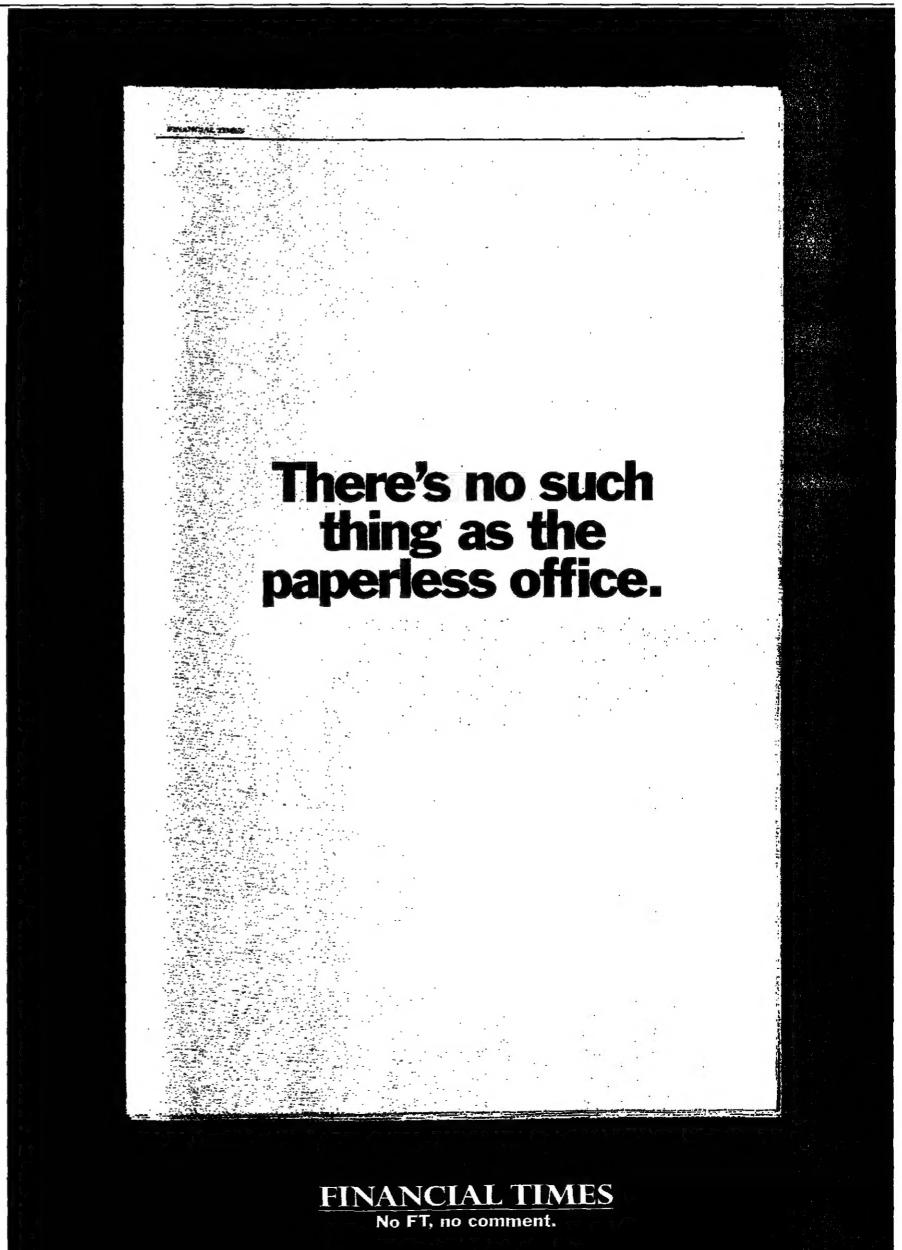
However, he describes fern. But even though he cri of the UK government, Mr Brailsford has no appetite for Scottish independence. "I think to be part of the UK is a stronger position to be in.

> Mr Brailsford will vote for George Lyon, who is standing for the pro-European tish National Farmers' Union. Mr Lyon wants to ensure that rural issues receive adequate attention in the Scottish parliament.

Mr Lyon has always been the favourite to win the conthe Liberal Democrats hold the Argyll and Bute seat in the House of Commons in

However. Mr Hamilton cannot lose. If he fails to win Argyll and Bute, he is virtually guaranteed a seat in the new Scottish parliament because of the proportional voting system.

While 73 members will rep resent districts directly in the parliament, there will be another 56 allocated to the parties according to their shares of the vote, Mr Hamil-



NEWS DIGEST

LG's \$2bn semiconductor

project may not go ahead

The Welsh Development Agency admitted yesterday the

£1.3bn (\$2bn) Korean LG semiconductor project in south

tion over the future of the 1,700 job project during the

LG's sale to Hyundai, confirmed last week.

recent collapse of the world semiconductor market and

Wales might not go ahead. The admission follows specula-

The revelation is certain to revive criticism of the scheme

- part of the biggest inward investment projects in Europe

- and other high-profile failures by investors in Wales. The

development agency claims more jobs have been created

the insecurity of non-UK investment and calls for more

support for indigenous business. Much of the grant sup-

port will not be paid if the project does not go ahead, but

than lost by overseas investment, but there are fears about

INVESTMENT IN WALES

Jewish community urged to be vigilant

By Jimmy Burns in London

Police have made hunting down the London nail bombers their top priority. Jack Straw, home secretary, said yesterday. Finding the perpetrators of the recent bomb attacks in which more than 50 people have been injured was now the key aim of "the whole of the Metropolitan Police Service", he said in

the House of Commons. He warned that while the bombers remained at large. there was plainly a risk that and community leaders that they may strike again. "We have to meet that threat with vigilance but without campaign against ethnic panic." Responsibility for minority communities. the attacks in districts with

extremists.

"We are dealing with a different kind of organisation attle period". from the IRA or loyalist Ireland) and to some extent more difficult to penetrate," Mr Straw said.

Lane, an area with one of the biggest expatriate Bangamong senior police chiefs Britain could be facing a concerted extreme-right

Yesterday, the Jewish high ethnic minority popula- community was warned by

small groups of rightwing extra vigilant during what tion, claiming the BNP's polwas described by security officials as a "potentially vol-

Senior police officers fear paramilitaries [in Northern that after targeting the black and Asian communities with the first two bombs, the next victims could be Jewish. Saturday's nail bomb Police and intelligence offiattack in London's Brick class looking for those who been revisiting the files of recent years split from right- to take the state head-on. wing or neo-Nazi political

The most notorious of these groups is Combat 18 which in the early 1990s broke away from the British National party, the UK's

itics had gone "soft". Combat 18 takes its name from the first and eighth letters of the alphabet, which are the

initials of Adolf Hitler. Since the street violence between rightwing and leftwing groups surrounding the election of a BNP candidate as an East London councillor may be responsible have in 1993, the party has been concentrating on broadening individuals linked to extremits electoral appeal. By conworld, has ignited concern ist groups that have in trast, Combat 18 threatened

Among those claiming responsibility for the attacks is a group calling itself the White Wolves which in recent months has been sending threatening letters to potential targets in the black and Asian community.

Crime programme presenter killed

The presenter of a BBC television programme which enlists public help in police investigations was murdered outside her London home yesterday, Sathnam Sanghera writes. Jill Dando, 37, was the popular presenter of the Crimewatch programme. Neighbours said a smartly dressed

middle-aged man was seen running from the area. Queen Elizabeth and Tony Blair, the prime minister, both issued statements condemning the crime.



tions has been claimed by police and local leaders to be principal far-right organisa-Optical chain plans to open 100 dental practices the £2bn (\$3.2bn) a year UK the next four year, with the reflect the increasing strain introduced in 1990 resulted optical professionals who

towards healthcare in shopping malls was given an added boost with news yesterday that Specsavers, one of the big Aitchison. four chains of opticians, is planning to open 100 dental dental practices in its stores practices over the next three at a cost of £10m.

retailer to spot potential in more than 17 per cent over

also one of the UK's leading opticians along with Vision Express and Dollond & recently

It is forecast that the den-Specsavers is the latest tal market will grow by

dental market. Boots, the big private sector fuelling most pharmacy chain, which is of this growth. Private treatment accounts for about 30 per cent of the overall mar-

Retailers have been quick announced plans to open six to spot the potential in dental practices in its stores healthcare with some supermarket groups such as J Sainsbury testing the provision of doctors' services in their stores. The moves

on resources in the state health service as the government investigates ways to cut costs by involving private companies more actively in healthcare

Specsavers said a growing number of patients were finding it difficult to use a dentist in the state service as changes in legislation

vate practice. The strain provided an opportunity for Specsavers to offer high street services similar to that developed for the optical market, offering both state health service and pri-

vate treatment. years ago by two opticians to
develop joint ventures with

British Isles who wear spectacles are its customers.

administration, marketing and property.

The group, which includes 350 opticians' shops in the UK and Republic of Ireland with total sales of some £280m a year, claims that Specsavers was founded 15 one in five people in the

230m has already been spent on erecting a 90,000 sq m special factory and infrastructure. Some could be refunded if the plant is abandoned. Pessimists fear Hyundal might abandon the Welsh plant in favour of its own moth-balled \$2,4bn project in Scotland. But the company claims its new microchip technology should give it the edge. Juliette Jowit, Cardiff LAW ON FRAUD

Reform moves published

Proposals to reform the law on fraud to try to ensure crimes such as credit card and internet theft can be pros-ecuted effectively were published yesterday by the Law Commission, the law reform body. The proposed changes were welcomed by credit card providers but the Serious Fraud Office said it was disappointed the commission was not advocating the introduction of a general offence of

There is a general consensus among lawyers, politicians and business leaders that change is needed. Most frauds are still prosecuted using a law of 1968 that was introduced when plastic cards were in their infancy and e-commerce unheard of. The Court of Appeal concluded five years ago that "the law is in urgent need of simplifica-tion and modernisation". Jean Eaglesham, London

UNAUTHORISED INVESTMENTS

Court orders \$2.4m repayment

A man described by a High Court judge as "flagrantly and persistently dishonest" in his unauthorised investment business aimed at Asians in north-west England has been ordered to pay £1.5m (\$2.4m) to restore money to investors. Losses are believed to amount to at least 92m. The Financial Services Authority won the order and several permanent injunctions against Shankemath Lukka of Dids-bury, Manchester. Mr Lukka, a South African citizen, is

thought no longer to be in the UK. The court heard that Mr Lukka had dealt in shares and foreign exchange without authorisation. Targeting worshippers at mosques and other temples, Mr Lukka apparently entered into agreements based on trust with no written contracts. Clay Harris, London

SINGLE CURRENCY

'Only 1% of deals in euros'

Only 1 per cent of transactions by British companies out-side the farming, banking and finance sectors were in euros during the first month of the single currency. according to a survey released by KPMG Consulting yes-

The survey, carried out by NOP, suggests that expectations of a rapid spread of euro use throughout British business after the launch by 11 European Union countries on January 1 may have been misplaced. However, the survey found the euro was used for a negligible number of domestic transactions in January, and was used in only 5 per cent of transactions with the eurozone, equating to 1 per cent of total transactions. Kevin Brown, London

MURDOCH NETWORK DISPUTE

New soccer chief named

The soccer Premier League has appointed Dave Richards as its new chairman, to replace Sir John Quinton who resigned last month with Peter Leaver, the League's chief executive, amid a dispute over their hiring of two former British Sky Broadcasting executives as highly-paid media consultants. BSkyB is the satellite television network in which Rupert Murdoch's empire is the biggest stakeholder. Mr Richards, whose first task will be to find a new chief executive, is expected to hold the chairmanship for at least a year, although it is possible the clubs might eventually decide to appoint an independent chairman from outside soccer, Patrick Harverson, London

UK 'behind rivals in use of internet'

falling behind rivals in Germany, Scandinavia and the In the US in their use of the internet to speed up design work and form closer links with customers, a report from PricewaterhouseCoopers said of company attitudes to the

The study by IBM, the US Europe and the US. computer and consultancy executives with all-round business responsibilities.

products this year is being nies to other businesses using the internet, a figure which dwarfs use of this business use of the internet the report says. The UK gov-

on encouraging more businesses to use such tech-UK manufacturers are niques in gaining an edge on

In the IBM/Cambridge University study, results from a survey of 200 manufacturing companies were matched with similar investigations internet across the rest of

It found manufacturers in group, and the Institute for the US, Germany and the Manufacturing at Cambridge Nordic countries are ahead University says UK companies are being hampered in of their use of the internet. their use of the internet by German companies appear lack of knowledge about the better at focusing on technology, security fears long-term needs of their and a tendency to give pro- businesses, and lining up jects to specialised technol- internet applications that ogy managers, rather than will be helpful, while US groups are better at putting business managers in charge An estimated \$20bn of of internet projects "so that progress is driven by solving sold worldwide by compa- business, not technology.

Although most UK manufacturers appear to be aware medium by consumers. By of the ways that the technol-2001, such business-to- ogy could help their companies, only just over a third in could grow to \$180bn a year, the survey are using the medium to help sell products ernment's recent policy and services, with 14 per paper on competitiveness cent using it for collaboraplaced particular importance tive design projects.

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all a means of gaining time - time we can devote Suppose you HELA DAIMOL WITO took the time to talk with you? ?)











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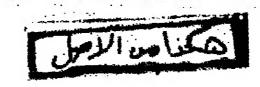
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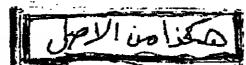
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Kaiff leads boardroom reorganisation at ABN Amro

Boardroom shufflings have begun at ABN Arnro a year ahead of retirement day for Jan Kalff as chairman.

Slipping into a director's chair is Joost Kuiper, who rejoined the Dutch bank only last October. He had headed MeesPierson, the domestic investment banking offshoot which Kalff sold in 1996 to the Belgo-Dutch Fortis, But Kuiper stuck it there only 18 months.

After returning to run ABN
Armo's treasury and fixed income operations, he takes joint responsibility on the board for the group's international division. That eases the workload of Jan Maarten de Jong, who becomes divisional chairman after the death last month of Michael Drabbe.

De Jong is also handing over the supervision of risk management to Tom de Swaan, the chief financial officer poached last year from the Central Bank. The moves are being read as freeing-up de Jong to learn his way into Kaliff's job, for which he is tipped. Kaliff himself insisted last week, though, that the succession would be settled only in the

summn.
Second in board seniority is
the youthful Rijkman Groenink,
though it was he who led a failed
lunge last year at Belgium's
Générale de Banque, which, to
Kalif's anguish, was bagged by
Fortis. Kuiper had a seat on the
Fortis board but quit at that time,
apparently out of concern that
MeesPierson would be
subsumed in a Brussels-besed
investment banking empire.
Gordon Cramb, Amsterdam

Senior changes at Komatsu

Kornatsu Electronic Metals, the semiconductor division of Kornetsu, the Japanese group, has announced a management reshufile and numed fuminilkeds, executive management director, as the new president, effective June 29.

He will replace Elauke

Nakanishi who is becoming chairman after serving as president for five years.

As part of the plans to rationalise its management, the number of directors will be reduced from 19 to seven. New directors will include Mitsuo Yokokawa, general manager of accounting and finance division; Masahiro Sakane, executive managing director at Komatsu; and John Matlock, president of Komatsu Silicon America.

Ikeda, 56, joined Komatsu in 1965 and was appointed to Komatsu Electronic Metals to become executive managing director in 1996. Nobuko Juji, Tokyo

Clowes joins Commerzbank

Commerzbank Global Equities, the International equities arm of Commerzbank, has appointed Simon Clowes, director and head of Asian equity trading at ING Barings Hong Kong, to head its Asian equity derivatives division in Tokyo. Before joining ING Barings, Clowes apent six years at Bankers Trust in London and Frankfurt.

Clowes will initially focus on consolidating the Asian derivatives team and then expand the business across other Asian markets.

Chris Martin, head of Japanese equity structured products and senior vice-president at Lehman Brothers Tokyo, will elso join Clowes' team. Nobuko Juji, Tokyo

Malone leaves C&W for Pick

After 11 years with Cable and Wireless, Thomas Malone is leaving the communications glant for a loss-making internet technology group which had sales last year of less than \$10m.

Malone, who was most recently president of C&W's commercial internet operation in the US, will become chief executive of Pick Communications.

Pick aims to bypass congestion on the web by using satellite technology to transit audio and video from content providers to internet service providers, rather than wires. The



Henry Ho: to Join Atlantis Investment Management (Asia)

company has its own internet portal, which "is to television and radio what America Online is to print", Malone said.

Malone, 43, said he believed

Pick's technology could "change the face of the internet, allowing it to reach its full potential".

The C&W internet business, once part of MCI, included an "internet backbone" business and web hosting and messeging services. Malone's previous roles with C&W USA included senior vice-president of business development. Before joining the group in 1988 he worked for Sprint International, GTE Telenet.

and CompuServe.
Pick, which is based in New
Jersey, reported a \$13.7m net
loss last year, on sales of \$9.8m.
The group has been funded by
Philips, Microsoft and private

Diego Laiva, chairman, aeid Malone's experience was ideal "to drive Pick's successful entry Into Internet access".

Andrew Edgecliffe-Johnson, New York

Schenz grasps OMV nettle

Richard Schenz, 59, chief executive of OMV, the Austrian oil and gas company, has taken control of the group's gas business following a boardroom row over gas strategy which was undermining investor confidence in OMV's management.

Marc Hell, 40, OMV's youngest executive director, who had been responsible for exploration and production (E & P), and gas, two of OMV's four divisions, will retain responsibility for the loss-making E & P division, OMV's smallest operation.

OMV's gas operations have traditionally been the most

reliable part of the group and OMV wants to exploit its position as a central European transportation hub for Russian gas exports. However, liberalisation of the European Union gas market has forced a major rethink of the expansion

strategy.

Hall is understood to have favoured OMV seeking a domestic Austrian partner to strengthen its gas business, while other OMV executives favoured an international solution to survival in a deregulated gas market. There have also been reports that the Abu Dhabi international investment Company, which owns 20 per cent of OMV, was unhappy with Hall's strategy.

Hair's demotion is potentially embarrassing for Viktor Klima, Austria's chancellor, and a forme DMV amazive. DMV him traditionally had close ties with Klima's ruling Social Democrat party. Hall had been Klima's adviser when he was minister of transport and he replaced Wolfgang Ruttenstorfer when the latter joined Mr Klima's cathret.

Schenz, with the assistance of Watter Hatak, OMV's deputy chairman, and Gerhard Rolss, head of chemicals, will deal with the position of OMV's gas. business which will be "aggressively pursued". William Hell, Zurich

Ho moves to Atlantis

Henry Ho, previously a director of Berings Asset Management (Asia) has been appointed managing director of Atlantis investment Management (Hong Kong). People on the Move is edited by Liss Wood.

TIM JACKSON

Sell internet shares by using your wits

An 'e-manager' which distributes initial public offering stock to brokerage clients is aiming to put traditional investment banks out of business

When you look at the sharp increases in the share prices of newly floated internet companies, it is easy to forget that the one-day gains made by their initial investors have a dark side: money "left on the table" by

the company issuing the shares. In a typical internet initial public offering (IPO) that raises \$100m (£62m) in new money, an instant fivefold increase in the share price means the company has given up \$400m in capital that it might have raised. A recent story in a US internet magazine argued that the consistent underpricing of internet IPOs shows at first aight. that chief executives of web. businesses ought to take a tougher line with their investment banks - but then concluded the reason chief executives tolerate this underpricing is because they have a separate PR agenda. A . dizzying rise in a company's share price hits the news and TV; and brings valuable free publicity and customers.

This is probably too Machiavellian an explanation. A better reason for the high first-day gains is that the differing perspectives of institutions and retail inventors are making internet issues very hard to price. Individuals are simply willing to pay far more for shares in web businesses than institutions - yet the traditional investment banking process of pricing new shares by gauging the demand from initial institutional investors is no longer an accurate proxy for the

market as a whole.

Andrew Klein, a former investment banker who started a microbrewery in New York, believes he has found a better way. Having raised money directly from web users for his

Spring Street Brewing Company, Mr Klein then started a new company called Wit Capital which aims to put traditional investment banks out of

business.

What this means specifically is offering shares in IPOs not just to institutions and a few favoured high-net-worth retail investors, but to any retail investor who wants them and to use the internet to cut the administrative costs that would normally make such a process

uneconomic.
Wit Capital calls itself an
'e-managar'. Without becoming
an underwriter in an offering (a
status that carries the obligation
to buy shares that investors
spurn), the company acts as a
co-manager alongside the other
banks - distributing the stock to
a client base of online brokerage
clients. The result is to give
companies a foretaste of the
rebail appetite for their shares,
which in current market
conditions helps raise the price.

But this is only the first step in a more ambitious plan. Wit Capital already offers online brokerage services; it plans to launch an Angel Fund (allowing investors to buy into private companies before their IPOs), and an after-hours trading service in which individuals could buy and sell shares directly with other individuals. The company has also just started a research department that will distribute research freely instead of merely to favoured clients.

So far, Wit has signed up 20 online brokerages as partners, known as 'e-dealers', who will offer participation in IPOs to their retail clients. Together, these brokers accounted for 28 per cent of all the online brokerage accounts in the last quarter of 1998. Wit has

participated in 41 IPOs already, and is involved in nine that are forthcoming – including Xoom.com; mail.com; the Mining Company; Earthweb: MarketWatch.com; VerticalNet;

iVillage; and Mpath Interactive.
The company has also hired some great people. In addition to Robert Lessin, a former Morgan Stanley banker who joined after serving as vice-chairman at Salomon Smith Barney. Wit has a co-CEO who was formerly vice-chairman of Charles Schwab, and a star head of research from Merrill Lynch.

A preliminary 'red herring' prospectus filed with the SEC for Wit Capital's own IPO offers a frank account of the risks it faces. Revenues in 1998 were \$2m and cumulative losses are above \$18m. The 'e-dealers' have not yet set up the technical interfaces that will allow the Wit network to operate, and in any case none is signed exclusively for more than three years. In addition, the company is having difficulty breaking into the charmed circle

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of investment banking.

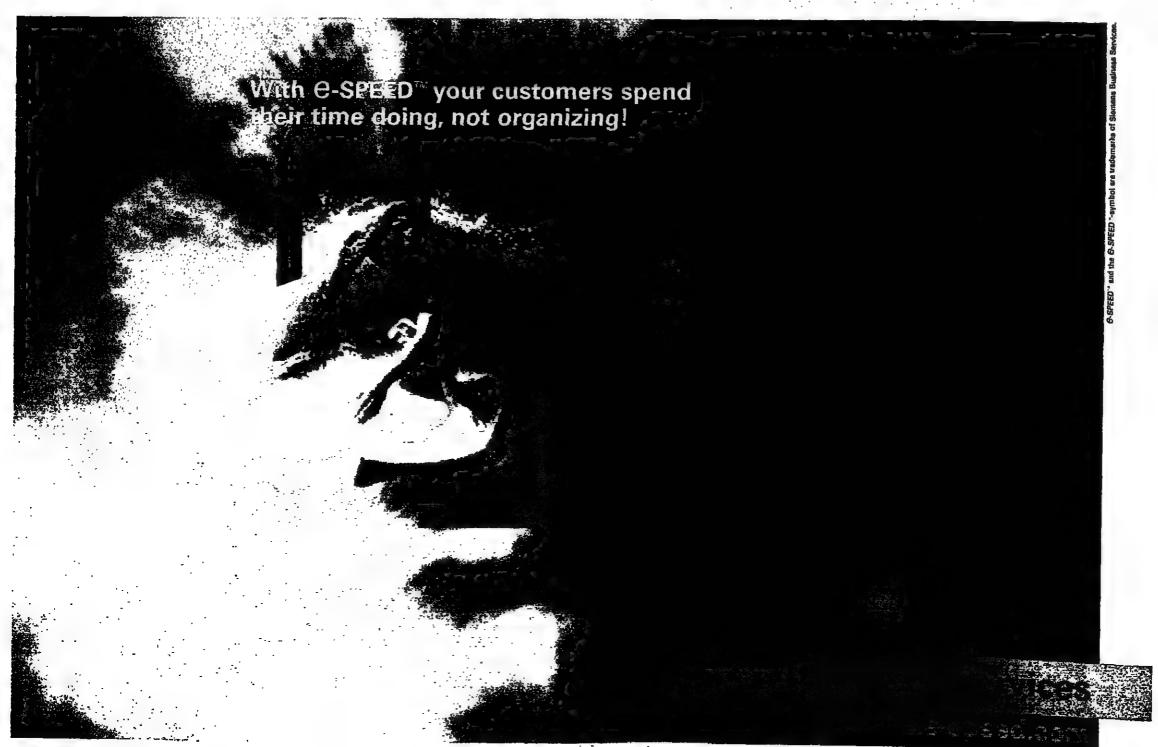
"We have experienced a high lavel of customer dissatisfaction principally due to our inability to sell to our customers the number of shares they want to purchase," explains the prospectus. "If we can't get allocation in IPOs, we may need to rethink the strategy of being a lead manager and instead become lead underwriter [which has to buy shares if investors refuse to]".

The company also faces competitors. Noticeable absentees from its e-dealer list is E*Trade, a leading online broker that has set up an investment banking venture called E*Offering in partnership with Sanford Robertson, founder of Robertson Stephens. And there are other players including Hambrecht & Quist. But Wit is a daring venture with strong backers and good managers.

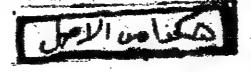
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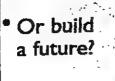
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From the economic lessons of Hitler to customer power and the productivity of nurses, 89-year-old management guru Peter Drucker still produces telling insights. As his latest book is published, he talks to Tony Jackson

figure in 20th-century ousiness. The first of his influential studies of management and the corporation date from the 1940s. Now nearly 90, he remains highly active as teacher, writer and consul-

The main thrust of Mr Drucker's thinking is forward-looking: his latest book, just out, is called Management Challenges for the 21st Century. But he also has a strong sense of history and a taste for anecdote.

This, after all, is a man who, as a young journalist, frequently interviewed Hitler before his rise to power: who attended the economic seminars of both Keynes and Schumpeter in the early 1930s: and was associated with some of the century's prominent industrialists such as Alfred Sloan of General Motors.

In a recent day-long interview at his house outside Los Angeles, both those aspects were on display. We begin with a suitably fundamental question: in the age of the knowledge worker - a term Mr Drucker coined in 1959 what exactly do we mean by capi-

Practically speaking, he argues, the original meaning has long since been lost. It now simply means anything not run by the state.

He recalls how governments across Europe, before and after the second world war, nationalised companies and banks in a vain attempt to control the economy, "Hitler was much brighter. He told me, again and again, that nationalisation was totally unnecessary. What he didn't say was that if you can shoot people, you don't have to own their busi-

Governments today, be believes, have latched on to a less bloodthirsty version of Hitler's principle. "Mrs Thatcher's idea that government is retrenching has very little evidence for it. Government is getting more powerful, not through owning but through regulation.

"It's worst in this country, but ownership is a mistake. The commanding heights of the economy now consist not of owning, but of Hitler's recipe of control by regu-

centred on knowledge workers: between their twin capacitles as owners of companies

"As shareholders, through pension funds and mutual funds, these people have a legitimate desire for earnings. At the same time, they are exceedingly unhappy with shareholder capitalism in their jobs."

Mr Drucker teaches a course on executive management to upper and middle managers. You have no idea how they despise the financial people: how our top management alienated the professionals by the way they did the downsizing, with people getting \$20m bonuses for firing 10,000 workers.

The knowledge workers also feel very strongly that the financial manipulators have no respect for honest work. And they don't. They treat them as peons, as hired hands. But knowedge workers own the means of production. Slavery has been abolished: they can walk out the

It follows that companies have much to learn in attracting and holding knowledge workers: particularly given another recurring Drucker theme, that the developed world is facing a crisis of underpopulation, with too few young people to go round.

They also have much to learn in accounting for those workers. There's an enormous amount of talk now about human capital, he says. 'Tm a little allergic to that. To talk of human resources implies you can buy or sell them. You can't. It's their capital."

But if those people cannot be put on a balance sheet, they are still assets. "Unless you can show these values, management will pay no attention to them. It's an old rule that you only attend to what is reported. The investment you put into those people is incredible: and until it's reported, all the top management talk about managing knowledge and pretty bad in Britain too. Governthe knowledge worker will ments everyplace realise that remain rhetoric."

He claims to have made some progress on this. "I've been playing with statements which show investment in people not as expenses, but as capital. How

chief characteristic of modern much do we get out in terms of tates the purpose. capitalism is an inherent tension productivity? What is the return on that capital?"

> post-medical school training has no return. In the US, we are still training our medical practitioners on bed patients. But 70-80 per cent of the hospital's revepues, and thus the demands on it, are out-patients. The residents never see them."

> Or take nurses. "They are probably our best trained knowledge profession. Nobody is trained as well as a modern purse - they're way ahead of modern doctors. And yet you find they spend 70 per cent of their time filling

> That we can fix overnight. I have tripled nurses' productivity in six weeks. All I do is hire a recent MBA - somebody who hasn't learnt anything yet, but we hope is ready to begin - and put him or her in as floor clerk. They fill in those goddamned forms - very few of which serve any purpose - and they shower

At this point, we switch to another established Drucker theme: the purpose of the corpo-

He argued 45 years ago, in his book The Practice of Management, that companies existed not to make profits, but to create and satisfy customers. In an age of shareholder capitalism - or

'Most manufacturing multinationals will go bankrupt over foreign exchange losses in the next 10 years'

ism - is that not slightly old-

On the contrary, he says, it is more true than ever. Granted. you have to triangulate between the demands of the workers, the suppliers of capital and the customers. Increasingly, though, it is the customer who has the ulti-

Below that level, he argues, the much have we put in, and how mate power of veto, and thus dic-

The profit imperative is briskly dealt with "Aristotle said there Thus, he has worked with can only be one end, but there teaching hospitals such as the can be many means. Profit is a through their savings, and as Harvard Medical School. Twe means, very much like oxygen to shown that a very large part of the human body. It is absolutely the most expensive investment in necessary, but you don't exist for

matter. "In 1764, the year the weeks to process a pound of cotton into yarn. So unless the entire world population worked on it, you just couldn't produce anough cotton, whatever the

"Today, in the last analysis, it's the other way round. Supply is more elastic than demand. Around 70-80 per cent of commodities no longer conform to the marginal utility curve. Roonomists have still not adjusted to

Granted, there are exceptions "Some, like [US macroeconomist] Paul Romer, now point out that the equilibrium between supply and demand is an assumption you make to start your analysis. The actual situation is not necessarily in conflibrium.

"In the first industrial revolution, from 1760 to 1825, demand tic. Supply increased by leaps for instance, with the introduction of the steam engine - but the rest of the time it was not elastic at all."

Today's elasticity of supply, by contrast, comes down to the fact that all the major wants can now be supplied in different and competing ways: not merely by products, Mr Drucker argues, but by For instance, he has a bad knee

from his days as a ski-jumper. There are three ways of treating it: by a knee replacement, by the injections which I am now getting, or by exercises. The knee replacement is a heavy capital investment, the injections are very cheap, and the exercises cost nothing but time. For most knees these treatments compete, but not in the classical economic sense, and certainly not on price. Modern economics cannot handle

Some industries have yet to feel the full effects. "Any new Most of the present manufacindustry starts out with demand turing multinationals in the

being more elastic than supply. course of the next 10 years will go bankrupt over foreign

Or again: "Today's mergers are try. The automobile has lost 50 per cent of its market in the past 30 years: that is, share of con- is not." sumer disposable income. That's the only measurement that mat- It is the lot of the bystander to ters. and businessmen have see things differently. And so far, never heard of it."

in his autobiographical mem-

Mr Drucker recalls being admonished at the age of eight by a friend of his father's. "To watch happening in shrinking indus- and think for yourself is highly tries. Take the automotive indus- commendable," the man said. "But to shock people by shouting

strange views from the rooftops

As Mr Drucker adds, hard luck at any rate, he has been right as



Finger on the pulse: "You have no idea hour managers despise the financial people," says Drucker

Peter Drucker on.

Mr Drucker's conversation is nothing if not wide-ranging. Some

THE GREAT ECONOMISTS

Peter Drucker claims to have been the only person to attend the seminars of both Maynard Keynes and Joseph Schumpeter. His admission to the Keynes seminar come on winning the gold medal of the European Economic Association, with a paper showing

"with absolutely rigoro mathematics" that the US stock market could only go up. It was published on October 15, 1929, one week before the Wall Street crash.

Both Schumpeter and Keynes were miserable teachers: though Schumpeter was very good in small seminars, such as the one I went to in Bonn.

Schumpeter was a rascal: women affairs, money affairs one scandal after another. My father, who was a close friend, bailed him out again and again

The Keynes seminar had about 30 people, and was a theatrical production. Mr Keynes entered stage left and lectured for 20 minutes, pointing to a formula on an enormous blackboard. Then

he would exit stage right. In would come [Richard] Kahn. his sidekick mathematician and a distinguished economist in his own right. He would wipe the blackboard without saying a word and write equations for 25 minutes. Then exit left. Keynes would come in and lecture on these equations in turn. We had a theory it was the same person: one talked, the other scribbled.

RETIREMENT

Mr Drucker is convinced that demographic changes in the developed world, whereby the low birth rate means young people will be heavily outnumbered by the old, will lead to people working longer.

Retirement has now taken on a different meaning. It means leaving your job, but not necessarily stopping work. You have enough income from your pension not to go hungry, so you have more freedom. You get control over how you work.

After 20 or 30 years, a nine-to-five job is very monotonous unless you're at the new. Even if you move from the Bank of America to the First National Bank of Chicago, the main difference you'll notice is the parking lot.

But you don't stop working. in the shape of a 30-year-old a century ago.

I know a vice-president of metallurgy at a big engineering company who took early retirement at 48. Now he is a consultant to half a dozen companies. I asked him why he did it. He told me his old company had a major metallurgical problem maybe five times a year. The rest of the time he wrote papers, Now, whenever

ton, or unless you are in a job where each day brings something

partly because playing bridge or golf doesn't keep you satisfied for ever. If you worked 40 years at a steel mill, you're tired enough to be happy with a fishing pole. But if you've been sitting down for 30 years, you may be 60 but you're

any of his companies has a olem, he swings into action. And a lot of people go into non-profit work as volunteers: the Girl Scouts or caring for the homeless. My middle daughter is a lawyer in her mid-50s. She is now semi-retired, so that she can spend two days a week teaching reading to young Chinese girls.

> ACCOUNTING When I started work in 1927 with a very old and prosperous cotton exporter in Hamburg, most s did not have double-entry book-keeping. It was introduced at the firm by the

chief book-keeper. The boss never accepted it. He said: 'If I want to know where we stand, I stay behind on Saturday and count the petty cash. That's real. The rest is allocations.' He

had a point. When I went to London to work for a small investment

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THE END OF

by PETER F. DRUCKER

bank, I was taught by my boss, who was an old, shrewd banker. always to begin with cashflow. He argued it was the only thing that even the smartest

accountant couldn't fudge. Proper accounting on those lines only came in after the second world war, with the flow of funds statement. The next step could be a comparable statement of the investment flow and productivity of knowledge.

I've toved with that, but I didn't work it up. Pm not saying I could. There are problems in putting a numerical value on it. think it would be the first statement to use ranges, not precise figures.

I believe that if accounting hadn't been invented 700 years ago - if we had waited until the 18th century - most of our accounts would show ranged now know how to handle plus-or-minus probabilities. The accountant's figure for receivables is basically a mid-point between guesses.

MARKS AND SPENCER

Mr Drucker knew the Marks and Spencer dynasty in London in the early 1930s. The contact was his wife, who did market research for

I've very rarely seen a pair that complemented each other the way Simon Marks and Israel Sieff did. Israel's son, the second Lord Sieff, once said to me "when my uncle Simon goes into a store, he sees everything. My father sees everything when he looks at a sheet of figures".

Simon Marks was responsible for the great technological invention that made Marks and Spencer. If you buy a shirt, it has a price tag. He invented a double tag, with a perforation down the middle and the same information on both halves.

When a woman brought a blouse to the checkout counter, the checkout girl tore off half the tag and dropped it into a 1930s version of the computer - a cigar box. When the box was full, a trainee took it and phoned the numbers to the Baker Street headquarters, where another trainee took them down and phoned them to the factory. That told the factory which

branch was running low on pink

long-sleeved medium-sized blouses. Two days later, they were at the branch. That was Shmon Marks's invention: no inventory, and no capital

That's what you had in the

now. It's over. The industry is

about to change drastically, and

the old-timers will not know

This is the kind of blasting

statement that Mr Drucker speci-

alises in. Take another comile of

CURRENCY SPECULATION

The enormous amount of virtual money generated by people trading for their own account is a inug's game. This worldwide flood of money - as opposed to capital - serves no legitimate economic purpose. It cannot earn a return [in the long run], but is desperate for a return. It is thus totally predictable that you will

have collapses. When I worked for a small investment banking house in London, in the early 1930s, my first job was as foreign exchange trader - a job l'd never done before. After six months the old man, who had 250 years of banking in his bones, called me in and said: 'Mr Drucker, as of next Monday you are no longer our foreign exchange dealer. You are our economist."

I said: But I'm just beginning to be reasonably good at foreign exchange trading.' He said: "That, my boy, is why we're pulling you out. In no time at all you will think you're clever; and it is the firm's money you will lose."

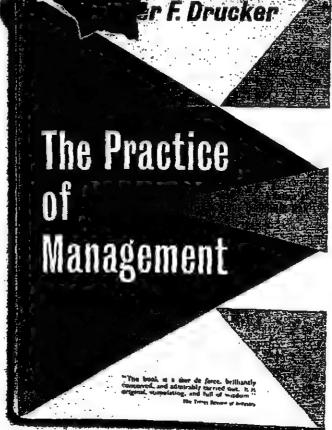
JOB WOBILITY

One thing that is very hard to explain to younger people is that when I was born there was no such thing as success. You stayed in the class into which you were born. Now people in developed societies have mobility: in part because they are educated for longer.

When my father was Austrian acting minister of finance in 1920. he had a driver who had extraordinarily brilliant twin boys. My father arranged for them to go to Latin school.

I will never forget the driver and his wife coming in their Sunday best to thank my father. They tried to kiss his hand. Suddenly the driver broke out in tears and said 'I know how much we owe you, but I can never forgive you. I have lost my children.

Blue collar workers never looked for a job, in the old



industrial cities of this country, suppose you were a boy in Cleveland who got a girl in trouble and dropped out of school to marry her. The priest would congregation who was a supervisor at the steel plant, 'Michael is a good boy". That's how you got a job.

The only mobility blue collar workers had was in times of war, Let me give you a German example. You know there has been depression in the Ruhr now for 90 years, and until very recently a labour shortage down around Stuttgart. You know how many blue collar workers have moved? None.

Their grandfathers came from East Prussia and worked for Krupp. If you had a male child your wife got a present and the child got an employment certificate, valid from his 18th birthday. That was still true when I was a young man. Now, the son of friends of mine

s head of psychology at a redbrick university in the Ruhr. Nis students are sons of blue collar workers. He told me that not one of them works in the

Ruhr. They're all in Bayaria or Stuttgart, where the good jobs

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MANAGEMENT

Most specialists today don't want to get into management. They find it boring, and for good reason. It is boring.

The best definition of management I know came from a scientist at General Electric who turned down promotion as one of the senior people in a GE lab. He wrote 'my children are past the age where I had to change their diapers. I don't want to do it again." As a manager, you clean up messes. Who the hell wants to

So educated younger people demand different opportunities. Judging by the American companies I know, no management understands that.

Management Challenges for the 21st century by Peter F. Drucker is published by Harper Business on May 4 price \$27.50. To order a copy from the FT Bookshop ring +44 181 324 5511 or fax +44 181 324

Edinburgh shows off its drawings

William Packer is impressed by exhibitions at the city's two main art galleries

Edinburgh always has its moments, so far as the visual arts are concerned, with temporary exhibitions the year round, and always the permanent collections of the National Gallery of Scotland and the Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art to keep one astonished in the meantime. So it is now, with a magnificent group of drawings from the collection at the NGS:

The joy is that, in such company, the greater works spring off the wall, and even a scrap may

prove a masterpiece

and at the SNGMA, the only showing outside Israel of the artists may have a bad day. Avigdor Arikha retrospective. Also, SNGMA'S long-awaited annexe, The Dean, is now open and showing its fine group of Dada and Surrealist work.

In a mere 80 sheets. The Draughtsman's Art at the NGS covers the period from the early 16th to the late 19th century, and touches all the major European schools but the Spanish. The title perhans bespeaks a certain definitive intention, but in the event it is more a demonstration than didactic, showing the scope of practice at large in its historic variety of material and approach rather than drawing threads together or making an argument.

acter of a public collection put together ad hoc, as the chances of the market, gift or bequest allow, with an eye as much to covering the field as to quality. The marvel is that so many beautiful things come in just this way: the caveat, that what is marvellous to the scholar is not always so to the rest of us. Each is to be taken as it comes, a single spy, to be celebrated or shot as may be.

For age and the chances of survival may lend to a work of art, and to drawings especially, a patina of real charm, though the work itself may be but a scrap, a dull academic exercise, or an inconsequential jotting. Attributive agonisings may put a name to it, but we know at heart it may as well be by anyone. A clear identification with a given work is always intriguing, but then again, interest and aesthetic quality are not necessarily the same thing, and even the best of

The joy is that, in such company, the greater works spring off the wall, and even a scrap may prove a masterpiece Boucher's first hints at a "Rape of Europa" in the lightest flurry of red chalk; Pietro Testa scratching anxiously away at his "Narcissus": Taddeo Zuccaro's descriptive control evinced in a few sweeps of line and wash. The fuller studies take the breath away - two sheets of a dog's paw by Leonardo; a girl's head by Francesco Albani; a Jordaens female nude; the young Turner's view of Snowdon at sunset; Cotman beside a Yorkshire river, Melville watching a Moorish pro-



But two sheets take us closest of all to the very essence of drawing, in looking at the world, and seeking to understand and put down what is seen. Both are wonderfully unselfconscious, done not for show but for immediate purpose. One, once attributed to

the somewhat later Spanish artist, Ribera, is now given to Polidoro da Caravaggio, in the early 16th century. It shows the raised arms and shoulders of a man blowing what appears to be a conch, with, on the same sheet but sideways, three female heads. All are clearly from life, un-idealised, albeit studies for religious

subjects. The other is by Adoiph Menzel, one of the supreme draughtsmen of the 19th century. Again it is a composite sheet. with seven overlaid studies of heads of two men, each in profile, seen slightly from above, and wearing a cocked hat. It is a virtuoso performance - an artist private, changing his mind, OPERA IN LONDON unmindful of any audience, and producing a masterpiece - much more so than the history painting which it served.

The Avigdor Arikha retrospec tive at the SNGMA is not to be missed while it lasts. Arikha is now 70, an Israeli of Romanian origin, based in Paris, and one of the most interesting and accom plished figurative painters and draughtsmen of his generation. He too addresses the immediate and visible world - the interior, the still-life and, above all the figure, often the self-portrait, nude or clothed. He works quickly, often to a finish in a single session. And, since he works in daylight, he insists, as far as possible, that his work should be seen in daylight - for which there is no better place than the old classrooms at SNGMA's Belford Road.

The Dean, directly opposite, requires a book to itself for the saga of its rescue, funding and conversion. It is a magnificent neo-classical pile of 1833, by Thomas Hamilton, originally an orphanage but latterly neglected. Lothian Region made it over to the SNGMA in 1994 as a muchneeded annexe and, judiciously converted to the purpose by Terry Farrell, it now houses three major permanent holdings - the Keiller Bequest, the Penrose Collection, and the Paolozzi Gift - which together make it the most important centre in the country for the study of Dada, Surrealism and their ramifica-

The upper galleries will be used for temporary exhibitions, which again takes pressure off the gallery proper across the road. It is a most significant and far-reaching development for the UK's most important modern colection after the Tate.

The Draughtsmen's Art - master burgh, until June 13: spons the Bacher Trust, Avigdor Arikha.

Bunyan hits the spot

there is a flicker of life from the Royal Opera. A revival of last season's production of Paul Bunyan and a few sad remnants of the summer's Verdi festival re all that remain from the o*r*iginal programme.

The big difference is the general outlook. When the company was struggling to drum up interest for Britten's youthful operetta the last time round, it ooked like the dying gasp of an institution dogmed to extinction. Now, with the new management in place and the opera-hous re-building near completion, this at bit of vacation fun before everybody gets down to serious work.

By and large a good time is had by all. Performing Paul *Bunyan* in a modest theatre like Sadler's Wells was a sensible move and the pretentious side of the work is never allowed to get out of hand. Whenever the libretto starts to go starry-eyed, Francesca Zambello's production remains sensibly down-to-earth.

The uniqueness of this wartime opera is a large part of its appeal, Paul Bunyan stands almost alone as an example of an important composer and poet tackling the subject bead-on during the war years and in the most public artistic medium of all - a work for the stage.

Maybe that helps to explain the confusing response. It is pretty well impossible to categorise the piece: experimental opera, Broadway musical, intellectual satire. populist comedy, political tract, it is all of them and none at the same time. The world was in flux and the world's artists do not seem to have known where the

The one thing that is clear is that Britten and his equal partner, W.H. Anden, wented to put on a slick American show. Saturday's Royal Opera revival was not exactly that (this was one of those "butterfingers" evenings when the props did not work and the scenery stuck) but It was tresh and amisble and

A fully-professional production has certainly raised the work's stature. Most people used to associate Paul Bunyan with student performances, like its emiere at Columbia University, New York in 1941, until a concert of excerpts at the 1976 Aldeburgh Festival showed what four great singers could make of its wafer-thin little color and ensembles.

There were some notable solo efforts here. Kurt Streit was inspiring as Johnny Inkslinger, Who represents society's creative conscience. Peter

Coleman-Wright scored by putting across every word of the Narrutor's ballada, Susan Grition and Timothy Robinson made a lovable comple as Tiny and Hot Biscuit Slim: and it was good to encounter again old friends, such as Francis Egerton as Sam Sharkey the cook and Lillian Watson, doubling as Third Goose and Fido the Dog.

All their contributions. together with the Orchestra of the Royal Oners House under Richard Hickox, will be capture for posterity by a live commercial recording. At least something permanent will have come out of the Royal Opera's

Richard Fairman

NEW YORK THEATRE

A lack of heart proves fatal

nomination, three new musicals have washed up on Broadway: one showcases classic Americans (It Ain't Nothin' but the Blues), another celebrates the Gershwins (Fascinating Rhythm) and the third, The Civil War, ransacks the poetry of Walt Whitman, the speeches of Abraham Lincoln and the correspondence of reallife 19th century lovers. Was it only two years ago that Broadway seemed capable of talling modern stories in a modern idiom? Those days seem as antiquated as the Spice Girls.

Characters in The Civil Wor may sport Victorian high hats and frilly bonnets, but the show's songs, as its creators keep telling the press, are meant to sound new. As if to justify a score which, barely five minutes in. blares forth an excruciating FM power ballad, Gregory Boyd, one of The Civil Wor's creators has said: "For a long time in our history, 'theatre music' was the pop music of the day. Porter, Gershwin, Berlin, Rodgers & Hart & Hammerstein, Bernstein and Lerner & Loewe - all these theatre composers' had their songs played on the radio."

sterling musical models, but before you start stretching the comparisons you might bother to come up with some songs in which lyrics linger and melodies matter. This Boyd and his colleagues have spectacularly neglected to do.

Their failure is regrettable. given that the show's composer. Frank Wildhorn, also has two much more engaging projects currently on Broadway. The Scorlet Pimpernel, an often witty swashbuckler whose staging was revamped recently with great success; and Jekyll and Hyde, which, however much it might make the critics retch, at least makes its legions of fans deliriously happy.

The Civil War, by contrast, has going for it neither finess nor fright. Despite a score that resorts to every pathostugging genre imaginable -guitar-based folk, rhythm and blues, call-and-response gospel - the show fatally lacks

Its creative trolks and its director, Jerry Zaks, try energetically to pump up the proceedings, but they seem to think that express-



ing emotion is the same as evoking it. The inability to discern this difference is partially related to the musical's conception.

Unlike more book-based Broadway shows. The Civil Wor is not structured as an orderly narrative. Against the endlessly shifting rear projections of Wendall K. Harrington, we instead listen to mostly ordinary Americans greenhorn soldiers, shameless profiteers, mistreated slaves, wives left behind - sing of the ravages of war and the thirst for liberty. There is a quasi-narrator, Prederick Douglass, but apart

flashed on the backdrop, no clear

Since The Civil War cannot. engage its audience's emotions through the twists and turns of a story, or cause us to care about its characters as they meet developing challenges, it must rely for effect on our connection to historical events and on our response to its performers. But history without narrative is merely fact-filled impressionism - an oratorio with sound and light cues.

"River Jordan". But no battery of statistics or barrage of big-voiced singers can do much to convey a conflict filled with what Stephen Crane, To be fair, several of the perin The Red Badge of Courage,

from a progression of battles formers do make an exhaustive called, with tragic irony, effort trying to animate the "Homeric notions of war." Setstage. Michel Bell, whose voice is ting out to create what they call "an emotional landscape," as deep as Dixie, sings the bejecreators of The Civil War have Horses." Matt Bogart, as a fallen come up with a lavish overproconfederate private, brings honor duced concert in which characto the grief-inflected "Tell My ters may lose their loved ones Father". And Lawrence Clayton but theatregoers lose something almost as precious: time and rousingly leads a mini-chorus in the freedom-seeking number

Brendan Lemon

The Civil War, St James Theatre,

INTERNATIONAL

Arts Guide

AMSTERDAM

Het Muziektheater Tel: 31-20-551 8911 La La La Human Steps: the Canadian dance company brings Salt; Apr 27, 29

EXHIBITION Tel: 31-20-5732911 www.stedelijk.nl David Salle: major survey of the New York-based contemporary artist, comprising around 40 nvasses and featuring the multimedia diptychs and triptychs that made his name in the 1980s; to Jun 13, then raveiling to Vienna and Turin

Netherlands Opera, Het Muziektheater Tel: 31-20-551 8911 Otello: by Verdi. Conducted by Carlo Rizzi in a staging by Klaus Michael Grüber; Apr 28;

BALTIMORE OPERA

Baltimore Opera Company, Lyric Opera House Tel: 1-410-825 1600 www.beitimoreopera.com Andrea Chenler: by Giordano. Conducted by Marco Anniliato in a staging by Bernard Uzan; Apr 28, 30; May 2

BELJING DANCE

Exhibition Centre Theatre The Royal Ballet: the British company presents a Gala Programme, with the Orchestra of the National Ballet of China conducted by Andrea Quinn; Apr The Royal Ballet: Romeo and

Juliet, in Kenneth MacMillan's staging with designs by Nicholas Georgiadis. With the Orchestra of the National Ballet of China conducted by Andrea Quinn; Apr 30: May 1, 2

BERLIN DANCE : Doutsche Oper Tel: 49-30-34384-01 A Midsummer Night's Dream: new staging by Heinz Spoeril, conducted by Arturo Tamayo. With sets by Hans Schavemoch and costumes by Kaso Dekker,

CHICAGO CONCERT Orchestra Hall Tel: 1-312-294-3000 www.chicagosymphony.org NHK Symphony Orchestra:

conducted by Charles Dutoit in

works by Gubaidulina, Sibelius and Prokofiev, with violin soloist Sarah Chang; Apr 27

EXHIBITION Tel; 1-216-421 7340 WWW.claynusart.com Diego Rivera: Art and Revolution. Major retrospective of the Latin American painter and muralist pioneer, Includes public and ndvate loans from Europe, Japan

CLEVELAND

EDINBURGH HOLDRING Royal Scottish Academy Tel: 44-131-624 6200

and Mexico; to May 2

173rd Annual Exhibition: painting sculpture and architecture. including works by three - Alberto Morrocco, David McClure and James Mointonh Patrick; to Jul 11

OPERA Tel: 39-055-211158 www.maggioficrentino.com The Queen of Spades: by Tchaikovsky. Conducted by Sermyon Bychkov in a staging by Lev Dodin, in a co-production

with Netherlands Opera and

Opéra National de Paris;

HOUSTON

Apr 27, 29

FLORENCE

Houston Grand Opera. Wortham Center Tel: 1-713-227 2787 www.hgo.com

Resurrection: world premiere of Tod Machover's new opera set in Tsarist Russia, with a libretto by Laura Harrington, Patrick Summers conducts a staging by Braham Murray, with designs by Simon Higlett; Apr 28; May 1

LAUSANNE OPERA Opére de Laus

Tet: 41-21-310 1600 The Rake's Progress: by Stravinsky, New production, Andre Engel directs a steping by Dominique Meyer, conducted by Jonathan Darlington; May 2

LONDON

CONCERTS Barbican Hall Tel: 44-171-638 8891 Ariadne auf Naxos: by R. Strauss. Concert performance conducted by Richard Hickox. with a cast including sociano Christine Brewer. The programme is completed by the composer's music for La Bourgeois Gentilhomme; Apr 27

Royal Festival Hall Tel: 44-171-960 4242 **BBC Symphony Orchestra:** conducted by Martyn Brabbins in works by Adés, Maxwell Davies, and Birtwistle: Apr 29

English National Opera,

London Goliseum Tel: 44-171-632 8300 Mefistofele: bv Boito. Conducted by Oliver von Dohnányi in a new staging by lan Judge; Apr 27, 29 Semele: by Handel, Rosemarv Joshua sings the title role in Robert Carsen's production, conducted by Harry Bicket; Apr

Saction's Wells Tel: 44-171-863 8000 The Royal Opera: Paul Bunyan, by Benjamin Britten. Staging by Francesca Zembello, conducted by Richard Hickox (replaced by Chris Willis on Apr 27); Apr 27, 28, 29, 30; May 1

MADRID EXHIBITION

MUNICH

28, 30

Fundación Juan March Tel: 34-91-435 4240 Kurt Schwitters and the Spirit of Utopia: paintings, drawings, collages and photographs by the German avant-garde artist, from the period 1918-1947. includes toans from the Sprengel Museum in Hanover and private collections, including that made by artist's son; to Jun 27

CONCERTS Philharmonie Gastek Tel: 49-89-5481 8181 Munich Philharmonic Orchestra: conducted by Gerd Albrecht in works by Sibelius and Allan Pettersson; Apr 30 Prague Symphony: conducted by Leos Svarovsky in works by

Rimsky-Korsakov, Chopin and Ravel, with piano soloist Rudolf Buchbinder, Apr 28

NAPLES OPERA Teatro di San Carlo Tel: 39-081-797 2331 Il Barbiere di Siviglia: by Rossini. Gabriele Ferro conducts a staging by Filippo Crivelli, with a cast led by Leo Nucci; Apr 28, 30; May 2

PARIS OPERA Opéra National de Paris, Opéra Tel: 33-1-4473 1300

www.opera-de-paris.fr Lohengrin: by Wagner. Conducted by Mark Elder in a staging by Robert Carsen, with designs by Paul Steinberg; Apr 29; May 2 Opéra National de Paris, Palais

Tel: 33-1-4343 9696 www.opera-de-paris.fr Platée: by Jean-Philippe Rameau. Conducted by Marc Minkowski in a staging by Laurent Pelly; Apr 28, 29, 30; May 2

VIENNA CONCERT Konzer theius Tel: 43-1-5870 5040 Vienna Radio Symphony Orchestra: conducted by Ulf Schimmer in a concert performance of J. Strauss's Der Lustige Krieg; Apr 29

EXHIBITION KunstHaueWien Tel: 43-1-712 0495 Jean-Michel Basquiat: Paintings and Works on Paper. 100 works on loan from the Mugrabi Collection; to May 2

Wiener Staatsoper Tel: 43-1-51444 Cavalleria Rusticana: by Mascagni/Pagliacci by Leoncavallo. Simone Young conducts a staging by Jean-Pierre Ponnelle; Apr 28

TV AND RADIO WORLD SERVICE BBC World Service radio for Europe can be received in tern Europe on medium wave 648 kHZ (463m)

EUROPEAN CABLE AND SATELLITE BUSINESS TV

 CNN Intervational Monday to Friday, GMT:

06.30: Moneyline with Lou Dobbs 13.30: Business Asia 19.30: World Business Today 22_00: World Business Today Update

Business/Market Reports: 05:07; 06:07; 07:07; 08:20; 09:20; 10:20: 11:20: 11:32: 12:20: 13:20:

At 08:20 Tanya Beckett of FTTV reports live from LIFFE as the London market opens.



PETER MARTIN

Too good to last

It is easy to look successful when money is pouring in. Coping with the after-effects when the bonanza stops is more difficult

† ★

used for takeovers. The

drawback of free capital is

obvious: it frees recipients

disciplines and leads to over

investment, particularly in

But there is a more subtle

problem. Free capital covers

schivities look bealthy. It is

only when the free capital

stons that the underlying

The recipients of free

capital look like gentuses:

they can afford lavish

advertising campaigns

many staff and rapidly

expanding offices. Such

rewards, in the normal

world, only go to those

people who are able to

however, they go to

everyone, blurring the

economic activity and

joining the privileged

When a new

there's always

Gran'Sport

The relaxed,

enjoyable side

of life now has a

watch to itself. It's

the Reverso Gran'Sport

with chronograph, an

exploit of horological

the cambered case,

adjust the patented

bracelet and take the

time to live. Our active

accompany you with

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engineering. Turn

masterpiece will

pleasure.

Reverso emerges,

something behind it

distinction between valu

make-work. Raising money

produce genuine economic

value. In a free capital zone,

weakness of such activities

a multitude of business

errors. As long as it

continues to flow in,

from the normal market

prestige projects.

Question: What do Japan's golf clubs, Korea's chaebol and California's internet

start-ups have in common? Answer: All have been the recipients of free capital, an apparently unlimited flood of money with no obvious

Getting free capital feels wonderful. In fact, I rouldn't mind some myself. But there is a price to pay while you're getting it ~ and an even bigger price when it dries up. Thinking about can help limit the damage.

Let's start by looking at the three examples mentioned earlier: Japan. Korea and the internet.

Japan's free capital was not confined to golf clubs. It flooded into every part of the Japanese economy in the companies were able to raise what was effectively free capital by issuing bonds with warrants attached. Because everyone expected Japanese shares to go on rising, the warrants were highly valued, driving down the cost of the debt. A tightly regulated financial system underpinned the process, by funnelling the oversupply of Japanese savings into low-yielding formestic accounts

The consequence was a huge over-investment boom. as Japanese companies poured money into new factories at home and abroad. The economy is still living with the aftermath: falling prices and stagnation

Korea's flood of free capital was never, strictly speaking, free. Instead, the chaebol, the giant family-controlled industrial groups, got seass to sponsored debt at low internst rates. Initially, in the 1970s, the

supply of capital was

rationed to those projects the government thought of national importance. Later. as Korea became a less tightly controlled economy, the chaebol chose their own projects, but still benefited from privileged access to low-cost funds. So they raced to compete in prestigious industries, such as car manufacturing and

computer chips, creating too many weak rivals. Now, as the government tries to move towards a more conventional system o corporate finance, the over-borrowed, while banks

are too exposed to them. Free internet capital is the result of the surge of toitial public offerings, which allow start-up companies to raise equity at sky-high valuations. Since internet companies do not need much capital to create their "hard" essets, the funds get diverted into the creation of soft

ssets, such as brands. Much of the money goes into expensive marketing. Some of the free capital is

test of success. Deploying the capital effectively is less The dangers of free capital they are caused by

are at their greatest when structural distortions of the economy, as when governments divert flows of noney to favoured projects. If this goes on for too long. the entire economy can be damaged, as in Japan, Korea and the former Soviet bloc.

Free capital that is caused

minority who have access to free capital - becomes the

by the over-optimism of individual investors, as in the internet case, is less harmful. It amounts to a collective bet on the future. Over-valuing the future as compared with the present is less damaging when it is the outcome of thousands of individual freely made decisions than when it is imposed by a government coercive powers

In the internet case, there is another reason not be too simistic. It will lead to over-investment in competing internet projects and brands, but - unlike under-used steel plants or chip factories - these virtual assets will not linger on for years, depressing margins and deterring new entrants. When an internet project fails, as some have already done, it just disappears. Who now remembers Global Network Navigator, an ambitious pioneer that has come and gone? Its ghostly presence lingers on in the web's search engines, but it does not depress other

So the damaging after-effects of other examples of free capital may not offer an economy-wide cautionary tale for the internet boom. But at a micro level, they provide participate. Don't think that iccess to free capital makes you a business genius. Realise that getting the money is only the start of the real business challenge And try to assess how attractive a project would look if it wasn't so easy to raise equity capital. In the meantime, though if there's any free capital

going, you know where to

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Is Nato waiting for the Kosovars to Fighters are starve to death before it mobilises?

From Prof Michael Doyle and may restrict fuel supplies, ing them to escape. Unless

Prof Stephen Holmes.

the hills of Kasovo? forces have driven them it mobilises the will to act? If them survive can we then from their homes and are Nato finally does intervene, destroying available food how many Kosovars will be supplies. By selectively clos- alive after the months it will ing the borders. Mr Milos- take to assemble a stufficient evic is now holding them ground force? hostage and making them vulnerable to disease and starvation in weeks, if not

bombing may degrade Serb ditions. Saving the Kosovars military capabilities and it now therefore means assist-

Sir, What will be done to ethnic cleansing now under enact an immediate ceasefire save the lives of approxi- way and it does nothing at and the withdrawal of his UN High Commission for intervention by Nato is at Rosovars, mark corridors of Refugees) Rosovar Alba- present off the table, for exit, and use available airwait until tens of thousands to assist their effort to fight Slobodan Milosevic's have starved to death before a way out. Only if we help

There are no truly good options. Dropping enough food supplies to sustain them in place, Nato says, is Over the coming months, too risky under current con-

but it does little to curb the Mr Milosevic is prepared to worry about how to get them

> Michael Dovie. director, Centre of International Stephen Holmes department of politics, Princeton University,

Avoid cut-price plans for Kosovo refugees

more severely. An air cam-

peign can act as an anaes-

thetic. Conscious percep-

tions can be greatly reduced.

Television and radio trans-

mitters could have been

destroyed in the first week.

More telephone exchanges

could have been destroyed.

Prom Mr Richard Wort. Str. Some 750m people live within Nato countries, more than a hundred times the number of Serbs in Surbia. Powerful and swift military action often reduces asualties. Why has Nato adopted cut-price plans? Why are there so few sor-ties? Plans could have included 10 times the number of sorties per day.

The horrific activities of war criminals within Kosovo were not anticipated, but Nato could have given Albania, Macedonia and Montenegro adequate financial help within a week. The activities of the internationally.

Why did Nato put all its eggs into one basket? Vojvodina could be occupied within a week with the use

of paratroops.

The Federal Republic of Richard Wort, Yugoslavia is not recognised Enole Cottage,

committees of the UN.

The Federal Republic of Yugoslavia could be abolished. A military expenditure of 12.9 per cent of gross domestic product (1996) is unsuitable for Montenegro and Serbia, Nato should occupy Kosovo as soon as possible, and avoid cut-price plans for the rehabilitation

could have been restricted Vojvodina, Tsaribrod, Bosilegrad, Stromitsa, part of the Timok Valley and Sandzak could be determined by

The roads just outside Belgrade could have been of refugees. They want to be home before the millennium.

The 69 Murray Ros Socialist Party of Serbia long-term future of Kosovo, Wimbledon SW19 4PF, UK

Blair's war effort leaves Americans cold

greatly indebted to Tony dollars from taxes - Mr Slair a kingdom for a horse our Blair for his leadership of came to urge us to screw our nation will be a prominent our war effort. At a time courage to the sticking point part of that settlement. when our own leaders express caution - perhaps overly concerned about

From Mr Neal Bull up reserves and authorising the most urgent instance, Sir, As Americans we are additional billions of defence and that when he does offer and not go wobbly by ending hostilities. As the battle becomes bloodier, we feel

1835 North Astor Street,

off course in the Balkans

From Mr Jan Bishop. Sir, The article "Homes hit mately 800,000 (the latest all to assist the Albanians forces from Kosovo, Nato as bombs miss targets" estimate according to the now in the hills. A ground should drop weapons to the was labelled as an F-16 Eagle nians currently homeless in political reasons. Will Nato power and armed helicopters fighter. The plane is indeed an F-16, but the F-16 is not known as an Ragle, that is the F-15. The plane should have been labelled an F-16 Fighting Falcon.

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· Talk Time

The F-16 Falcon is an interceptor, whereas the F-15 Eagle is, primarily, a high-level air-superiority fighter.

Both aircraft are unsuited for the tasks to which they have been assigned in the Balkans crisis. Part of what is known as Combined Arms Tactics, whereby they carry out specialist roles in support of all the other sections of Nato's forces, their use as "bomb trucks" is inefficient and ineffective. They cannot carry much ordnance since their intended role was to fight off the advanced Soviet fighter threat while other aircraft, like the A-10 Thunderbolt and A-6 intruder, carry realistic payloads to targets under the protection of these aircraft. Such roles are obvious: "F" stands for "Fighter", and "A" for

"Attack aircraft". Nato has adopted this halfhearted tactic because to commit other aircraft more suited to the task, such as the Thunderbolt, would mean exposing these more vulnerable aircraft to attack. Even if these Attack aircraft were covered properly by F-15s and F-16s, they would remain in danger, for they are supposed to be covered by ground forces on their way to the target. The nature of Nato's military force is such that it must be committed as a whole to be effective, not in fragmented

Ian Bishop, 35 Kingswood Avenue, Bromley, Kent BR2 ONT, UK

human lives and the politi- assured that Mr Blair will cal consequences of calling stoop to negotiation only in Illinois \$0610, US Citizens must

watch over bank lending

From Ms Turess

Sir. Martin Wolf is right to suggest that creditor institu tions should be compelled to "bail in" the emerging mar kets that they beloed decimate through imprudent lending practices ("The cost of debt", April 21). However his apparent sympathy for taxpayers who wind up foot-ing the bill for governmentsponsored bail-outs is somewhat misplaced.

All citizens are stake holders in our increasingly integrated world financial system. Thus, in their capacity as bank customers, insurance company policyholders and pension fund participants, private citizens should be more vigilant about what their lending

institutions are up to. While the moral hazard of publicly funded bail-outs is real, so is the danger of an apathetic and deliberately uninformed citizenry. We can no longer afford to be latter-day Captain Renaults, disingentiously shocked to find that gambling was going on in Casablanca when markets head south, but content to collect the winnings when times are

Teresa Wysnomierski. 61-37 56th Avenue, Maspeth, NY 11378, US So much for free movement From Mr David From. foreign exchange ("divisas").

Sir, I am resident in Spain either in escudos (in other words, euros) or a cheque in euros. The university has given me the figure in both escudos and euros. My bank account in Spain is with La Caixa, of Barcelona, and is in pesetas (in other words. euros), and in fact all statements now show a balance

in euros. in curos at my bank, I was told that I would have to pay commission for buying

Can anyone tell me why I and want to send money to a should have to pay a comuniversity in Portugal, mission to transfer into euros money which my bank statement tells me I already hold in euros? A similar commission is also charged if I prefer to use a bank transfer, except that there is an additional fee for the transfer. So much for free movement of capital. Can your banking experts tell us when things are going to change? Perhaps in 2001, or could it be account?

> David Frost, C/Palestina 5 13 F, 29007 Malaga, Spain



ficulty with societal culture

of making comparisons, and

you had compared Malay-

sia's legal process with that

of the developed world. How-

ever, can you really cite two

countries whose legal sys-

tem and processes are simi-

lar, especially if one is devel-

oped and the other

developing? Just because

countries and cultures are

School uniform, the crucial but underestimated leveller

Sir, Christopher Parkes' article "Denver tribes make

their own rules" (April 23) accurately portrays the clans that develop within almost all schools. The clothes students choose to wear to identify themselves with certain groups merely accentuate the division. This affirms the crucial

but underestimated role the traditional school uniform plays in toning down differences between children. It is a leveller of class back- Balbam, ground, fashion awareness, London SW12 9EL musical tastes and a host of UK

other social barriers that exist in today's society. To ben a single item of clothing, as was the response of the Colorado school authorities (trenchcoats being the choice in this case), is a feeble, knee-jerk reaction, it will ultimately

fail to combat the numerous factions that students seek to ally themselves with by their dress sense.

196 Bedford Hill.

Dart Management and disclosure duties

Prom Mr E. Michael Blunter. Sir, We were surprised by Observer column that, unless Dart Management disnanages" and other financial information, Dart is not well placed to criticise Russian companies for abusing minority shareholders ("As clear as mud', March 1). Dart and the companies it advises are private compa-

Public companies like Yukos - a Russian oligarchcontrolled oil holding company that Dart has criticised for violating shareholder rights - are owned by their shareholders. That is why Yukos has disclosure duties to Dart, which acts for

Yukos subsidiaries. Dart according to analysts estidoes not have comm duties to Yukos. Yukos is currently trying

to cause all three of its major partially owned subsidiaries to dilute minority huge numbers of new shares - 243 per cent, 239 per cent, and 194 per cent of the current outstanding ordinary unknown offshore compa-

The share price offered to dissenting shareholders in these proposed transactions implies a total valuation for one of the subsidiaries, Tomskneft, of approximately

\$11m. The Moscow Times

mates. Tomskneft's production of 9.9m tonnes of oil last year would have generated between \$500m and \$600m. That disparity, which is similar in scale to the disparity shareholders by issuing at the other two subsidiaries between the offered share price and actual company value, fully justifies the conclusion of analysts that - as shares - to previously the Moscow Times has also reported - "this is basically a scheme to go backdoor and grab Yukos' assets".

> B. Michael Hunter. Dart Managemen One Springfield Avenue. NJ 07901.

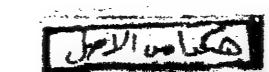
different, can that be the basis for one to say the other "badly needs to modernise"? We take great exception to the attitude you have taken and we reject all your allegations that there has been injustice to Dato' Seri Anwar Ibrahim. The presiding minority shareholders in reported on March 16 that, judge, whom you had rightly described as honest and upright, has a 394-page document as the basis for his judgment. As far as we are concerned the judge has discharged his responsibility with utmost care and fairness to all concerned. Anyone is free to comment

on the case but we do not condone any snide remarks against our country and our government or interference in our business. May I suggest that we continue to uphold these important tenets of mutual respect.

J. M. Amir, High Commissioner for Malaysia. 45-46 Belgrave Square, London SW1X 8QT, UK

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

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Malaysia's legal system From Mr J. M. Amir. Sir. I refer to your editorial Abuse of power in Malaysia" (April 15). I have no dif-

FINANCIAL TIMES

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Tuesday April 27 1999

The first casualty

Times correspondent in Belgrade, was expelled by the Yugoslav authorities at the weekend, following similar action against British and other western journalists. As a very experienced foreign correspondent, he had provided a steady flow of wellinformed, objective and accurate reports during his two-and-a-half years in the country. Since the Nato bombing campaign began he had continued to do so, using a wealth of contacts in government and opposition and around the country, to attempt to give a clear picture of the damage being of caused, and the conflicting political responses to the war.

Guy Dinmore, the Financial

Like other journalists, he suffered restrictions on his move-ments, not least in travelling to Kosovo itself, the cause of the current conflict, which remains a black hole for reliable reporting. His departure leaves only a handful of long-serving correspondents in the country. Their place has been taken by new arrivals, who are forced to rely far more on government sources for their information.

His expulsion is wrong. Of course, it may seem surprising to find journalists representing belligerent Nato member states still reporting from Belgrade, and Serbian journalists doing the same from Brussels, London and Washington. But that is the nature of modern war and a globalised information system. On occasion, the media itself may become part

of the conflict, to be exploited wherever possible for propaganda advantae

Truth is the first casualty, as it ever was. In Yugoslavia, the propaganda machine remains very powerful, controlled by Slobodan Milosevic, his family and close associates. Nato has clearly failed to get even a small part of its ssage - that the war is being fought to protect the Albanian minority - across to the rest of the country. But the decision to target the Yugoslav broadcasting headquarters was misguided, even if it is a key part of the propaganda network. The strike failed in its purpose, and will almost certainly prove to have been counter-productive: information cannot be silenced by

The Nato allies are also uncomfortable with reporting of unintended consequences of their actions - like the bombing of a refugee convoy by mistake. But they are prepared to admit their mistakes, and accept a vigorous debate about the rights and wrongs of the bombing campaign. That is their great strength

Mr Milosevic may hope that by expelling correspondents with experience and good contacts in his country, he will be better able to peddle his propaganda abroad. But his action is a demonstration weakness. It suggests that he knows he is starting to lose the propaganda war as well as the war in the sky.

Euro weakness

- with glee, and some are already proclaiming the single currency Alittle to say on the matter, but fright so easily.

not, as the sceptics claim, a sign of a lack of confidence in the euro as a currency, but a simple reflection of economic fundamenthe RCB's sluggishness in reducing interest rates. Meanwhile, the US economy is far stronger than had been imagined, partly because of the soaring stock market. The next movement in US but rates in Europe could still have further to fall. This is the "- main reason for dollar strength. and euro weakness.

.... As the year goes on, the suro could strengthen again. There are tentative signs of economic shout the continued strength in domestic demand. And the widening US current account deficit, compared with the euro-zone surplus, will put increasing pressure

:- Euroscaptics have watched the intrinsically "good" about a = euro's slide against the dollar strong currency, or "bad" about a weak one. The question is whether its level is appropriate project a failure. The European to a country's economic circum-:Central Bank had until recently stances. In the case of both the euro and the dollar, the answer is has now started to suggest that it yes. A weak euro, by helping tion fell to just over one-third in might not stand aside if the euro exporters, is providing a boost to 1998. Deka, like many other exporters, is providing a boost to 1998. Deks, like many other is taking matters into his own falls further. It should not take output in the slow growing sure mutual funds, has chosen to hands. There is an increasing zone. In contrast, the strong dol-The weakness of the euro is lar is helping to prevent overheating in the US. In these circumstances, the ECB should have little cause for concern.

The true measures of the euro's tals. European growth is slower success will be the development than expected, partly because of of deeper and more efficient capttal markets, and the amount of cost-saving corporate restructur ings across national borders not the behaviour of the currency. Early signs suggest that these processes are under way. interest rates is likely to be up; Euro-denominated bonds accounted for almost half of all

international issuance in January. European takeover and merger activity in the first quarter of 1999 was a record \$345bn.

If the developed world is committed to floating exchange rates. recovery in Europe, while in the it cannot complain when they do US there are familiar questions not behave in a convenient way. The falling euro may not have been quite the start to the single currency that European politicians had hoped for, but it is justified on economic grounds. The ECB would be very unwise to But does the euro exchange risk its credibility in attempting rate matter? There is nothing to buck this market.

hanging family fortunes

Europeans are taking their savings out of bonds and banks and investing in shares, says Jane Martinson

ernhard Heiker, a 33year-old German man-agement consultant, is less conservative than his father. While Mr Heiker Senior puts most of his spare cash in a savings account, his son has placed money in mutual funds that invest in equities inside and outside Germany. Mr Heiker Senior, like many

Germans of his generation, has been cautious about investing in shares - partly because of memories of his country's political upheavals and the ravages caused by two world wars. But younger Germans are turning their backs on the financial habits of their parents. Instead of keeping cash in government bonds and savings accounts, they are investing in equities.

The young Mr Heiker, who works for the Boston Consulting Group in Düsseldorf, invested DM20.000 (£6.734) in a mutual fund - a fund that pools individuals' cash and invests it in securities - three years ago. Since then he has steadily invested more of his money in non-German companies. I realised that the world was much larger than Germany alone," he says,

So why are these young investors putting their faith in Euroean shares? And what impact will this fundamental shift in investor behaviour have on Europe's capital markets?

Even before the euro was launched in January, an interest in pan-European equities was already building up – not only in Germany, but across the 11 members of the euro-zone. Fund managers say it is retail investors, rather than pension funds, who are leading the way.

The shift in individual investment patterns in the past two years has been startling. All mutual funds, whether equity or bond based, have seen solid growth. But it was equity-based funds that really took off: the net inflow into European equity funds totalled \$90bn in 1998 - a sum which is nine times greater than the volume of funds in 1996, according to Merrill Lynch, the investment bank. By the end of 1998, there was more money in equity funds than in any other type of fund.

Deka, the second-largest formed European bond markets mutual fund group in Germany, saw the funds under its management rise by 67 per cent to DM32.5bn last year. But whereas in previous years more than half of their funds were invested in German companies, the proporinvest a growing part of its portfolio across Europe.

The new pan-European funds have been heavily marketed, but there are other reasons behind this switch.

First, shares are looking more attractive as long-term investments, as equities have outper-

Five fund management groups control 80 per cent of Germany's \$300bn

Such concentration is echoed

reflecting the dominance of large

domestic banks and financial

institutions that have capitalised

DWS, which manages about 25

per cent of all German mutual

fund money, relies on a sales

network provided by the mighty

mutual fund market.

Second, individuals are being encouraged to save for their own retirement. Demographic trends show that the number of workers supporting each pensioner in Europe will drop from four to two by 2040. "The retail investor perception that they need more

cash in equities for their retirement," says Wolfgang Mansfeld, managing director of Union investment, one of Germany's Third, European economic and

largest mutual fund groups. monetary union has broadened the investment borizons of many

small investors from one equity market to 11. It is not only that continental Europeans now have more baskets in which to put their eggs. The launch of the euro has made it simpler to diversify investments without big transaction costs.

being led by the individual investor, rather than the big pension funds which dominate their traditional markets. In theory, institutional investors should be just as influenced by the factors which are driving individuals, but their size makes them less fleet of foot. If they did change their investment strategies, however, the

Beloium

Total returns on European aquities, and bonds

Italy ... Germany

impact would be dramatic. Santiago Fernández Valbuena, chief executive of Fonditel, a Spanish pension fund group, estimates that if institutional funds invested according to pan-cern that individuals are not yet European benchmarks rather educated enough to make wise than domestic ones. 15 per cent Perhaps the most surprising of the market value of European aspect of this trend is that it is companies would change hands.

> There is some evidence that large European Institutions are changing their asset allocation. New money is being invested in pan-European equities - but it has not amounted to the "wall of money" predicted before the launch of the euro.

Kees van Rees, head of the pension fund of Royal Dutch Shell

and president of the European Federation of Retirement Funds, says institutional investors have been been held back by two factors: the cost of shifting investments, and the impact on share prices of re-investment. Since institutions have big holdings in individual companies, they tend to drive down a share price if they sell their investments too

quickly, Mr van Rees says. Retail investors do not yet have the clout of the big institutional funds, and they are not expected to make a big impact on the valuation of European companies in the medium term.

But if the growth in the European mutual fund industry is sustained, what is the impact on European equities markets likely

Some fund managers expect household names in Europe will do best out of the growing interest in holding shares. This is already starting to happen: the share prices of Europe's large companies have outperformed broader indices in the past six

"No one is going to invest in something they can't even pro-nounce. Bayer is OK, but Aktiengesellschaft - no way!" says Mr Fernández Valbuena of Fonditel.

Disproportionate investment in large companies could also be encouraged by individuals putting cash in funds that track indexes. US investors have already shown a preference for the relative cheapness and transparency of index-tracking funds, rather than actively managed

There is already evidence of European investors following their US counterparts. Although only 4 per cent of European mutual funds were tracking indices at the start of last year, investments in such funds rose 28 per cent over the year, according to the consultants William

In theory, individual equity investment could also benefit some industrial sectors. In the US, the internet is king. In Europe, it is still not clear which sectors will be favoured by the retail investor.

Not everyone in the fund management industry is comfortable with the arrival of millions of potential individual investors. Some big institutional funds fear big distortions could emerge in the market. Others express coninvestment decisions. "Most people haven't a clue about the Dow Jones or the FTSE," says Mr

van Rees at Shell. agers worry about how Europe's new individual equity investors will react to a market crash.

The rise in global equity markets has at times made shares appear to be a one-way bet; but a downturn would test the staying power of the new market players.

Fight for mutual gains

which spreads throughout most throughout continental Europe, of the country.

Such entrenched positions provide both the greatest barrier and one of the greatest opportuon their national distribution nities for rival fund management companies. US and UK fund managers, attracted by the expected growth rates in Europe, hope to increase their share of other markets by selling their Deutsche Bank. Deka, the expertise in global equity invest-secondlargest group, with a 17 ing. The relatively poor perfor-per cent market share, has mance of traditional investments expertise in global equity investaccess to millions of investors such as government bonds helps through a savings bank network in this marketing crusade.

not alone in wanting to increase their foreign business. DWS, for example, has ambitions in Spain and Italy, in particular, where it has been selling mutual funds for several years.

Andrew Fleming, the Londonbased chief investment officer of ABN Amro Asset Management, owned by the Dutch financial services group, echoes others when he says: "Europe is the next big battleground and everybody wants to fight."

But foreign fund manager

US and UK fund managers are have so far struggled against the local competition. No individual non-domestic manager holds more than about 5 per cent of total assets in any European country, whether in the fastgrowing mutual fund area or the pension fund market.

> Without the advantages of a distribution network foreign entrants face the weight of local regulations as well as the difficult task of persuading naturally cautious investors.

Christian Strenger, the head of DWS, says: "Other European and

US fund menagers are not as deep into the local system here. They need to put their foot on the ground."

Some of this failure to win market share is due to the psychology of the target audience. "Most normal people [in Germanyl don't want their mutual fund information to be signed by a John Smith in London," says Mr Strenger.

Such difficulties have not prevented a wave of mergers as global groups seek to gain market share across the continent without having to put "their foot on the ground" first. The merger wave is not expected to peter out

New Tories

Britain's Conservative party is he faces a subtler fee. Tony Blair not only copying Labour's polihas appropriated all the Conserphrasing of its political strategy. Before the 1997 election, Labour pledged to implement the public spending straitjacket that the Tory government had planned for the two years up to April 1999.

Last night, Francis Maude, the shadow chancellor, pledged to support the large increases in spending on health and education, which Labour has since order, defence and big business. announced for the next three years. If elected, the Tories would carry on the good work. In one respect, this is rather a

phoney argument. Health spending rose by more than 70 per cent in real terms during the Conservatives' 18 years in power - an average of nearly 3 per cent a year. So the 5 per cent annual increase now planned by Labour is an acceleration of the trend. rather than a change in

But behind the figures, a desperate struggle is taking place to re-spray the Conservative party in more caring colours, and to . pare away the harsher edges of Thatcherite ideology.

In a speech last week to mark Thatcher's first election victory, . William Hague praised her for socialist dogmas, oppressive . But the new leader knows that natience.

cies. It has borrowed the very vatives' best lines and reworked them into a script of compassion and social commitment.

The Tories, therefore, have no option but to move back to the centre ground where R.A. Butler and Harold Macmillan once planted their standard. Mr Hague must buy in policies for the welfare state, just as Labour did on economic management, law and

The Conservatives need also to find a new expression for their style of patriotism, which too often becomes narrow and stultifying, particularly on Europe. And they need to give urgent thought to ways of cementing the unity of the UK, while embracing assemblies in Northern Ireland and Wales and the Scottish parliament. The danger for the Tories is that they will trapped in Little England. Their opportunity is to exploit the huge uncertainties which surround Labour's grand constitutional experi-

Conservatives must also argue with a new persuasiveness for free market and libertarian principles, while avoiding rightwing the 20th anniversary of Lady extremes. But above all they should recognise that, against a government which has occupied slaying the dragons of the past: most of their redoubts, their best hope is a clearer identity, inteltrade unions and excessive taxes. lectual rigour and infinite

Blowing bubbles in Hong Kong It's all in the name. Or at least

that's the case in the latest bout of internet fever to hit Hong Kong. Shares in telecom company New World infrastructure bubbled up

yesterday - and all it took was a bit of speculation that a Chinese company in which it holds a smallish stake might spin off its internet business and list it on Nasdaq. The name of the proposed unit

is China.com, an address in cyberspace that's bound to have pulling power. But could it be that Hong Kong's investors are getting carried away? After all, the place is already crowded with more than 130 internet service providers. And few web sites have been able to lure the kind of lucrative advertising that their US equivalents can boast. Fundamentals don't count for

much, Western institutional investors and local financiers alike are in a rush to get into the market as it rebounds. "Internet play" has become an excuse to throw money at any stock that moves. Observer can't help wondering when it'll all go pop.

Russian diplomacy

Russians have been expressing their support for their Serb brothers in some strange ways. But few have been stranger than those dreamed up by Yuri Savelyev, rector of the Baltic State Technical University in St Petersburg. First, Savelyev chose to expel a group of American lecturers who were teaching at the university. Now, he's decided to set up a scholarship in honour of Slobodan Milosevic, president of Yugoslavia.

From the beginning of the academic year, the university will award the Rbs520 monthly stipend to one Russian and one The course of study has yet to

be announced, but maybe diplomatic relations or jurisprudence would be useful additions to the curriculum.

Overdrive

Jürgen Schrempp, chief of DalmlerChrysler, seldom steps on the brakes. Globe-trotting across four continents in less than a week comes as naturally to him as adjusting a wing mirror. But his refusal to slow down has had unexpected consequences: after 35 years of marriage, he's getting a divorce.

It's all to do with last year's Daimler-Benz merger with Chrysler, which the 54 year-old Schrempp once famously dubbed "a marriage made in heaven". Making a success of the merger is so important to him, he says, that divorcing his wife became the only road to

"She wanted me to out the

brakes slowly on, and I wanted the merger with Chrysler," he says. "I had the choice: work or marriage. And I realised that the challenge of the new task meant more to me than anything in the world." So there's little chance of

Schrempp going into reverse on

OBSERVER

Business 101 Wannabe corporate raiders at

UCLA's business school may want to book a cramming session with their new dean. The recently appointed top dog Bruce Willison is a 50 year-old high-filer and certifiable bid-meister, in fact, his career reads like a case study in mergers and acquisitions.
Williaon learned his first tricks

at California bank First Interstate, where he became chief executive just in time for the last successful hostile bid to hit the US banking industry. Wells Fargo was the predator and fought off a white knight bid from First Bank Systems of Minnesota. But perhaps one of the biggest beneficiaries was Willison, who walked away from the deal with a nice wad of cash, awarded from First Interstate's poison pill

defence system. Next stop was HF Ahmanson, where Willison became president of the largest thrift, or building society, in the US. Two years ago, he helped launch a hostile bid for rival Great Western, the

number two in the business. Washington Mutual then launched a white knight bid, and won, partly because the Wells Fargo saga had made investors weary of hostile bids. Oddly enough, Mr Willison's own MBA came from UCLA's bitter cross-town rival, the University of Southern California, An offer to merge with USC, possibly followed by a white knight bid from Kellogg or Wharton, can't be ruled out.

Out of this world "Beam me up Scotty" is hardly

the corporate slogan you'd

expect for a down-to-earth business that makes machine tools. But Gildermeister has boldly gone where no German engineering company has gone before. It's turned to Captain Kirk and the star fleet crew to help flog its products on Planet Earth. So far, the company's shelled out DM250,000 to Paramount Pictures for the privilege of using the likes of Chekov, Spock and, of course, engineer Scotty in its promotional burnf. In recent weeks, thousands of glossy brochures festooned with their pictures have landed on the desks of Gildermeister's clients across the galaxy. The marketing glmmick is the

brainchild of Rüdiger Kapitza, Gildermeister's go-getting commander, who admits he's not a Trekkie. Observer hopes a Klingon doesn't get offended.

Financial Time

100 years ago

The Copper Corner There is no question that a powerful American combination has been formed to control the Copper market and the principal American copper producers. What we desire to impress upon our readers is that the market is in a highly dangerous condition either for bulls or bears. It is controlled by a powerful American clique, who command the greater portion of European stocks, and therefore hold the key of the position. The control has not been built up in a day, but is the outcome of some eighteen months of quiet work.

50 years ago

Shipping output For the first time since the end of the war, British shipyards are producing less than half of the world's total tonnage of ships. The decline is mainly due to the fact that the abnormal conditions of the post-war period, with its pent-up demand for ships all over the world, which enabled a high proportion of building to be undertaken in Britain's comparatively untouched yards, have passed, and the effect of the recovery of foreign shipyards is now being

THE LEX COLUMN

GEC switches on

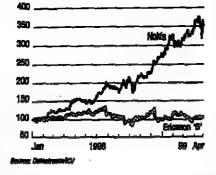
General Electric Company is trying to turn itself into Europe's Lucent. The acquisition of Fore Systems for \$4.2bn (net of cash), on top of last month's \$2.1bn purchase of Reltec, takes it to the heart of the fast-growing US telecommunications equipment market. Fore Systems brings a market-leading internet switch to complement Reltec's access products and Marconi's original transmission equipment. According to GEC, this deal "completes the physics set": it now has all the building blocks to rival Lucent and claims it is way ahead of Siemens and Alcatel, In terms of technology that may be true. But Marconi Communications' projected 1999 sales of perhaps \$5%bn are still a long way behind Lucent's \$35bn.

One way of narrowing that gap will be to cross-sell. Fore's clever switch is a hit with internet service providers but it has yet to win over traditional telecoms carriers, where Reliec and Marconi have excellent relationships. Naturally, GEC is paying a fancy price at 6.6 times revenues; but then Fore is growing at 35 per cent and Lucent paid nearly nine times sales for its larger rival Ascend.

The speed of GEC's transformation from static defence monolith to booming telecoms equipment provider in less than a year - is impressive. Yesterday's 5 per cent jump in the shares shows UK investors starting to recognise this. Nevertheless, GEC's planned Nasdaq listing later this year could release a lot more value.

This is supposed to be Ericeson's year. It has not started out that way. As Nokia, the mobile phone darling, reported a near doubling of pre-tax profits in the first quarter, Ericsson's plunged by roughly 50 per cent, Ericsson can rightly gripe at being endlessly dogged by comparisons with Nokia. After all, these are different companies. Nearly 70 per cent of Rricsson's total sales are actually not mobile handsets. Over at Nokia, the reverse is true. That said - and despite cornering a thoroughly respectable 15 per cent of the mobile market - Ericsson has undeniably been flat-footed. The product cycle, which used to look like a form of buggins' turn hetween Nokia and Ericsson, has shortened. Nokia has adapted; Ericsson has yet to show it can also, Much depends on how

Share prices relative to the Eurotop SOO index



the market reacts to the commercial launch of Ericsson's new phones later this

In the rush to beat up on Ericsson's handset problems, there is a risk of over-looking the star at the heart of the company: the mobile systems business. Here Ericsson is way ahead of the pack. Likefor-like first quarter sales jumped 47 per

The comparison in the next quarter may be more challenging. But this business certainly plays to Ericason's strengths in research and development and long-standing relationships with operators. Ericsson's challenge this year is to show it can still be a sharp consumer goods company as well.

Europe

The European economy is spluttering. Growth forecasts in the euro-zone have been revised down to just over 2 per cent this year - respectable, but not enough to make much of a dent in unemployment.

The problem is the manufacturing sector, which has been hard hit by the slowdown in world trade. Sentiment among industrialists is gloomy although there are signs it may have bottomed out. But recovery may still be tentative, thanks to the region's greater relative exposure to eastern Europe (where export volumes have slowed sharply). Fortunately, the consumer sector is strong enough to keep the economy moving forward.

seem to have painted themselves into a

CONTENTS

corner in terms of giving the economy boost. It is tough to ease fiscal policy because of the Maastricht straitjacket while the European Central Bank has indicated that the recent half-point cut in interest rates was the last for the current

The weakness of the euro is giving Europe's harassed exporters some help. Here too, however, the region is blocking off this option, with bankers and politicians recently indicating that the curren-

cy's decline has gone far enough. But what can they do to halt the euro's fall? Raising interest rates is out of the question. Intervention, with the help of the Japanese (who want to prevent the yen from becoming too strong), might at least give the euro bears a nasty shock.

Bradford & Bingley

Better off as a building society? Not according to the owners. Two years ago, five of the UK's biggest home loans insti-tutions converted into banks, showering £30hn (\$48bn) on their members. Yester-day's Bradford & Bingley vote suggests more conversions may be on the cards, even though the remaining societies are mainly hostile to change. For one thing, members are turning up the heat. B&B's are the first to vote for conversion despite the board's wish to stay mutual.

One reason is growing competition from new entrants, such as Prudential's Egg. Society customers, whose return as equity owners comes from favourable borrowing or savings rates, are finding this is being eroded. Nonetheless, a full-blown reprise of 1997 is unlikely. Most of the remaining societies are too small to float. Even B&B the second largest survivor, is probably on the cusp. Also, many of the larger societies have raised anti-conversion

Much will depend on the windfall B&B delivers. Although it has been growing fast, the society's low rates and sub-scale distribution have combined to give it a miserly return on equity of under 10 per cent. A sizeable discount to quoted mortgage banks is likely. Stripping out surplus capital, B&B could be valued at three times its £700m book value. Adding back the estimated £800m surplus gives a value In any case, Europe's policymakers of 22.4hm, or 21,000 a member. A trade sale

Directory of online services

via FT Electronic Publishing

library of over 3.5 sellion articles from the FT and

unds of other bruding newspapers and

Town to Rendel Time with

anti ordina orda

India heads for its third election in three years

Market falls as world's biggest democracy faces months of turnoil

By Mark Micholson in New Delhi

India's president called the country's third election in as many years yesterday, triggering what threatens to be a prolonged period of political uncertainty.

K.R Narayanan acted after the Bharatiya Janata party coalition, narrowly ousted in a confidence vote earlier this month, recommended dissolution of the parliament. The stock market fell 5 per cent in

sioner, will decide the date of the country's 18th post-independence election after consultations with pol-iticians and officials. Mr Gill appeared to rule out polls before the end of July.

But BJP leaders in effect launched their election campaign yesterday, by blaming the Congress party and leftwing parties for plunging the world's biggest electorate into 'unnecessary" fresh polls.

"The country has to pay for the destructiveness of the Congress party," it said, in what is likely to be

more than a week's political haggling between Congress and smaller parties failed to arrive at a workable alternative to the BJP, which they voted out by one vote on April 17.

It takes at least two months to organise a ballot for the 800m-strong Indian electorate, but Mr Gill may decide to delay the polls until after the June-September monsoons. The constitution permits a maximum of six months between the end of one parliament and the first sitting of its

However, even snap polls in late. June or July would leave India facing up to four months of drift in Delhi, effectively holding up meaningful governance. Polls in September would postpone to late this year or even early 2000 any further legis-

india's parliament already has a backlog of 106 bills, some of them now pending for two years and half of them related to economic reforms - though parliament did manage to pass the BJP coalition's February budget in the midst of the latest crisis. The backlog includes an

Elections became inevitable after insurance bill designed to open the sector to private and limited foreign investment, which now looks unlikely to be passed this year.

The histus will also affect india's post-nuclear test foreign policy, stripping the political content out of bilinteral tulks.

Negotiations with Pakistan were due to resume next month, talks with Washington were also scheduled and China resumed direct bilateral talks with India in Belling only yesterday.

US officials are resigned to the fact that india will not now be able to sign the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty by its September deadline, BJP leaders said that Mr Gill should call polls for June-July. "The caretaker government's tenure should be as small as possible," Pra-

mod Mahajan, a BJP leader, said. Mr Mahajan said the BJP would contest the polls with the same political allies - a clutch of smaller regional parties - as last time and with Atal Behari Vajpayee as its prime ministerial candidate.

Corporate restructuring takes toll on Japanese private demand

Fears that private demand in Japan may be undermined by corporate restructuring were reinforced by unexpectedly gloomy data yesterday. Job losses and the fear of unemployment appear to have weakened

consumer confidence, which is feeding through into week production Sales at chain stores and department stores during March showed a

significant deterioration from Rehmery's lavels. In the automotive sector, production for the 12-month period slumped

to a 20-year low. Although automotive output rose a year-on-year 3.8 per cent in March, it was mainly because of high

demand for low-margin vehicles under 600cc, Output for the year to March fall 7.5 per cent to just 9.97m units, the the Japanese Automobile Manufacturers Association.

James Miller, president of Mazda Motor, the automotive group, yesterday forecast that total industry unit sales in the current financial year would total only 5.8m, slightly lower then last year's results.

Private demand represents more than 60 per cent of Japan's economy. A poll published in yesterday's Asahi Shimbun newspaper showed: that 82 per cent of Japanese were worried that they or their family's main serners would suffer a sharp drop in income or be made redun-

Beconomists say such fears explain why the propensity to spend is at its lowest level on record. Unemployment is at a record high of

Sales in chain stores, including supermarkets, dropped a year-on-

10m mark since 1979, according to Association began compiling data the Japanese Automobile Manufacunder the current method in April 1977.

The association said the government's afforts to raise demand by issuing coupons had falled because they were merely being used to substitute for cash that would have been spent anyway. It added that weak take-home pay - in the form of wages, overtime and bonuses - had

also hit consumer spending. Other types of stores also posted disappointing results. The Japan Department Stores Association blamed the long recession, rising unemployment and unseasonable weather for a 7.3 per cent drop in sales last month. Brian Rose, economist at Warburg Dillon Read in Tokyo described the data as "dismal

and absolutely terrible". Retail sales data are to be published today. Most private economists are predicting a year-on-year year 8 per cent in March, the worst fall of between 5 per cent and

Section Section 35

Editorials. American News Lettere . International Name Observer Asia-Pucific News 9.10 Arts Build

Features

Airbus industrie said it would go sheed with production of a 100-seet jet, the A318, after taking 109 firm orders for the stroraft, Page 4

Europe today

Scandinavia will continue dry and mild with sun, especially in southern Norwey, Russia and Ukraine will continue mild as high ressure moves east. Eastern Europe, the Balkans and the sunshine and showers, some thundery, although southern Greece will be sunny and warm.

Much of western Europe and the unsettled with showers or rain, the rain heavy in southern France and

northern Italy. The Low Countries and northern France will stay dry.

and gradually moving east. Much of the rest of Europe will have

showers or rain. The rain will be

heavy over Spain and France tomorrow night before it moves

Five-day forecast Scandinavia will become increasingly cloudy, with rain

.com

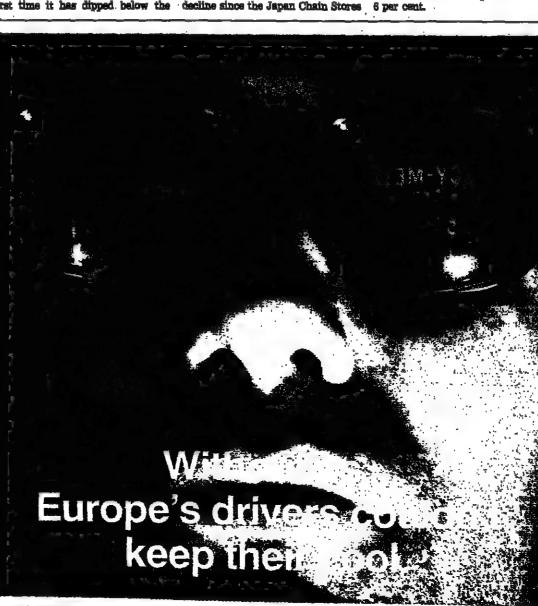
American Company News. Marketa

Bond futures and options Sixon term, interest rates

Money markets FT/S&P-A World Indices Buro Markets World stock market federas London Shere service FIRE Actuaries 11K above inclines Recent Issues, UK . Dividends announced, UK.

FT WEATHER GUIDE

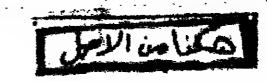
into northern Italy on Thursday. PA WEATHERCENTRE 3000

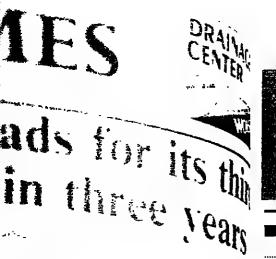


Only 40% of Europe's car and light truck drivers enjoy air-conditioned comfort, compared with 97% in North America. It's a gap Bundy is moving fast to fill, just nine months after acquiring the US leader in air conditioning systems. A new Czech Republic facility now manufactures Bundy air conditioning products previously imported from North America. Bundy has just won its first European contract, worth an estimated £4 million, to bring the benefits of front and rear air conditioning to Europe's van drivers. Automotive air conditioning components from Kenmore Italiana, Milan, a recent £20 million acquisition, confirm Bundy's pole position as a driving force for cooler motorists throughout Europe. Bundy is one of TI Group's four specialised engineering businesses, the others being John Crane, Forsheda and Dowty. Each one is a technical and market leader in us field. Together, their specialist skills enable TI Group to get the critical answers right for its customers. Worldwide.

> TI Group Global Specialised Engineering

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FINANCIAL TIMES

COMPANIES & MARKETS

TUESDAY APRIL 27 1999

oying anyone. eats, even in the UK. 📇 British Midland 🤄

INSIDE

Snuff sales boost Swedish Match Rapid growth in moist snuff sales in the US has boosted first-quarter profits for Swedish Match, the tobacco products group, as smokers try to find smokeless alternatives to cigarettes. The sale of moist snuff is banned in European Union countries except for Sweden, where citizens consume more than 150m tins a year and 15 per cent of the population uses it. Page 20

Siam Cement yields to hard times



Chumpol Natamlieng (left), president of Sian Cement, claims to be walking naked" in Thailand's post-crash corporate world as the country's biggest manufacturing conglomerate embraces transparency. Saddled with \$4.2bn in unhedged foreign debt and facing a surge in competition.

the formerly secretive blue chip is opening up to shareholders now times are hard. Page 22

Satellite phones fall to catch on Iridium's \$5bn launch of the world's first handheld satullite mobile phone service is falling to attract enough customers. The US group blames poor marketing but the loss of key executives suggests a basic fault. Page 24

Rubber pact losès two key members The International pact on natural rubber prices looks certain to fall apart after the International Natural Rubber Organisation (inro) failed to prevent Thailand and Malaysia from leaving the producers and consumers' body. Page 32

investors unmoved by Casablanca Casablanca was one of the best performers in cent on the back of growth in mutual funds. But it has fallen by 4 per cent recently and investors are proving hard to please. Page 42

> Canada gas heads south for revenue Two pipelines completed last year added 15 per cent to Canada's natural gas export capacity, transforming the prospects of companies formerly unable to take advantage of US prices up to 50 per cent higher than at home. Page 32

> Sankyo in need of good remedles Sankyo is in trouble. The top-selling product of Japan's second largest drugs group, a choiceterol treatment, is facing slowing sales growth while its most recent launch, a diabetes treatment, has falled to find favour with the US Food and Drug Administration. Page 26

> Drought threatens jute production Lack of rain in India and Bangladesh, the two largest producers of jute, is threatening a worldwide shortage. The price of benchmark grade iD-4 rose 10 per cent in a month, to Rs10.150 (\$237) a tonne. Commodities. Page 32

> > 19 ICO Global Commi

10 Log On America

New World Infra

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Smith (WH)

24 UniCredito

19 W.H. Smith

19 WestLB Asset Mat.

24 Vision Express

Software AG

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on JCDectu

on Kuoni

20 Lees

COMPANIES IN THIS ISSUE

BCI **BSCH**

CVG

First Choice

General Electric Com

CROSSWORD, Page 32

MARKET STATISTICS

Beachmerk Govi bonds Bond lutures and options Dividends announced, Ui Euro Markets Eurobond prices Fixed interest indices FT/S&P-A World Indices

36,37 Emerging Market bonds 30 FTSE Actuaries share indices Foreign exchange Gibs prices London share service Managed funds service Money markets New Intl band Issues Recent issues. LIK Short-term bit rates Sinck markets at a giano US interest rates

ACQUISITION COMPLETES 'FINAL PIECE OF PUZZLE' IN TRANSFORMATION OF UK DEFENCE BUSINESS INTO INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY GROUP

GEC buys Fore Systems for \$4.2bn

By Christopher Price In London, Roger Taylor in San Francisco and Daniel Boglèr in New York

General Electric Company of the UK underlined its transformation into a telecommunications equipment group yesterday with the \$4.2bn acquisition of Fore Systems of the US. The move comes a month

after GEC paid \$2.1bn for Reltec Corp, also of the US, and follows the £7bn disposal of GEC's defence business to British Aerospace in January. The company said then it would

spend the proceeds on tele- ket share or increase geocoms acquisitions. The purchase marks the end

for the first time it will have gearing. The company's embarrassment of riches and how to spend its resources has been a big strategic question for successive GEC managements. GEC shares closed up 291/ap at 6081/ap. John Mayo, finance director,

said Fore Systems was "the final piece in GEC's technology puzzle". Any further pur- and Marconi's call software chases would be to gain mar-

Once the defence disposal of GEC's traditional cash pile; had been completed, GEC would apply to have itself remarket as an information technology group, he said. It would also seek a listing on the Nasdaq market in the US. Fore Systems, also quoted on

asdag, specialises in internet switching equipment. Its expertise added to Reltec's strength in the access segment

Butterfield & Butterfield

position in the telecoms equipment market, particularly in the US, Mr Mayo said.

"Only Lucent has anything near as comparable to our classified on the London stock reach," he said. GEC's revenues from the US, less than half its total before the Reltec deal, would rise to around 65 per cent of the total. GEC is paying \$35 a share, a

43 per cent premium to Fore's closing price last Friday. Fore reported revenues of \$632m in the 12 months to March 31.

Fore is one of the few products to give GEC a strong remaining data networking

along with Cabletron Systems and Newbridge Networks and has long been the subject of takeover speculation. It specialises in Asynchronous Transfer Mode, a system

for sending data at high speed over networks used by many telephone companies to manage heavy traffic loads. However, it has had increas-

ing success selling its equipment to operators of public networks such as internet service providers and telephone companies, Level Three and Lax, Page 18

companies of acquirable size - Time Warner Communications are among its customer

GEC's acquisition is the latthe data networking business. Lucent Technologies bas bought Ascend Communications, Alcatel of France has bought Xylan, and Siemens a

number of smaller companies. Analysts said GEC's acquisitions gave it the necessary expertise and product range to compete in this market but it was still a new player.

eBay to take over Butterfield

Online group agrees \$260m stock deal for auction house

By John Labata in New York

Butterfield & Butterfield, the third largest traditional US auction house, yesterday agreed to be taken over by eBay, the fast-growing online auction company, in an audaclous stock deal valued at The 134-year-old auction

company, based in San Francisco, yielded to the financial clout eBay wields thanks to its highly rated shares.

Yesterday eBay had a market capitalisation of more than The deal was the boldest

attempt yet by eBay to expand internet auctioning from its base of low-end collectables into the world of fine arts and upmarket collectables. The two companies had formed recent auction alli-

ances but few in the art or internet sectors had expected a "It came as a big surprise," said Daile Kaplan, vice presi-

dent of Swann Galleries in CJ Simpson's 1968 He New York. "The implications are far-reaching. internet analysts and inv

tors approved of the deal, send-

ing eBay's shares \$12% higher in midday trading to \$212%. Butterfield's revenues last ear reached \$20m, with proforma net income of \$1.5m. eBay had not income of \$2.4m on revenues of \$47m in 1998. Butterfield was days away from launching its own initial public offering, now withdrawn, that was expected to raise as much as \$18m on Wall Street, eBay said the acquisition would be accretive to



Analysts considered the move a key expansion for eBay, which holds some twothirds of the person-to-person online auction business. gives them more sophisticated content and their customers will get some quality assurance." said Sue Rothberg. senior analyst at Gomez

Advisors. It also comes at a time of growing competition in the person-to-person online auction market, with operations begun recently by online groups Amazon.com and

Yahoo! eBay said yesterday it planned few changes to Butterfield's auction houses, but had big plans to incorporate its team of 50 art authenticators and high-end auctions to its own internet site.

Butterfield specialises in the middle tier of high-end auctions, with prices on average between \$300 and \$10,000. eBay continues to meet huge demand from consumers, adding some 200,000 auction

items each day. Yesterday's deal appeared timed to head off the debuts of

internet offerings by the two leading auction houses, Sotheby's and Christie's, later this year. "It makes it a lot harder for Sotheby's to launch with a bang in that market," said Evie Black Dykema, online analyst at Forrester Research.

eBay's move comes in the early stages of art auctions on the internet.

Sotheby's plans to launch its online auction site in July, with a collection of high-end basebali memorabilia. Christie's website is expected to launch in September.

Chenault named chief executive of **American Express**

Kenneth Chenault, president of American Express, was yesterday named as the group's next chief executive, positioning him to become the first black American to run a prominent US multinutional.

The 18-year veteran of the payment-card company will succeed Harvey Golub as chief executive in two years' and chairman a year later, the company said.

Though several black Americans have risen to positions of power in corporate America, none have yet headed a company of the scale

or prominence of American Mr Chenault has always played down his racial back- possible confusion about my ground, preferring to have the spotlight highlighting his track record as an executive. He said he would retain "ulti-He has won a strong following mate responsibility and decion Wall Street for his part in sion-making authority" during American Express's turn- the next two years.

around since the early-1990s. Changuit have stemmed the slide in the company's market share, branched credit cards and successfully hit back at the bank-owned payment networks Visa and

Mester Carri. Mr Chenault, 47, was elevated to the position of president two years ago and his eventual succession to Mr Golub, 60, had been widely forecast. However, the handover will come earlier than Wall Street expected, at a time when Mr Golub is still three



years from the company's mandatory retirement age. Explaining the unusual move of announcing the suc

cession in advance. Mr Golub said he wanted to "avoid any retirement plans" and make sure the switch was orderly. While shunning attention to

During that period Mr Golub his race in his work life, Mr Chenault has bee associated with initiatives linked to other prominent African Americans. His board seats include the Arthur Ashe Institute for Urban Health named after the first black player to win the Wimbledon tennis tournament - and the Ronald H. Brown Foundation, named after the late US

> Mr Chenault, a lawyer and former management consultant, joined American Express as director of strategic

C&W confirms cable arm sale to Global Crossing

By Christopher Price in London and William Lawin in Nam York

Cable and Wireless yesterday confirmed it is to sell its undersea cable-laying busine to Global Crossing of the US for £550m (\$885m).

It was the UK telecommunications group's third announcement involving disposals, or potential sales, in as many weeks. It further underlined the strategy of Graham Wallace, the new chief executive, to make fundamental changes to C&W's business.

This latest move takes C&W away from one of the areas it pioneered. It comes weeks after C&W put One-2-One, its jointly-owned cellular phone operator, up for sale, and confirmed its UK cable business was in possible merger talks increasing focus on the operation of communications networks, in particular data and

"The price represents good value for C&W shareholders, and the cash realised will strengthen our position to invest in the networks and services of the future."

Mr Wallace is understood to want C&W to pull out of busi-nesses in which it has neither influence nor control or that are peripheral to its role as a provider of business communications services.

Global Crossing is building and operating a global fibreoptic telecoms system that uses internet technology for transmission. It will span four continents and be capable of carrying more than half the Stephen Petit, C&W director world's international data and

"This sale is in line with our ing will pay £450m in cash and assume £100m in debt for the business, called Global Marine The deal includes provision for C&W to have access to the facilities of Global Marine for the installation and maintenance of its cables.

> Bill Carter, president of Global Crossing, said: "With their credibility and their history, it helps us a lot. It also saves us some money, and there will be a lot of revenue with it also, C&W Marine is a perfect match for us."

He played down the likelihood of Global Crossing mak-ing further acquisitions in this area. Mr Carter said "I don't have anything else on the horizon that I know of."

The transaction is expected to be completed within 60

Greek bank aims to raise \$550m

By Karin Hope In Athens

National Bank of Greece, the country's biggest financial group, yesterday launched a Dr170.7bn (\$553m) rights issue to strengthen the balance sheet ahead of Greece's probable adoption of the euro in January 2001. The one-for-10 issue, consist-

ing of 14.8m shares at Dr11,500 per share, will be the largest to date by an Athens-listed company. It will increase NBG's sations hold about 38 per cent. capital base to Dr226bn, marking another stage in its effort to become a European-sized institution. Another 6.5m shares will be offered later this year when the next tranche of a convertible bond issue held

by the Greek government and crisis had not affected plans to state-controlled pension funds The rights issue comes as

NBG prepares to list on the New York Stock Exchange in June. The listing is aimed at broadening the shareholder base, which is still dominated by Greek state and publicsector organisations. International institutions hold about 20 per cent of NBG's equity. while state-controlled organi-

The bank expects to reduce the overall state shareholding to about 34 per cent this year. Proceeds from the rights issue will help finance NBG's kans. Officials said the Kosovo

in Albania, Bulgaria and Romania. These mainly serve Greek companies involved in this mouth, NBG began negotiations with Macedonia to acquire a majority stake in Stopanska Banka, the Balkan country's biggest bank.

NBG will also participate in rights issues by its main subsidiaries. National Insurance, the group's insurance arm, also plans to expand in the Balkans. Meanwhile, Atlantic Bank, the New York-based subsidiary that is the biggest of NBG's overseas retail expansion in the south Bal- operations, is preparing to extend its network in the US.

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TI Group

Scale helps BSCH to higher earnings

By Tom Burns in Medrid

Spain's newly merged Banco Santander Central Hispano, BSCH, yesterday showed its earnings muscle by posting first quarter attributable Income of €368.4m (\$392.1m), a profit that is expected to be one of the largest in the curo-zone.

the two banks, which joined per cent up on the profits quarter but its net profits of

Hispano reported separately in the first three months of

The results succested that the enlarged bank is building a commanding position in domestic finance. Last week Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, Spain's second-ranked banking institution and formerly of capital over the required The combined income of a close rival of Santander, also reported a 25 per cent income increase in the first

capital at the end of March of €16.8bn, 4.4 per cent up on the combined total of Santander and Central Hispano a year ago and providing, under BIS criteria, a surplus minimum of about 65bn. The bank said it planned to redeem a number of pre-ferred stock options in dol-

The advantages of size lower cost in order to optim-were illustrated by BSCH's ise the cost of funds and shareholder returns. :: BSCH's bottom line profit

> increase in earnings from . core banking and recurring income items. General expenses rose only 1,4 per cent year-onyear and analysis said cost

was fuelled by a 39.5 per cent

tions business targets this year and rent that will in . 57 per cent. part be realised through a reduction of at Mest 10 per cent of its cost base. The reduction will come through branch closures, systems

It has piedged an annual income growth of 25 per the efficiency ratio improved reductions as a result of the cent, an increase in return from 6LA per cent to 57.4 per merger have still to work on equity (ROE) to 19-20 per cunt.

that Santander and Central £231m lagged well behind lars and replace them with their way through into the cent, a reduction in the not Hispano reported separately those posted by BSCH preferred stock in curos at a results. performing loan ratio to 2 per cent and a cost to BSCH has outlined ambi-

income efficiency ratio of At the first quarter stage BSCH appeared on track to meet those targets. ROE increased year-on-year from 16 per cent to 16.5 per cent. the NPL ratio fell from 2.1

Ericsson learns to look ahead

The mobile phone company is paying for its failure to plan, writes Nicholas George

Deople want new phones The immediate cause of and they buy Nokia, the problem was pinpointed Ericsson doesn't have as a drop in sales and profits anything particularly new available," mumbles a sales-man in a mobile telephone more upmarket shopping districts.

Such comments are not new to Bricsson's Sven-Christer Nilsson, After a year as chief executive of the equipment maker, he is having to live with the consequences of what analysts say is the company's failure to read the mobile handsot

After reporting strong quarterly profits growth for 16 consecutive quarters, it was the quietly spoken Mr Nilsson who had to announce this year that the upward trend had broken in the fourth quarter of 1996.

near-doubling of profits, ness." Ericsson had to admit that Wh its profits had halved. Moreover, the company warned that it did not expect full-

of its mobile bandset division. Even though volumes increased by 37 per cent. Ericsson products slipped inexorably down-market and were unable to extract the

premium margins enjoyed

Mr Nilsson says the weak result has been caused by the nature of the mobile phone product life cycle, with an ageing model range sliding down to the middle and lower segment of the market, "To me it is not acceptable to have this result, but at least we know why. There will be shorter product cycles in the future," he said.

Bo Edvardsson, an analyst with Fischer Partners, said: "Primarily he is paying for old sins he took over. The problem is that Ericsson did even bleaker. While rival not have the urgency it Nokia of Finland reported a needed in the handset busi-

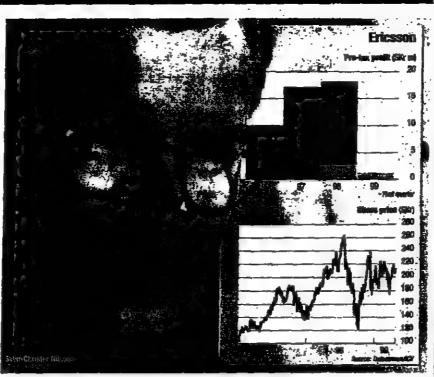
> becomes widely available in July it will be more than 18 months since the company had its last important hand-

with the fixed- line pany reported a SKr313m (\$37.4m) loss in the first quarter. He said restructuring was going well with break-even expected this year, but declining sales in Latin America and Southeast Asia were creating difficulties. Further job cuts on top of the II.000 already

r Nilsson said the Company was in the process of being transformed from primarily a manufacturer relying on its traditional circuit switch internet protocol and mobile

is mobile systems, where the company reported a 47 per cent jump in sales and improved operating margins. For example, in infrastruc-ture for the GSM mobile standard the company now had well over 40 per cent of the world's market, Mr Nils-

"We are definitely incre ing our market shares in infrastructure. We have a very good position in the US we will increase our market share there in mobile Yet even here the com-imprastructure, which is the pany has been criticised for this field.



basis for the mobile inter- not making the kind of

et." aggressive acquisitions of US Ericsson hopes to profit internet equipment and assfrom telephone operators vice companies that its comneeding to upgrade their net- petitors have. works to cope with the mobile internet and the massive increase in data traffic now being generated by the area," Mr Nilsson said,

working proved that the company would make com-

emphasising that Ericsson

purchase of Torrent Net plementary acquisitions if a good opportunity arises. Mr Nilsson has said 1999 is not the year for a bumper

harvest, yet investors will want to see signs that the new crops are growing

Snuff instead of puff boosts Swedish Match

By Micholae Seorge In Stockholm

Rapid growth in moist spuff sales in the US has boosted first-quarter profits for Swedish Match, the tobacco products group, as smokers try to find smokeless alternatives to cicareties.

The sale of moist snuff has been banned in the European Union except for Sweden since 1992. The shuff is placed between the top lip and gum and sucked. Swedes consume more than 150m tins a year and about 15 per cent of the population are

The product has become more popular as restrictions on smoking have increased Sales have also been helped by the development of a more-user friendly system for consumption with individual portions being prepacked in perforated paper pouches. Traditionally the loose snuff is proched into a ball between thumb and forefinger before being

inserted in the mouth. At Stockholm's main subway station special spittoons have been installed to encourage users, 10 per cent spit their snuff on the floor. Each tin carries a health

warning that the product

NUTICE TO BONDROLDERS OF

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Incorporated as a company Artists
by attents in Theren, R.C.C.)
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Dated: April 27, 1999

causes cancer. However Swedish Match is campaigning to have this removed because it says there is no ovidence that this is the

In the US about 800m tins are consumed a year with the market growing at 2-3 por cent a year, in the three months to March 31, Swedish Match's US sales rose by 58 per cent and the company now takes a 6 per cent share of the expanding market.

The company's worldwide shuff sales rose to SKr376m (\$45m) from SKr295m with an operating profit in the Total company sales,

which include clearettes. cigars, chewing and pipe tobacco as well as lighters and matches, rose to SKr2.12bn with a first quarter pre-tax profit of SKr429m up from SKr311m. "One reason for the

increase of moist small in the US is that for people who want to stop smoking it is a good substitute as they still get the tobacco taste," said Sven Hendrikes, chief financial officer at Swedish Match. He said the company would continue its strategy of expanding in smokeless products and brown tobacco products such as cigars and pipe tobaccu.

Dated April 20, 190

Decaux buys Havas outdoor arm

the acquisitive utilities and communications conglomerate, said yesterday it was selling its outdoor advertising operations to JC Decaux. a privately owned French advertising and urban property specialist. The sales price, after an

auction process was set at just over FFr6bn (6915m. US\$974m) including debt, equivalent to 1.8 times 1998 Decaux said the deal

would make it the world

Jean-Claude Decaux, chairman, said he believed in the strengthening of the billbourd medium during a proliferation of TV channels

and the internet explosion, which fragmented the audience of consumers at home. The transaction, subject to consultations with employee in transport advertising, and representatives, will generate a consolidated capital in luminous displays, with gain after tax for Vivendi of 200 sites in 16 countries.

Plans to sell the outdoor

By Bank Owen in Paris

number one in outdoor advertising. The combined deal effered "excellent guar-" the Havas group's focus on agrees for the long-term its cure publishing and multimedia over of about Pfrebn and future of HMC Outdoor timedia activities."

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Outdoor advertising activities at Hayas generated sales of FFr3.4bn in 1998, with companies including Avenir, Europe's Jeading billboard specialist, with 100.000 dis-playishes in nine countries, HMC Transports, a specialist Claude Publicité, a specialist

Eric Licoys, managing advertising business had director of Vivendi and chief been announced earlier as

received five offers, with one person close to the bidding last week identifying Decaux and Outdoor Systems International of the US as favour ites. It is understood that the US network which owns TDI. Clear Channel, the US radio and advertising company, and Texas Pacific, the US venture capital group.

Havas emphasised yester day that its 30 per cent interest in Havan Advertising was

FDA backs Roche obesity drug

Roche, Switzerland's second biggest pharmaceutical company, has finally won US Food and Drug Administra-tion approval to sell Xenical (Orlistat), a new type of antiobesity drug, which many analysts believe will revolutionise Roche's fortunes.

Notice to Holders of

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Columbia/HCA Healthcare Corporation ("Columbia/HCA") has declared a Committee, 1978. A Perantisare Corporation (*Committee Perantisare Corporation of Committee Perantisare Conditions, subject to certain conditions, to bubbers of record of Columbia/HCA continue stock and Columbia/HCA non-voting committee (collectively, the *Columbia/HCA Stock*) Holders of record of Columbia/HCA Stock as of the close of furthers

on April 30, 1999 will receive use (1) share of the common stock of Lifepoint Hospitals, Inc. and use (1) share of the common stock of Triad Hospitals, Inc. for every nancten (19) shares of Columbia/HCA Stock owned as of the class of

* The CCSLP anniber listed above is provided for the connectioner of the Holders of the Publishmen, and neither Colombia/HCL nor the Proper varyants in correspond or accompan

U.S. \$400,000,000

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Floating Rate Capital Notes 2005

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is

hereby given that for the six months interest Period from April 27, 1999 to October 27, 1999 the Notes will carry an

Interest Rate of 5.1875% per annum. The interest psychile on the relevant interest psyment date, October 27, 1999 against Coupon No. 29 will be U.S. \$263.70.

By: The Chage Manhattan Bealt

London, Agent Bank

April 27, 1999

COLUMBIA/NCA HEALTHCARE CONFORATION

The FDA has approved a "clean label" for the new drug which significantly success in a market where over 58m people suffer from obesity and spend \$30bn a year on weight loss

Roche's non-voting shares jumped over 4 per cent, to SFr17,850 yesterday follow-

Roche's US breakthrough with Xenical follows a series of delays in its US launch,

because of concerns about increased risk of breast can-cer, and problems with other potential "blockbuster" Last year Rocke had to withdraw Posicor, a heart drug, after detecting harmful side effects, and the Euro-

pean Union and Canada suspended the use of Tasmar, a drug for treating Par- your, or nearly twice as fast kinsons disease. Both drugs as arch rival Novartis. had been labelled as poten-

tial "blockbuster" drugs by analysts.

over the last few years, have started to accelerate recently and the group's ability to maintain faster than average growth rests heavily on the success of Xenical.

Michael Sjöström, of Geneva's Banque Pictet, believes that Xenical will achieve annual sales of around years' time, and Roche should be able to achieve sales growth of 12 per cent to 13 per cent in the current Mr Sjöström said the big

unknown remained the dropout rates by patients who Roche's sales, which had did not have the self-disciexpected cost of around \$100 a month.

Over im people bave taken Kenical to dafe, and with US approval it will be on sale in 18 countries Xenical is the first of a new class of drugs known as fat blockers which act through the gastro-intestinal chemistry. It can cut the

absorption of dietary fat by Patrick Zenner, chief executive of Roche's US affiliate said that Xenical will provide "significant benefit to millions of obese where obesity was escalating

manager, will have \$22bn

It said that the disposal

focus on areas in which it

had a clear competitive

advantage. The price was

Criterion, whose US insti-

tutional clients include pen-

sion funds and union pen-

sion plans, will remain as a

stand-alone operation in

Houston employing 54

under management.

not disclosed.

WestAM moves into US with Criterion purchase

Banking Correspondent

Germany's WestLB Asset investment arm of completed a strategic Management has made its first move into the US narket, buying a Houstonbased fixed income business with \$9bn under manage-

The addition of Criterion investment Management. which has been part of Nicholas-Applegate Capital Management since 1995, will increase WestAM's funds to build a global bonds busiunder management to ness in the same way that it

Luke Nunneley, WestAhr's bonds and equity operation global head of marketing, from scratch after buying now account for 85 per cent said that Criterion was an the investment licence of Important acquisition because it added expertise in US fixed income products and credit analysis techniques, which were transfer-

able into the European mar-

WestAM, the institutional Westdeutsche Landesbank, restructuring intended to had identified US bonds, US equities and global equities and asset allocation as areas in which it was likely to add product expertise through acquisition, he said.

It aimed to conclude further deals before the end of 1998 By contrast, it was likely was creating a Japanese

Takugin-Hokkaido Bank last After selling Criterion, Nicholas-Applegate, a San Diego-based Investment

The deal will diversify WestAM's client base, of which German institutions

of hunds under manage But expanding the product range carried a more immediate priority than broadening the client list. Mr

Gulf widens over Italian banks merger

proposed merger with Banca rival, yesterday appeared to hang in the balance with BCI's management led by the bank's two joint chief executives favouring the deal and shareholders close

BCI's shareholders meeting tomefrow are expected to provide an important indication on the power struggle inside the bank and on the chances of the merger going

The shareholders meeting follows last week's rejection by Banca di Roma of a share exchange merger hid from San Paolo-IMI, the Turin UniCredito's merger offer for

The two proposed mergers; if successful, would have reshaped the Italian banking industry. However, the Bank of Italy and Mediobanca, the Milan investment bank, have opposed the deals and had campaigned for an alternative merger of Banca di Roma and BCL

Mediobanca has become concerned at seeing its influundermined by these consolidations. Enrico Cuccia, its veteran honorary chairman, and Vincenzo Maranghi, its chief executive, have been lobbying both in Rome and among their traditional

UniCredito Italiano's Antonio Fazio, governor of the Bank of Italy, last week Commerciale Italiana, its expressed strong misglyings Milan commercial banking over the proposed merger between Banca di Roma and San Paolo-IMI and said he opposed hostile acquisitions in the banking sector.

16

While Banca di Roma considered the San Paolo-IMI proposal hostile and "unacceptable", BCI's manage-ment appears to favour the link with UniCredito to create an enlarged banking group with total assets of more than L500,000bn (@258bn, \$275bn).

The UniCredito and BCl proposed merger has also received approval from the banking and analyst community. In a study published last week J.P. Morgan said announced last month its the merger "makes a lot of offer simultanenously with sense" and there was " a close strategic fit between

the two banks". UniCredito has also assured Mediobanca it had ment bank which would be-17.6 per cent owned by the merged group since UniCredito and BCI each own 8.8 per cent of Mediobanca.

However, Mediobanca, which owns 12 per cent of Assicurazioni Generali. italy's largest insurer and a core BCI shareholder, has continued to seek to stop the merger. There were suggestions yesterday its allies on the BCI board might try to unseat BCI's chief executives because of their support for the UniCredito link-up.

NEWS DIGEST

TECHNOLOGY

Software AG makes a subdued Frankfurt debut

maker, made a subdued debut on the Frankfurt stock exchange yesterday, closing at €30, the same price as the exchange yesterday, closing at €30, the same price as the company's initial publishing in stitutional investors in Europe and the 115 subspribed for more tight 14 five 50% were AG sharps, paking it one of the largest IPOs of a software company, with an offer size of €436m (\$464m).

ever, the or s at the bottom end of the book building range of €30-37. Industry analysts said this reflected intense competition for turis among the more than 40 German companies that have issued IPOs this year, as well as market concern that some newly quoted software and technology enterprises may be running into difficult trading conditions. Germany's third largest tale-communications group! Debitel, lauriched itself on the stock exchange last month with an initial price of 631, but it closed yesterday at 627,30, =

It closed yesterday at \$27.30. Software AG acknowledged that it faced "challenging and volatile market semitiment, especially in the software sector", but said it was real-placed to take advantage of opportunities thrown up by the growth of the internet and electronic business. The company turned in solid results for the first three growths of the year recording a 13.2 results. for the first three months of this year, reporting a 13.2 per cent increase in revenues to DM157.5m (680.5m, \$85.7m). Pre-tax profit rose by 55.5 per cent to DM21.3bn. About 56 per cent of Software AG's shares are now held by public investors, with the rest in the hands of a charitable trust set up seven years ago by the company's founder, Peter Schnell. Tony Sauber, Frankfurt

SWEDEN

Bank reduces loan losses

Shares in Svenska Handelsbanken, Sweden's largest bank, rose over 7 per cent yesterday after profits came out well above analysts' expectations. Supported by increased commissions and lower loan losses, the bank's operating profit in the three months to March 31 was SK/2.17bn

(\$260m), against SKr2.28bn a year earlier. The bank said its share of the mutual funds market had increased to 10 per cent and its share of new savings rose to 14.4 per cent from 10.2 per cent. Net commission income rose 11 per cent to SKr868m with loan losses down to SK25m. Handelsbanken's most commonly traded A shares closed up SKr23 at SKr332.50. Micholas George, Stockholm

austria

Fee income lifts Erste Bank

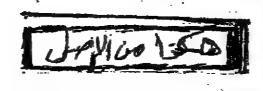
Erste Bank, Austria's second largest bank, yesterday reported a 3.9 per cent advance in first-quarter net operating income to Sch1.18bn (686m, \$91m), as rising commission and fee income helped to offset a fall in net profit from trading activities. Reinhard Ortner, chief financial officer, said the bank expected restructuring to continue in Austria's savings banks sector, of which Erste is the central institution.

Erste recently exchanged its branches in Upper Austria for a bigger stake - up from 2 per cent to 26 per cent and pre-emptive rights in the province's Linz-based savings bank. It was likely to follow this with a similar deal, involving only pre-emptive rights, with the savings bank in Styria. Such deals not only extended Erste's effective market share, but defended against incursions such as the stake taken recently by Germany's Bayerische Landesbank in the Tyrol savings bank. Clay Harris, London

POLAND

BRE targets slice of Big Bank

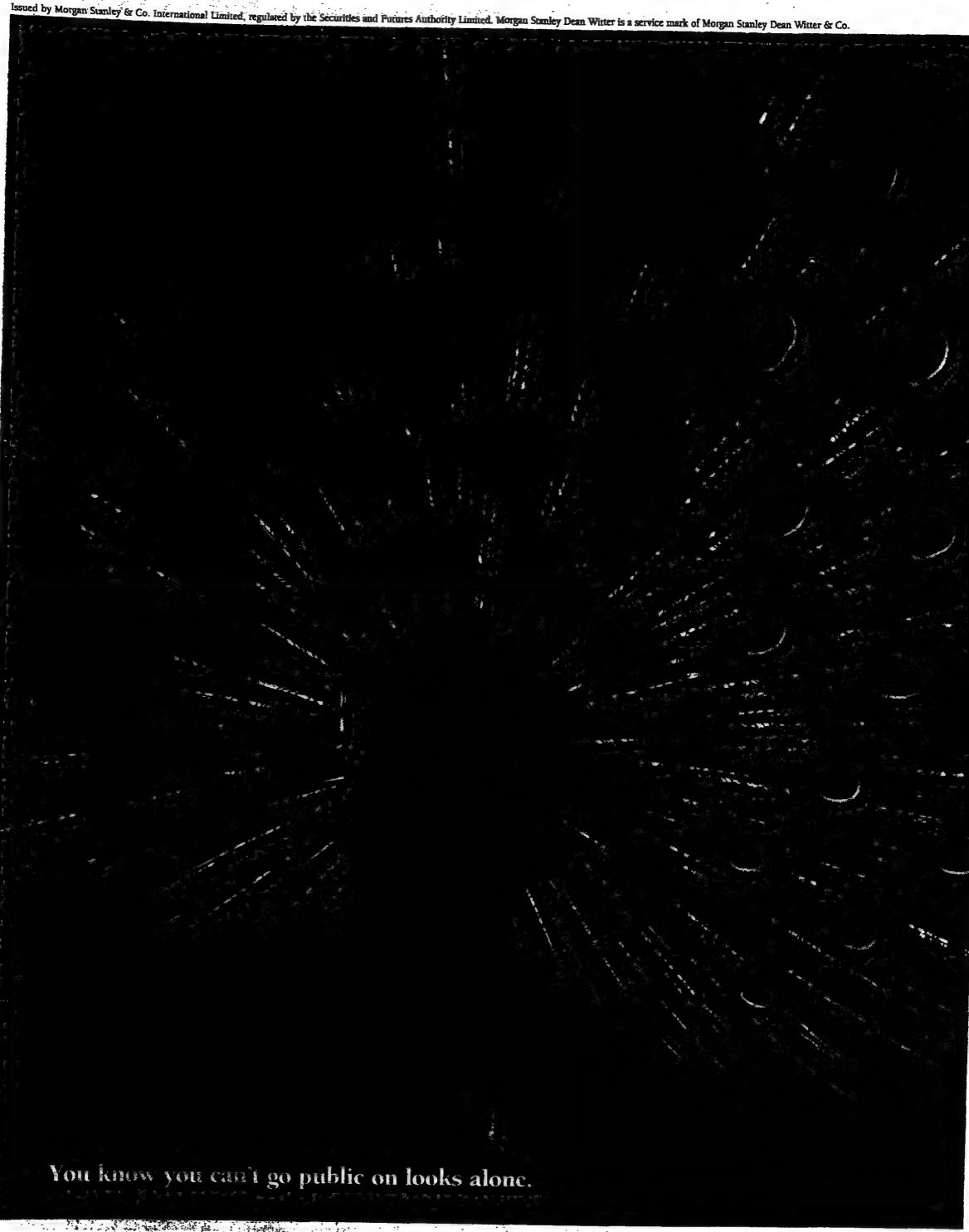
Potand's Big Bank Gdanski shares rose by 9.9 per cent yesterday after BRE, another listed local bank, announced it had applied to the central bank for permission to raise its existing 9.99 per cent stake in Big to 24.99 per cent, The move by BRE, which has Commerzbank as its strategic investor, comes after Deutsche Bank announced recently it had bought 9.99 per cent of Big on the Warsaw Stock Exchange. Christopher Bobinski, Warsaw



Gulf Widen over Italian, banks merg

Sativare AG makes 1-

SECURE Frankfurt di



The markets look for more than meets the eye.

Which makes it difficult for them to see companies — and whole

which makes it conficult for them to see companies — and whole industries like points — that are new unfamiliar, hard to evaluate or not recognised as traditional investments.

You need to get them to see things in the right context.

Thats why you choose a firm that's been here before. A firm with credibility antione global institutions, a formidable retail arm and a reputation for creating the right investor base.

Right now they're preparing the global markets for your stock

offering. Putting monetary values on things that defy conventional valuation. Selecting the right exchange on which to list your stock. Finding the right investors — across Europe and the world — to give you balanced global distribution. And making sure that markets everywhere understand your company's true value and potential.

There's more to do, but you're sure it will be done — and done with the disciplines you all the disciplines you

right — by this team of people who bring you all the disciplines you need, plus one powerful belief.

Anything is possible.

MORGAN STANLEY DEAN WITTER

Geneva Hong Kong Amsterdam. Frankfurt Johannesburg London Luxembourg Madrid Melbourne Milan Toronto

HK internet stocks rise as Chinese unit eves Nasdaq listing

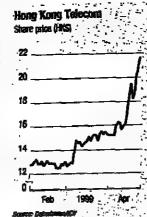
Hong Kong's affair with internet stocks hit a new high yesterday, sending New World Infrastructure up 13.5 per cent on rumours that an internet associate of the company in China would list a unit on Nasdaq.

The stock shot up on reports, later confirmed by New World infrastructure, that its affiliate China Internet, planned to list a division of the company, China.com, on Nasdaq in the next couple of months

New World Infrastructure, which has a 12 per cent stake in China Internet. is the latest beneficiary of a buying binge that has seen prices of telecom companies like Hongkong Telecommunications, City Telecom and SmarTone soar in the nast few weeks.

buoyed by a flood of funds coming into Hong Kong from institutional investors rushing to buy into the spectacular rebound in Asia's mar-

"This is an internet craze that happens to be the latest theme as people look for an excuse to buy stocks," said Carlton Poon, director of



Worldsec International, a local brokerage

Hong Kong's stock market has been swept up in a Wall Street-style obsession with internet related stocks since early March when Bill Gates announced on a visit to the city that Microsoft would use Hongkong Telecom's high-speed broadband telephone networks to deliver a range of new applications, including renting software on a one-off basis and downloading films, to computer users in Hong Kong.

Earlier this month, Smar-Tone, Hong Kong's third biggest mobile phone operator,

would help provide it with content for its websites when it launches its internet service. "This is clearly not driven by the fundamentals. in the case of SmarTone, it hasn't even launched its

Salomon Smith Barney. As a bellwether of telecom stocks, Hongkong Telecom has been the most prominent beneficiary, rising almost 60 per cent this year.

internet service," said Lloyd

Fischer, an analyst with

Hongkong Telecom's rise has continued despite a backdrop of increasing competition in international calling, which accounts for the largest share of its profits. and shrinking margins in the territory's mobile telephone business. Analysts said that the market's expectations of future profitability of the company's money-losing multimedia division were wildly over-optimistic.

The company is expected to report lower profits for the year ended March 31 1999 at the end of this week. "Hongkong Telecom is showing the delayed effect of competition. This isn't a recovery story," said Dylan

Tinker, an analyst with Jar-

'he president of Siam Chumpol Cement, Nalamlieng, claims now to be "walking naked" in Thailand's new post-crash corporate world. He admits that this is a remarkable

> For although, from its conception by royal command in 1913. Siam Cement has been a professionally managed blue chip, it has been known to be rather secretive.

step for Thailand's biggest

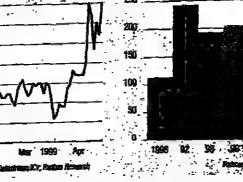
manufacturing conglomer-

Asian investor

Mr Chumpol now claims they never realised that transparency or what he describes as "taking off your clothes" would be so appreciated by the rest of the world. "We always thought being honest and having ethics was enough."

He admits the company avoided seeing analysts because "if you see one you have to see them all" and they did not want to waste management time. "To be very frank we were not convinced it was in the best interests of shareholders."

But priorities have changed: transparency has become flavour of the year. Instead of declining to see



meetings now take up 10-20 per cent of Mr Chumpol's

"We get critical feedback from investors, analysts and the press. In this crists it is valuable to get a critical look at ourselves. Restructuring is painful - it is important to know if we are doing it right," he says.

For several weeks after the baht was devalued against the dollar in 1997, the management thought the damage to Thailand and Siam Cement might be limited. However, the big shock came when the financial crisis hit Korea. "We really knew then we were facing a new reality," Mr Chumpol

Siam Coment, saddled with \$4.2bn in unhedged foreign debt and facing a surge in ferocious global competition, was forced to examine critically a sprawling empire that had promiscuously entered scores of joint ventures, mostly with foreign partners, during the boom

Secretive giant finds that stripping is an asset

With advice from McKinsey Consulting, it notices if you leave them decided to focus on its core businesses of pulp and paper, petrochemicals and cement. Everything else from auto parts to steel has been put up for sale if vince itself it can offer "world class" expertise in that field.

The company also quickly realised that it would need to communicate more with nvestors. Last year it was taken on an international road show by Goldman Sachs, "It's emazing. They've moved light years in

in Bangkok. "They get back to you with answers, their website is stuffed with information and you get bombarded with Slam Cement

your e-mail address." Siam Cement has publicly revealed for the first time a rate-of-return target: by the year 2002, the group wants earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (ebitda) to reach 20 per cent of operating assets. The target this year is for a 15 per ceni return.

A strong share price and heavy local interest in a recent Bti4bn bond issue reflects the positive view most investors have of the

Nevertheless, analysts.

Siam Cement, Thailand's biggest manufacturing conglomerate, is embracing transparency, writes William Barnes who have yet to see a hig asset sale, want to see more than just words.

"Management mentality has improved dramatically and they are much more focused on the bottom line. But we haven't seen them deliver yet," said ING Barings' senior investment analyst, Paworamon Suvar-

Another analyst at a foreign brokerage said restructuring progress had affected only 10 out of 59 non-core Cement appeared to be rejigging its portfolio rather than engaging in radical surgery.

"Things are going very, very slowly. It looks good in writing but any operation this dramatic in Thailand tends to take a long time." he said.

During Thailand's boom years, the company's management thought it was being prudent by rejecting investors' calls for if to jump into "hot" sectors such as telecommunications and real estate, says Mr Chumpol.

Clearly, having opened itself up to public view, this Thai giant can expect to have to defend itself against much tougher criticism from investors over the next few

This article is the second in a series on Asian companies which have embraced investor values. The previous carticle appeared on April 22.

The RiskMetrics Group and J.P. Morgan introduce CORPORATE METRICS" The benchmark for corporate risk management What could sink next Earnings-at-Risk Cash-Flow-at-Risk quarter's Regulatory Reporting earnings?

The RiskMetrics Group (RMG), formerly the Risk Management Products and Research group at J.P. Morgan, delivers risk management technology to over 5,000 institutions

RMG risk management products include RiskMetrics, CreditMetrics, DataMetrics, and now. CorporateMetrics.

Data for CorporateMetrics is a product of the RMG partnership with Reuters.

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In today's complex market, corporations need tools to achieve financial targets and manage earnings volatility. To help corporate executives meet these needs, the RiskMetrics Group in conjunction with J.P. Morgan is pleased to introduce CorporateMetrics.

CorporateMetrics is a risk management framework that measures the potential impact of market risks on key financial results such as earnings and cash flow. For example, what could price shocks do to your operating margins? What is the impact on your cash flow from depreciating foreign currencies in the short term? A year from now?

The analytical techniques provided by CorporateMetrics can help you answer these and other market risk concerns. Developed through detailed discussions with corporate clients of J.P. Morgan, CorporateMetries has been designed for the specific accounting, regulatory, and corporate planning needs of today's corporation. CorporateMetrics will increase your understanding of your market risks, as well as facilitate a comprehensive approach to managing your firm's risk profile, hedging program, and capital requirements.

To learn more about all of the ways your company can benefit from CorporateMetrics, please contact Aidan McNulty at (212) 981-7422 or Rob Fraser at (44-171) 842-0262.

RISKMETRICS GROUP

Bakrie claims creditors agree to equity swap

& Brothers, Indonesia's diversified conglomerate which is negotiating a restructuring plan with its creditors, said yesterday its foreign lenders had agreed to push ahead with a plan to swap over \$1bn in debts for equity. Bakrie announced that

creditors holding just over 50 per cent of its debt "voted in principle for the idea" of a lebt for equity swap. About ake part in the meeting.

ers would vote soon on the aiready been going on for 16

Bakrie's creditors, like lenders to other beleaguered Indonesian companies, are resigned to getting back only of their loans.

Analysts are wary about Bakrie's announcement, noting that the company claimed an almost identical agreement in January. Foreign banks said at that time that far from approving the plan, they had only agreed

"Bakrie have not dealt with their bankers with a lot of good faith in the past and I don't think the bankers are going to let them off easily." said one analyst in Jakarta. Bakrie's plan is to set up a

special purpose vehicle which would own 80 per cent of its holdings in five subsidiaries. It would also issue new shares in Bakrie & Brothers, giving the foreign creditors a 30 per cent stake. This would dilute the

which has been close to both proposal, which would then former president Suharto be put to the creditors for a and current president B. J. final vote. Talks have Habibie, to below 50 per

The five Bakrie shareholdings to be moved into the special purpose vehicle are 52.4 per cent of Bakrie Sumaira Plantations, 70 per cent of Bakrie Electronics Company, 20 per cent of coal mining joint-venture Arutmin Indonesia, 25.49 per cent of Bakrie Kasei Corporation. and 2.2 per cent of Iridium LLC, a US satellite phone

ICICI hit by higher provision against bad debt

By Krishna Gutta in Bombay

ICICI, India's second biggest financial institution, yesterday announced a fall in profits, caused by tougher accounting for provisions against bad debts.

Net profits for the year to March 31 fell 7 per cent from Rs10.8bn to Rs10bn (\$234m). Provisions against bad loans and equity investments rose over 60 per cent to Rs4.7bn. This included a Rs1.3bn

charge which would have been routed directly to the balance sheet under the lender's old accounting policies. ICICI said its gross nonperforming assets increased 30 per cent to Rs54.8bn at the year end - with a rash of defaults from chemical producers.

Net of provisions, the figure stood at Rs36.2bn. Notwithstanding a strong rise in business volumes, the proportion of net non-performing assets rose slightly from 7.6 per cent to 7.8 per cent.

"It was a difficult year for the system," said R. V. Kamath, managing director. He said profits were up 21 per cent on a like-for-like basis, excluding extraordinary profits the previous year. Mr Kamath said the tougher accounting regime would address investors' concerns about the quality of reporting in the Indian financial sector.

ICICI also published

accounting principles for the first time. This showed a much steeper fall in profits, from Rs9.3bn to Rs7.45bn. "I am pleased that the US GAAP numbers are in the ball-park of 75 per cent of the Indian numbers," Mr Kamath said, "That is better

Mr Kamath promised further efforts to bring bad debts under control. ICICI's new special asset management group forced settlements worth Rs3.8bn with defaulting borrowers last year, up from Rs3bn.

than I had expected."

The bank continued to diversify away from its troubled project loans to industry business at an aggressive pace. "Our portfolio was heavily weighted in favour of project-based loans of five to seven years," said Mr Kamath. "We need to reduce concentration risk."

Manufacturing projects, which accounted for 60 per cent of new loan approvals in 1996-7, made up only 19 per cent of approvals last year. Such loans now account for 49 per cent of icici's total book, down from 69 per cent two years

increased its exposure to infrastructure, oil and gas, and corporate finance. It is now stepping up efforts to build a retail loan

ASX and SFE set to announce merger

By Gwen Robinson in Sydney

The Australian Stock Exchange (ASX), which demutualised last year and listed on its own boards, yesterday requested a suspansion of trading in its shares ahead of an announcement tomorrow, expected to confirm the agreement between the ASX and the Sydney Futures Exchange (SFE) on a proposed marger.

The SFE, which overtook Tokyo last year to become the Asia-Pacific region's largest futures exchange, structure. Under the merger proposal, the SFE would be

absorbed by ASX. The deal would considerably strengthen the drive by both exchanges to attract more offshore investment. Analysts said confirmation of the merger would further boost ASX's shares, which have more than tripled in value since listing in October 1998. The shares listed at A\$4,10 on October 14. In early trading yesterday, ASX shares fell 10 cents to A\$13.25 before the trading

The ASX announced last December it was in discussions with the SFE about a possible merger. An initial agreement between the two exchanges would pave the way for a lengthy approval process for the proposed merger. It would require regulatory and parliamentary approval, as well as support of the SFE's four classes of

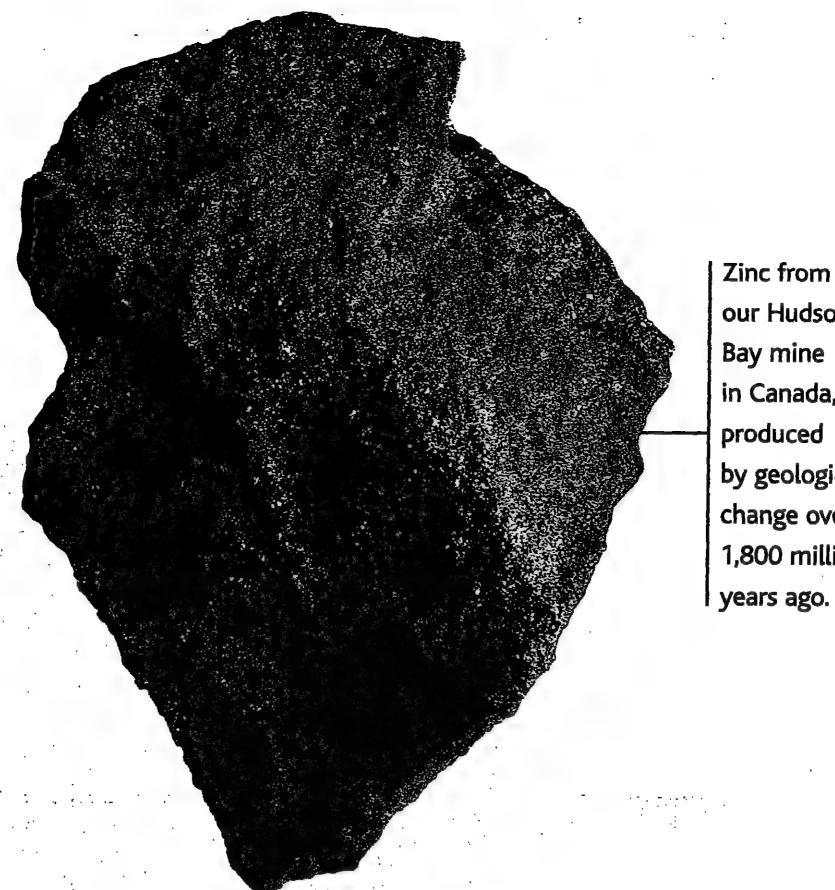
In its first earnings report since listing, ASX said last month that record trading levels and the market's strength helped nearly double interim net profit from prospectus forecasts to A\$23.4m (\$15.3m) in the six months to December. Total market capitalisation has soared to about A\$600bu from A\$422bn two years ago. The SFE also had a record

year, trading 30m futures contracts with a nominal value of A\$10,500bn. In October, SFE will abolish its traditional open-outcry pittrading system and switch to a fully automated screenbased system. It also plans to launch a new range of indices next month, the Asia Pacific Extra Liquid Series, developed in a joint venture

with Dow Jones Indexes. Richard Humphry, ASX managing director, and Les Hosking, SFE's chief executive, said last month they hoped the merger could be completed within one year. They did not expect regulatory problems or opposition from SFE membership. They added there was virtually no overlap in basic activities.

At the same time, the merger would provide strong cost benefits in operational aspects such as technology. settlement systems and staffing. It would also help broaden the range of investment activity for both SFE and ASX.

rie chains 15/4 SFEW Hors agree annon puity swap merge



Zinc from our Hudson Bay mine in Canada, produced by geological change over 1,800 million

By comparison, we're changing rather rapidly.

Anglo American is changing. And by the timescale of the natural resources industry, we're changing fast.

During the past 18 months we've developed proposals to create a new company with a new structure and Board, new London headquarters and a primary listing on the London Stock Exchange.

This was the outcome of a far-reaching strategic review which has simplified our structure into focussed divisions to enable a more rigorous management of the Group's assets.

So far we've carried out more than 30 major transactions and the restructuring continues.

These moves show that we're not simply changing our name and address. We're creating a new international mining and natural resources group with a single-minded objective: to enhance shareholder value through a combination of real earnings and asset value growth.

Our strategic review is ongoing. The forces of nature may take their time, but we're in slightly more of a hurry to get results.

Anglo American pic, 30 Ely Place, London EC1N 6QP.

red for the purposes of section 57 of the Financial Services Act 1986 by Catenove & Co and Warburg Dillion Read a division of UBS AG, ("Warburg Dillon Read") which is regulated in the United Kingdom by The Securities and Futures Authority Limited.



First Union

to purchase

brokerage

First Union, the acquisitive

US commercial bank, yester-

day announced it had agreed

to buy Everen Securities, a

\$1.1bn. It is the latest in a

spate of acquisitions of

regional brokerages, as US

banks expand their asset-

nership that gives First

Union a nationwide securi-

ties business" by adding Everen's markets west of the

Mississippi, sald Ken Thomp-

son. First Union vice-

gathering capabilities.

Ahmsa to restructure after default on debt

By Henry Tricks in Mexico City

Ahmsa, Mexico's largest company through the steel producer, yesterday announced it had defaulted on part of its \$1.8bn debt. making it the second Latin American steel giant this year to be forced into a His predecessor, Alonso lay-off of at least 3,000 staff restructuring due to weak Ancira, one of Ahmsa's two and the sale of key assets. Shares in Ahmsa fell more stepped down to focus on the

than 14 per cent to 5.96 pesos

brano, to lead the troubled restructuring. He was the former head of the international.

controlling shareholders, search for a strategic part-

Ahmsa said it had Ahmsa said it had missed unable to ride out the pro-appointed a new chief execu- a \$39m payment, due on longed period of low global

It said it had engaged the Blackstone Group to help uring. The decision to halt by Ahmsa. This included the

But like Sidor, the indebted Venezuelan steel company that missed a debt payment in March, it was

This month, Ahmsa with the proposed restruct- announced it had eugaged J.P. Morgan to help it-search tional division of Cemex, debt payments followed for a strategic partner, and Mexico's cement multina- almost a year of cost-cutting yesterday it said there were three interested parties, including leading regional and European steel produc-

> Analysts expected potential partners to be Mexican steel producers anxious to defend market share from

companies that already have John McCormack, head of a toehold in Latin America. corporate research at the

They said a partnership would be crucist to the debt restructuring, because proceeds from the sale of individual assets were proving insufficient to tide the company over. Yesterday, Ahmsa said it was scrapping the sale of its oxygen plants, which had been intended to generate funds to pay down

tive. José Domene Zam. April 16, under a \$330m loan. prices following the Asia ful foreigners, or European have deep pockets," said Weston Group, which specialises in distressed compa-

> A recent rebound in stee prices could make Ahmsa a more tempting proposition,

> "This is a good time for acquisitions because steel valuations are attractive." argued Mauricio Reveco, a steel analyst at Salomon Smith Barney.

Bankers Trust profits slide

Bankers Trust, the US bank set to be acquired by Deut-sche Bank, Germany's largest bank, by the end of June. reported first-quarter earnines of \$140m. a 37 per cent slide from \$222m in the same period a year ago, but up from \$29m in the fourth

BT's earnings per share of \$1.30, down from \$2.01 a year ago, beat analysis' estimates of \$1.08, according to First Call. But many other US securities businesses reported record or near-record earnings in the first quarter as a result of strong underwriting and heavy trading activity. Raphael Soifer, securities

industry analyst at Brown Brothers Harriman, said that

no decline at Bankers, It he said.

The \$10bn deal has yet to be approved by US regulators. Approval has been delayed by discussions with Jewish lobby groups on the issue of compensation for Holocaust victims, However, a resolution is expected to be reached soon, allowing the deal to close by the end of the quarter, as planned.

Last year, Bankers Trust suffered big losses due to its exposure to emerging marsecurities, which were severely hit by last year's financial market turmoll. It agreed to sell to Deutsche in

in the wake of last year's pure for our merger with losses, BT restructured its Deutsche Bank in the cur-

emerging markets group into a restructuring portfolio, formed in the first quarter, which includes loans,

securities and derivatives

that require "special moni-toring". BT said. "These exposures are virtually all in emerging markets. [BT] intends to contimue to reduce exposure in the restructuring portfolio over a ressonable time

As of March 31, BT's crossborder exposure to Asia, Latin America and Russia kets and high-yield debt stood at \$4.8hn, down 11 per cent from the end of the fourth quarter and down 61 per cept from a year ago. "We are gratified by the firm's progress as we pre-

By Tracy Corrigan in New York not come as a shock to its business in the first quarter, rent quarter," said Frank acquirer. "If there had been transferring part of its Newman, chairman and

Within BT, investment benking reported net income of \$72m, down from \$180m the previous year, reflecting lower revenue from corporate finance activities and from private equity invest-

But trading and sales performed better than expected, analysts said, recording net income of \$86m, up from 264m a year ago. However, this was primar-

ily attributable to equity earnings from its investment in Long-Term Capital Manbailed out by Wall Street firms during last year's market turmoil Excluding this gain, trad

ing and sales results declined the bank said.



Small internet groups test IPO market

By John Labous In New York

US internet investors long ago overcame their fears of betting on companies with uncertain earnings prospects. Now slim revenues appear to be less of an obstacle as well, with a flutry of ing up to test the initial public offering market.

The shift was noted in a cent of the internet pipe-March survey by Renais- line," the report states. firm and fund manager, The investors are little conreport found that 29 per cent cerned. Last Thursday a had annual revenues of \$1m

According to the same prise performer, soaring 250

By Raymond Colitt in Caraças

The Corporación Venezolona

de Guayana, the state indus-

trial holding company, yes-

terday revealed an aggres-

sive agenda to revive its

troubled aluminium indus-

try by offering parts for sale

and parts for strategic asso-

The CVG hones to sell the

assets of Venalum, the coun-

try's largest smelter, within

dent of the CVG, said in an

ss than a year for just over

report, while Goldman Sachs and Robertson Stephens continue to dominate the undercompany, which last year writing of internet deals, generated \$760,000 in sales, had the fourth best initial more companies are being day gain of an IPO so far brought to market by smaller, less experienced firms, "Investment banks this year. The company was brought to market by Dirks that have brought less than & Company, a small New three deals to market within

the last year are managing The trend, however, may an unusually high 19 per have serious implications for investor sentiment going forward, as the IPO field runs For the moment, US IPO out of first and secondary movers in key online niches. "It's not so much a question Rhode Island-based local of diminished deal quality as ck of m vice provider, Log On Amer-David Menlow, president of the IPO Financial Network. ica, became the latest sur-

Venezuela to revamp aluminium industry

Venalum, which largely

exports its products, is to be

sold as one block to foreign

investors. However, blocks

of assets of Alexan another

smelter, are likely to be used

to form joint ventures with

supply the domestic market. At 170,000 tonnes a year.

Alcasa is producing far

below its capacity of 240,000

tonnes. Production lines 1

and 2, shut down late last

year due to their environ-

mental and operational cost.

the complex".

in aluminium prices, and its domestic processors, work-

high price tag. Now, said Mr ers, and foreign investors, to

still strong for several reasons. All agree a good number of high-profile inter-net deals remain in the IPO pipeline, including online Investing site Thestreet.com and barnesanduoble.com, the online division of Barnes & Noble, the bookseller.

Both are expected in early May. This week alone several innovative competitors are expected to meet strong demand from investors. Mpath Interactive, which operates real-time games is expected to offer 3.8m lyst at Renaissance Capital, shares at a price range said: "When the music stope In spite of the disturbing raised yesterday to between who's going to be left?"

about \$70m, Mr Scotto said. mins and some 10m tonnes

assets would be Alcasa's . Separately, Mr Scotto

and 4 with a capacity of to help ball out Sidor, the 170,000 tonnes a year, as well troubled steel producer,

Three other blocks of of hauxite.

port, its production lines 3

170,000 tonnes a year, as well

as the machinery to assem-

Finally, Mr Scotto said the

CVG was considering prelim-

inary proposals by foreign

investors, including Alcoa of the US, Billiton of the UK,

and France's Pechiney to

partner the CVG mining

company Bauxilum.

ble a new production line.

per cent from its \$10 offer signs, investor sentiment for \$12 and \$14. Another deal price to close at \$35. The internet stocks is seen to be expected this week is Marimba, a company distributing software applications over the internet. Last work's rebound in the hi-tech-weighted Nasdaq

composite was another surprising sign of investor resillence. Following the sharp sell-off that sent the Nasdaq composite down more than 5.5 per cent in a single day, buyers got behind internet and other high-tech stocks. A thinner field of star internet IPOs, however, could yet catch up with

said the CVG was committed

along with its other share-

holders who have pledged to

It is likely the CVG will propose to Thursday's meet-

ing of Sidor shareholder

that \$48m of debt Sidor ower

to Edelca and Ferrominera,

the CVG's power and iron

inject \$140m of capital.

America, however, led to a decline in sales there from \$182m to \$168m.

Earnings per share, mean-75 cents, comfortably above the average estimate of

recently bought UT Automoremained bullish about the remainder of 1999, saving it was "shaping up to be another outstanding year". On a revenue basis, Lear which specialises in vehicle interiors - is reckoned to be the third largest independent parts supplier (exclu-ding Delphi Automotive, which is currently being spun off from General

ahead

The combination of better profits in Europe and the strong North American vehicle market allowed Lear Corporation, one of the largest automotive suppliers, to report a 6.3 per cent improvement in first-quarter earnings to \$50.3m after

about a third of the increase coming from outside the US

cent, and in North America by 36 per cent. The problems in South

The company, which has been acquisition-minded and

Sales were up from just

Sales in Europe rose 37 per

for the group.

The company said it had

already bought one recycling operation in Tampa, Florida, and planned to "expand its presence substantially" in the coming months. Jacques Nasser, Ford chief executive, said he could envisage the business offering Ford annual revenues of \$1bn-

others like it - will be used to break up cars and trucks for parts, and also to collate parts from Ford plants themselves for re-use. These will then be made available to ional outlets, such as

By Tracy Corrigen in New York ability" to integrate this type and Nadd Teit in Chicago of business, following its of business, following its successful Wheat First deal. Analysts have been less happy about progress in integrating First Union's massive commercial banking acquisition, CoreStates of Philadelphia in 1997.

First Union said it expec ted cost savings of \$65m. \$68m next year, and about \$75m annually after that. It This is an excellent part- expected the deal, due to be completed in the third quarter; would be accretive to earnings in 2000.

The \$1.1hn deal values

First Union shares slid \$1% to \$53% following the announcement, while Everen rose \$4% to \$28%. The addition of Everen's 1.800 brokers will bring the combined total of registered representatives to 6,259 - the nation's sixth largest securities brokerage. A year ago. First Union bought Wheat First Securities, a brokerage mainly serving the east coast. A month ago, First ber of Everen employees. Union and Everen agreed a The bank said it wo joint venture in asset

Everen will also add critical mass to First Union's investment banking, trading, sales and research capabilities, as well as its mutual funds business, analysts

"It should be a very nice fit, more than doubling [First Union's] retail stockbroker network," said Peter Keefe Bruyette & Woods, the US brokerage. He added that 1996. It is still 60 per cent

First Union had a "proven owned by staff.

Everen at 21/4 times book value, lower than the peak valuations of about four times books for regional brokernges seen a year ago. The deal has a fixed

exchange rate of 0.555 First Union shares per Everen share, valuing each at \$30.58, based on First Union's closing price on Friday of \$55. The bank will establish an employee retention pool of about \$87m in restricted shares to be issued over a three-year period to a num-The bank said it would

take a pre-tax charge of \$55m-\$60m in its third and fourth quarters in relation to the acquisition, and issue Everen started life as a network of regional broker age firms acquired by its former parent company, the Kemper insurance business. during the 1980s. But the was spun off in 1995, initially Kuper, banking analyst at to employees, but then making a stockmarket debut in

Ford heads for the scrapyard

Never mind the gleaming customers. showroom models and daz-Motor Company is heading to the scrapyard.

As part of its drive to become a broadly-focused automotive products and services supplier, the US car and truck manufacturer announced yesterday that it planned to get into the automotive "recycling" business. claiming that this could become a \$1bn-plus business

The Tampe facility - and

bodyshops or insurance companies, and to retail

Ford claimed to have three secondhand parts business. It pointed out that the sector is growing and is a "healthy business proposition"

It also argues that this diversification should give Ford an additional means of keeping in touch with customers after having sold a new car or truck. This has been a key element of the "customer-focused strategy outlined by Mr Nasser since taking over as chief executive as the beginning of 1999. Finally, the carmaker is using the plan to boost its environmental credentials. claiming it will help cut back the amount of car or

up in landfilis, "To keep materials out of landfills and to make parts more readily available makes sense for the environment," said Martin Saffer. acting chief executive of the new venture. Pressures on the automotive industry to

vice partners and to under

line the need for resources

However, the Iridium

fiasco casts a longer shadow.

Globalstar Communications

and ICO Global Communica-

tions are due to launch rival

satellite phone services over

The stock price of all three

companies has crumbled in

the wake of Iridium's prob-

lems - a serious develop-

ment if, like ICO, you still

need to raise some of the

Both rivals are likely to be

taking a stern look at their

\$3bn your system costs.

the next 18 months.

for sales and marketing.

truck-related scrap that ends

HP, BroadVision Satellite mobile phone venture drifts out to a distant orbit in internet link

Sibn. Clemente Scotto, presi- duction capacity of 450,000

The CVG was inclined to tion and adequate technol-

sell Venalum's "assets in ogy, Mr Scotto said. Despite

METALS COUNTRY'S LARGEST SMELTER TO BE SOLD

By Louise Kehos In San Francisco

A new generation of internet portals, geared to specific the centre of a new alliance announced yesterday by Hewlett-Packard, the computer group, and Broad-Vision, a leader in personalisation software. "Companies pursuing

e-commerce are increasingly dissatisfied with being represented by just an icon on a general purpose portal website," said Nigel Ball, general manager of HP's e-services division. He predicted a second generation of "business portals" that enable companies to create direct relationships with their customers.

Under the terms of the alliance, HP and BroadVision will jointly develop and brand a new generation of e-commerce and knowledgemanagement software for business portais.

The new products, expected early next year, would enable businesses quickly to deploy advanced features such as personalised web pages, which adapt to the well as sales, marketing and

customer-relationship management functions, the

mental and labour liabilities.

to sell the entire aluminium

complex, accounting for

about 4 per cent of world production, failed because of

its excessive liabilities, a fall

Scotto, the strategy was dif-

Venalum, which has a pro-

tonnes a year of primary alu-

minium, had a solid opera-

Last year three attemnts

companies said. resell and support Broad-Vision's current software products. HP will pay \$35m to BroadVision for software licences, research and other services over the 3'ryear life of the agreement.

The alliance reflects HP's strategy of partnerships with specialist software groups as it builds a broad offering of e-commerce services,

With IBM. Sun Microsystems and Compaq Computer also active in this emerging field, competition is fierce. However, HP said it believed that by offering preconfigured software systems, it could gain an advantage over competitors' software "tools" which required more

development work. The shift to business portals was part of a trend towards e-services, sald Ann Livermore, president and chief executive of HP's enterprise computing group. The next chapter of the internet will focus on linking individuals and businesses to personalised services, delivered instantaneously and auto matically over the web."

Shift in global standards and reduction in the size of handsets and charges has sidelined \$5bn project, writes Christopher Price

operation". With the pro-ceeds the CVG would then offers the best value within block. Their recovery would tors could double production

It started with the wife of a project, offsetting some of Motorola executive wanting to phone home from a Caribbean beach. Yesterday it was left to an embarrassed management to explain to les and billing. investors - some of whom have now launched legal

- how the Iridium dream The \$5hn project, which launched the world's first hand-held satellite mobile phone service in November. has failed to attract enough customers and generate sufficient revenues to avert

action against the company

Iridium breaching its banking covenants. The company has blamed poor marketing and technical difficulties. But the departures of the finance director last month, and Rd Staiano, vice chairman and chief executive, last Thursday, suggest something more

fundamentally wrong. When the idea of a mobile phone that could telephone anywhere was conceived, the burgeoiting cellular market was baset by technical limitations, differing international standards and high fridlum's service partners

the risk to Motorola, the founder. Crucially, the service partners would also be responsible for marketing, The company joined the

Nasdaq stock market in 1997 and, buoyed by ambitious forecasts by analysts, as well as Iridium's own flow of positive announcements, the stock rose from its \$22.50 IPO price to more than \$70 a year later.

Iridium's target markets were business travellers, industries in difficult environments, such as oil and gas exploration, and develop-

Unfortunately for the company, the telecoms market had changed when it came to launch almost six months Different standards still divided the US and the rest

of the world but Europe, and

increasingly countries out-

side the region, had found a

common platform in GSM,

the European standard for cellular telecoms. Agreements between GSM operators have seen a raft of as dramatically. Iridium roaming agreements that came to the market with call have enabled mobile phones charges as high as \$7 a minand other strategic investors to be used across interna- ute and handsets selling for tional borders. At a stroke, it about \$3,000. became shareholders in the

Sales figures confirm investors' and analysts' fears officer, said: "Clearly, we have a great deal

Indium vesterday said it had attracted just over 10,000 customers and revenues of \$1.4m since launching the world's first hand-held satellite mobile phone service in November, writes Christopher Price. The figures confirmed the worst fears of investors and analysts over the

disappointing performance of the group. To meet its banking covenants, Iridium was supposed to achieve targets of some 30,000 subscribers and \$30m of revenues by the end of the March quarter. John Richardson, acting chief executive

other changes in cellular

telephony. The size and

weight of phones has been

shrinking at a rapid rate. At

the same time, power and

functionality have increased.

The Iridium phone, on the

other hand, weighed and

looked like a small house-

And while terrestrial cellu-lar call rates and phone

equipment costs have fallen

brick.

of work to do to improve our marketing, distribution and sales activities all over the He said the company was now involved in tailoring the products, which include paging

> of identified market demand. Most significantly, there would be "reconsideration of product and service prices", indicating that iridium's much-criticised pricing model was likely to

also undermined the "use-Iridium believed it could few service partners felt anywhere" benefit promised rise above these changes compelled to advertise and by Iridium. because of the global roam-Technology has driven ing benefit of its service and

> counts. First, the lier this year. group's \$140m advertising campaign failed to commimicate the service's basic benefit. Second, some service partners complained they had not been trained how to market and sell the service, per cent stake, has pledged confused about what Iridium

because its service partners

had a vested interest in see-

ing iridium prosper.

competitive mobile market. Iridium message to its ser- to replace them.

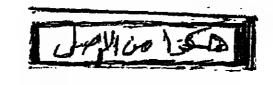
aging services, to better fit areas

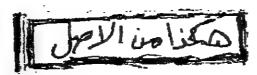
their business. Finally, software problems that supplies only began to hey were wrong on both become freely available ear-

The result was that by the end of the first quarter of this year, five months after others that consumers were to ensure the company sur-

own business models, which market a service they differ little from Iridium's, except perhaps in cheaper viewed as superfluous to call rates. Wall Street analysts, who have remained with the handsets meant relentlessly positive about the industry, are quietly removing their "buy" recommendations, in the short term at least. Meanwhile, Iridium execu-

tives will be focusing their the service launched there minds on how to get their were just 10,000 substribers. subscriber numbers up. Motorole, which holds a 20 They had better be quick with the Iridium satellites only having another live vives Iridium has sent its years of power left, they will Washington-based directors soon have to start thinking In addition, in a highly out to the field to explain the about raising the next \$3bn





FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY APRIL 27 1999

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2001" 2002"

127.2

124.7

DISTRIBUTION SKr3.3bn SWEDISH DEAL

German post office agrees to buy ASG

Deutsche Post, the German post office, stepped up its aggressive expansion in European distribution services yesterday by agreeing to acquire ASG, the Swedish transport and logistics group, for SKr3.33hn (\$398m). The deal signals Deutsche

Post's third sizeable acquisition since December, when it paid €920m (\$979m) for Danzas, the Swiss logistics group, followed by an €870m bid for the parcels and logistics arm of Nedilovil the Dutch transport

group, Klaus Zumwinkel, Deutsche Post chief executive. said ASG would be integrated along with the Ned-lloyd businesses into its

"We are continuing to improve Deutsche Post's parcel delivery network, which

Europe," he added. A number of European postal services, including the French post office and Britain's Royal Mail, have been buying up parcel dis-tributors in recent months to establish cross-border

networks. Jörgen Ekberg, chief exec-utive of ASG, said the enlarged group would boast a global network for air and sea freight and claimed it would be "the only truly logistics"

Deutsche Post approached ASG following the acquisition of its Scandinavian rival and patent expiries. That freight haulage company, for

SKr3.3hm this year.
Although Swedish Post registered an interest in ASG, it is understood that Deutsche Post was the only bidder ready to make an unconditional offer for ASC at a price likely to win endation from the

ASG shareholders are being offered SKr265 a share in cash, a 24 per cent pre-mium to the SKr214 level at which ASG shares were suspended last week. The offer was recom-

mended by the ASG board and accepted by Custos, the institutional investor that owns 40 per cent of ASG's shares and almost 50 per cent of the voting rights. Custos, which first acquired its ASG shares in 1997, said it had made a 123 per cent

Deutsche Post said it had received conditional acceptances covering 61.8 per cent of ASG's equity and 52.4 per

cent of the voting rights.
ASG was advised by Carnegie, the Swedish investment bank, and Deutsche Post by Credit Suisse First

Sankyo deteriorates into a candidate for intensive care

The Japanese pharmaceuticals group is struggling against rival treatments and a lack of new drugs, writes Paul Abrahams

Sankyo is in trouble.

Japan's second largest drugs group used to be mentioned in the same breath as Takeda. No longer. While Takeda remains poised for rapid expansion. Sankyo's prospects seem

The group's top-selling product, a cholesterol treatment called Mevalotin, is facing slowing sales growth would be serious enough.

But last Thursday Sank vo's most important recent launch, a controversial diabetes treatment called Rezulin, was dealt a heavy blow rhen an advisory committee of the US Food and Drug Administration recommended for approval a safer, more effective treatment from SmithKline Beecham.

the Anglo-American group.

The following day, the mended that another rival compound, from Takeda, ras safe. Analysts say Rezulin's sales have probably neaked, and there is nothing in the company's development pipeline to take up the

Sankyo's management, led by Yoshibumi Kawamura,

Saniqu's prospects before the Rezulin strock Year to the A Rezulin's sales have probably peaked, and there is nothing in the one LIS exports & sayably PARTIES SERVICE & TOYOUT development

up the slack dent, appears paralysed. In the meantime shareholders,

pipeline to take

28 per cent of whom are foreigners, continue to be puremelled. The stock is 40 per cent below its all-time peak of July 1997. Sankyo faces huge problems, Mevalotin, which gen-

erates an estimated 55 per cent of its operating profits, is rapidly losing market share in the US to Lipitor, Warner-Lambert's rival cholesterol-lowering agent. In 1997 Mevalotin's sales were growing 35 per cent. But in some months last year, the number of prescriptions was falling. That is significant because the drug's US sales generate about 20 per cent of Sankyo's profits, according

\$2.0 51.3 **\$4.0** 67.2 67.2 7.9 10.4 11.5 50,7 8.8 8.2 1.0 2.8 82 184,4 199.3 1745 102.5 199.8 197.5 396.4 482.1 419.3 440.1

124,7

172.3

In the domestic market. rhere Mevalotin generates about 35 per cent of group operating profits, sales are also sluggish - gaining only 2 per cent in the fiscal year to March 1998. Next year, Lipitor, a more effective drug, is scheduled to be launched by Yamanouchi, a Japanese rival. In the longer term, sales are also likely to suffer further as Mevalotin's global patents begin to expire from 2002.

the metabolism of insulin in diabetics, was supposed to take up the slack but further s growth is unlikely. The drug was withdrawn from Europe by its distributor, Glazo Wellcome, last Decemwere reported among malities in 0.1 per cent of patients. Subsequently, there patients compared with have been reports of up to 33 deaths among people taking

120,5

In the US, the labelling of Rezulin, known there as Noscal, has had to be changed three times. Its share of new diabetes pre-scriptions has fallen from 11 per cent to 7.5 per cent over the past year. The drug's US sales were supposed to reach \$1.2bn, but this year's sales of about \$800m may be its

SmithKline Beecham's rival compound, Avandia, has virtually no liver complications, and Takeda's drug Actos, which was reviewed by the FDA committee on

patients compared with Rezulin's 2 per cent. Avandia, which will be co-promoted by Bristol-Myers Squibb, also appears more effective than Rezulin.

127.2

Sankyo's problems are ness of its drug development pipeline. The two drues awaiting Japanese approval, treatment, and Calblock, a treatment for hypertension. are not expected to achieve high sales.

The medicines in final phase development - Lopid. a cholesterol treatment, CS-670, an arthritis drug, and CS-560, an allergy medicine - are expected to have peak

ERICSSON =

according to HSBC Securi ties. The long-term development prospects are also bleak. The company invests just 11.2 per cent of sales in research and development the lowest of the top-10 Japa; nese companies - and has failed to build up an effective international presence. 4 All this would be worrying

enough if management was acting decisively. But the group has so far failed to license enough new products or to cut costs. Japanese rivals say morale at the group is rock-bottom because of a succession cri sis. Mr Kawamura is 84 and wants his son, who has a banking background, to succeed him as president,

of the staff. However, Sankyo's crisis should not be exaggerated. The group is still profitable it expected to make net profits of about Y63bn in the year to March 31 - and has strong cash reserves. In March last year it had cast and marketable securities of Y300bn. But Goldman Sachs estimates future earnings per-share growth is probably between zero and 1 per cent. growth stock, it is no longer

CSM to expand after €390m Leaf purchase

CSM, the Dutch food one of Europe's largest groups by paying €390m (\$415m) for Leaf, the Finnish sweet-maker behind brands such as Chewits, Xylifresh and Lückerol.

The Dutch company said it would use Leaf as a platform to expand its confectionery presence in the Nordic region, where it will be the market leader, and increase its presence in the fleroely competitive Benelux market.

The CSM sugar confectionery division, consisting of Red Ban Venco in the Benelux and Malaco in Scandinavia, will treble in size as a result of the acquisition," said Joan Vink, CSM chair-

The deal follows more than two months of talks between CSM and Hubtamaki, the Finnish packaging and foods group that owns

Huhtamaki put Leaf up for sale earlier this year after deciding to concentrate on division, where it is a leading producer of plastic and

Timo Peitola, Huhtamaki

strong financial position following the Leaf disposal products group, yesterday broadens our scope for announced plans to create action beyond traditional, broadens our scope for add-on acquisitions."

stood to be considering deals in Letin America and central and eastern Europe.

Of Huhtamaki's €1.2bm turnover last year, Leaf con-tributed €420m and profits of

Its modest margins were a central factor behind Huhtamaki's decision to sell. CSM, advised by Flemings, played down the prospect of

heavy redundancies or plant closures at Leaf. which employs 3,400 people. The Finnish company has two plants in the UR - in Bristol and Southport in Lancashire - employing 580

staff and manufacturing Elizabeth Shaw chocolates

and Chewits respectively. CSM said most of the syning and distribution rather than manufacturing. It is thought to be seeking other smaller acquisitions in the fragmented confectionery market, which is often con-

national brands. Shares in Huhtamaki, advised by Goldman Sachs.

you don't know. Strangers

Make yourself heard.

Barilla pays SFr475m for Wasa biscuits

By Paul Betts in Milan

Barilla, the world's leading pasta manufacturer, paid lows to consolidate its pres-SFr475m (\$316m) yesterday to buy the Swedish Wasa bis- a 9 per cent market share. cuit and crackers maker from Novartis, the Swiss production in September. pharmaceuticals group.

The acquisition is the latest step in the Italian familycontrolled company's international expansion strategy The purchase of Wasa is designed to strengthen its biscuit and bakery products

activities. Wasa employs 1,350 people in Sweden, Germany, Denmerk, Norway and Poland. It was founded in 1919 in Sweden and is the world leader in crackers, with sales last year of more than

by the Swiss Sandoz group, which subsequently merged Wasa with Cibs three years ago to represented a "natural form the new Novartis strategic fit" for the Italian

Barilla, founded in Parma in 1877, launched its interna-

tional expansion strategy a few years ago. This includes a \$100m pasta factory in ence in the US, where it has The US pasta plant began

The Italian group, which is not listed on the stock market and is controlled and managed by the Barilla family, reported a 62 per cent rise in 1996 pre-tax profits to increase in sales to \$2.24bn.

Last year it invested \$242m in capital projects. Apart from pasta, Barilla manufactures a range of bakery products under the Mulino Bianco, Pavesi, Tre Marie and Panem brands.

It is the largest produces of bakery products in Italy. Wasa was acquired in 1982 Guido Barilla, the company's chairman, said yesterday the

> Barilla was advised by Merrill Lynch International.

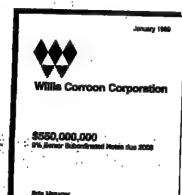
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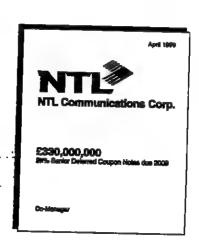
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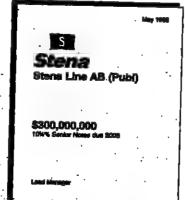
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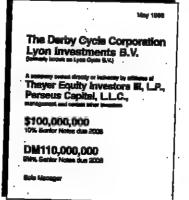






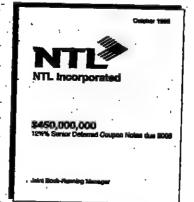


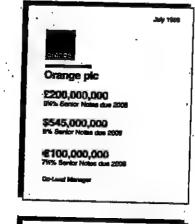












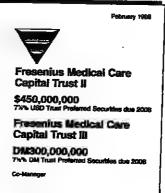












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Bradford & Bingley votes for conversion

The building society movement was shaken yesterday after members of Bradford & Bingley ignored the board and backed plans

Up to 3m members could

The success of Stephen turn the mutual status of try to disrupt B&B's conver-

ety, is the first time members have voted against a board's wishes.

ment, which, following earlier conversions, will be seen receive windfalls averaging as increasingly irrelevant in \$1,000 (\$1,610) each as a terms of influencing mortresult of a vote in favour of a gage and savings market pri- chairman, said "Predators conversion resolution origi- cing. B&B said it would list are most unwelcome." nally sponsored by a 35-year- as an independent bank next old plumber from Northern year, scrapping its mutual status after 149 years.

There was immediate spec-Major's campaign to over- ulation that predators could

Bradford & Bingley, the UK's sion plans as many banks second largest building sociand life assurers are awash and life assurers are awash was announced at B&B's ures were 957,000 in favour with surplus capital.

Analysts suggested both Halifax and Abbey National It marks a devastating as possible candidates, but defeat for the entire move- the society itself might prefer an overseas buyer because it might be allowed Lindsay Mackinlay, B&B

customers and more than 3

The society, which has 4m per cent of the mortgage and savings markets, could be worth more than £3bn, said

The end of mutual status 2.5m eligible voters. The fig. long term interest of memannual meeting in a mar- of conversion and 586,000 quee on a cricket pitch outside B&B's headquarters in Bingley. Yorkshire.

It was a personal triumph for Mr Major whose low-key campaign achieved instant the failed conversion had reduced the benefits of attempts of Michael Har- mutuality and increased the savings rates worsen. dern, the self-styled carpet- attractions of a windfall. bagger-in-chief. "I kept out the limelight and that chief executive, whose proswayed it," Mr Major said. More than 62 per cent of quently been questioned

members favoured conver-

Christopher Rodrigues, mutual stance has fre-

pro-mutual votes. A clearly

about listening to members.

cally." He blamed the defeat

dejected Mr. Mackinlay said:

bers to remain a mutual. But we will be pro-consumer as a

The board is now in the "Above all else, mutuality is difficult position of having to advocate conversion when it We have agted democrati- has argued in favour of remaining mutual. It said it success, in stark contrast to on low interest rates which was "inevitable" that mortgage rates would go up and

First Leisure shares have underperformed the market

by almost 60 per cent over

the last three years. Mr Grade was appointed two

years ago to revive the busi-

ness founded by his uncle,

the late Lord Delfont. He

sold the bingo and resorts

businesses and has focused

the group on three main divisions: health and fitness,

nightclubs and family enter-

tainment, mainly bowling.

However, First Leisure

shares are trading at a 30 per

cent discount to the market

on 1999 forecast pre-tax prof-its of £34m, despite the com-

pany's exposure to the high-

ly-rated health and fitness

The result is likely to prompt an urgent assessment of strategy by other building society boards. However, many bave already taken measures to make conbecause of his non-mutual sion on a turnout of 1.54m of background, said: "It's in the

COMMENT

WH Smith

Yesterday's 5 per cent rise in WH Smith shares takes to WH Smith over \$450m (\$725m) the value Relative to the FTSE All-Share Index its online service. Is this rational? The provision of internet access is now a commoditised business: low barriers to entry have allowed some 40 free service providers to spring up. Revenuesharing kickbacks from the 110 phone companies and helpline fees alone cannot war-rant these heady valuations. So for WH Smith, as for Dix-

ons, the success of its online business will depend on advertising revenues. Here

120 .

Smith's focus on schoolchildren looks a disadvantage: adver tising to children is less lucrative than to their parents. And it is far from being the first in the market: around 80 per cent of page views are generated by just 1 per cent of sites, largely those with established brands. This leaves much depending on its e-commerce revenues. Competing against Amazon.com and the rest will be tough. Smith should be able to find a credible, defensive niche. But that is more than in the price.

First Leisure/Cannons

So farewell First Leisure. Plans to demerge its core health and fitness division to rival operator Cannons signal the leisure group's long-awaited break-up. This must be a pol-gnant moment for Michael Grade, who arrived at the familylinked business years ago promising great things. Sadly, these did not materialise: the shares underperformed the market by nearly 40 per cent over the last ye

Still, if First Leisure shareholders end up with 50 per cent of the merged health and fitness company's equity, as rumoured, they will be doing well. There are even sugges-tions that First Leisure will inject some debt into the new company. With its fitness division's operating profits forecast at £13.5m next year, against £18m for Cannons, a 43-45 per cent share for First Leisure would seem a fair split.

This is confirmed if First Leisure's health and fitness sermings are put on Cannons' 2000 earnings multiple of 22. This implies a value of about £220m, or well short of Cannons own market capitalisation of £387m. Some premium is warranted given the market power created by forging an industry leader, but probably not this much. If Mr Grade can produce similarly attractive deals for First Leisure's rump assets - nightclubs, bars and bowling - his record will look

Airtours made informal approach to First Choice | Cannons fitness talks

Airtours, the UK tour operator, broke off an exploratory takeover approach to First Choice last month, when the UK's third largest tour operator rebuffed the approach by announcing a £1.4bn (\$2.25bn) merger with Switzerland's Kuoni.

Neither First Choice nor Airtours would comment but inbutted it is understood that Airtours approached First Choice informally about a merger. First Choice said nine weeks ugo that it had received unspecified bid approaches. Airtours terminated the offer of further talks when First Choice announced its merger agree-

Airtours is now planning a hostile all-paper counter-bid

for First Choice which, if the UK's largest tour opera-Thomson Travel Group for more than 25 years.

It is the second time within a decade that Airtours has approached First Owners Abroad. It made informal contact in 1992 only to mount an unsuccessful hostile bid in 1998 when

Both First Choice and Thomson last week warned Airtours against mounting such a bid which would be likely to trigger competition

First Choice and Kuoni yesterday revealed a slimmed down executive board for Kuoni Holdings the name of the planned merged group - in their offer document released to share-

successful, would make it Long will step up from managing director of UK operations to group chief executive while Kuont's Danlel Affolter will rise from deputy chairman to execu-

Jan Clubb and Riccardo Choice, previously known as Gullotti assume the reduced roles of non-executive chairdirector, respectively.

Mr Gullotti will receive

24.56m in compensation. including a £246.809 pension contribution. Mr Clubb will receive £548,250 in compen-

Analysis yesterday expressed disappointment that the document failed to quantify synergy benefits which they estimate at £10m-E12m. However, the merger will cost \$25m to effect, of which £12m is payable to

First Leisure confirms

By Schellerschild Daneshkin and Charles Pretzijk

First Leisure and Cannons Group confirmed yesterday that they are in talks about an all-paper merger of their health and fitness businesses to create the largest group of its kind in the UK.

Under the plan being discussed First Leisure would spin off its health and fitness business. This would then be merged with Cannons which Leisure shareholders.

Shareholders from each group would have approxinately equal shareholdings in the merged company. although it is unclear which would have the upper hand. First Leisure said: "These discussions have not yet reached a conclusion." However, the talks are at an

advanced stage and a deal

Bruce Jones, leisure analyst at Merrill Lynch said he company to be worth about £530m (\$853m), about twice Cannons' current market

It is understood that Michael Grade, chief executive of First Leisure would remain with the rump of the business which includes nightclubs, bars and ten-pin bowling. First Leisure said strategic initiatives for the rest of the group."

Analysts questioned the logic behind the proposals. "I don't understand why the group [First Leisure] is contemplating this deal. In essence you are selling off the part of the company which is worth a few bob and keeping the less highly regarded parts," said one

England and Wales electricity generation: market share of output (%)

Central & South West

The proposed merger of the health and fitness operations could be one way of unlocking shareholder value, according to analysts.

US groups dig deep to win the right to get switched on

PowerGen has become the latest in a series of deals which is widening competition, write Andrew Taylor and Thorold Barker

an auction to buy European

the California-based Edison prices. international energy group, is understood to have agreed In pay almost £1.8bn for two coal-fired power stations owned by PowerGen, the

The purchase comes just Energy agreed to buy Energleproduktiebedrijf (UNA), a Dutch power utility, for \$2.4bn (£1.5bn). UNA, one of four Dutch generators, has about 20 per cent of the local market.

The allure of Europe for eash-rich US power utilities has been enhanced by a European Union directive. triggered in February. requiring just over a quarter of the EU's electricity supply market to be opened to com-

However, US investment in the UK power sector, privatused in 1991, predates the EU directive. Total spending in the UK by US energy groups has approached almost £15bp since 1995. £300m. Some of these investments have subsequently been sold on to other operators anxtous to gain a footbold in one of Europe's most liberalised electricity markets. The latest round of sales

was prompted by the British

erators which had been

The regulator is currently developing trading arrangements which he hopes will be more transparent and competitive, in line with other commodity markets.

In addition, Stephen Byers, trade and industry secretary, has backed plans by National Power, the second largest generator, to sell its 4,000MW Draw plant in Yorkshire, Europe's largest coal-fired power station.

he government in return for the sale of the two Drax has withdrawn its objections to the generators buying electricity supply businesses which will give the companies their first direct link with domestic

bought East Midlands Electricity for £1.9bn while National Power is buying lands Electricity for about

The disposals, together with previous enforced plant sales, will reduce the com-bined market share of the cent in England and Wales in 1990 to about 27 per cent. Analysis expect the power

The deep pockets of US increase competition and dilutive. However, the two power companies have reduce the price setting companies faced losing mar-once again prevailed in power of large domestic gen-ket share anyway, through the gradual erosion of sales ocused by the industry reg- as new gas-fired power sta-Mission Energy, part of ulator of manipulating tions come on stream.

It can be argued that the generators are gaining a high price for assets which longer term will generate lower margins either tion, new trading arrangements or just tougher price controls by the regulator. The generators, mean-

purchasing supply interand retail supply should enhance the power trading ability of the generators, but will the enforced disposals increase competition and

while, have been able to sat-

isty their strategic aims of

reduce prices in the short Isin Turner, utilities anslyst at BT Alex Brown, says: "Just because the stations have changed ownerships, it doesn't necessarily mean competition will increase. There won't be a price war

share won't maximise prof-The high price thought to have been paid by Mission Energy - Drax is expected to řetch about £2bn - would suggest that it would not in the best interest of the new owners to compete too strongly on price. National Power and

PowerGen's market shares

= - - US owner Midlands Electricity* SEEBDARD Yorkshire Electricity Sweb *** Northern Electric have already fallen below because going for market

US owned UK electricity utilities.

the level that would cause competition concerns in the same as the price setting power of the companies British Energy, which has 23 per cent of UK output, is the market leader - the chart refers only to England and Wales - but as a nuclear fossil fuel generators.

least 10 per cent in real terms over the next five years. Simon Taylor of Salomon Smith Barney, the broker, sava: "They [wholesale cent in real terms last year and are only going one way. The question is how

quickly".

expect prices to decline by at relative to the FTSE All-Share Index since Septem ber. National Power's share price has fallen 30 per cent over the same period. The question for investors

1998

1995

prices] fell by about 5 per in US power companies is whether the high prices being offered for electricity assets will be justified. As one banker put it last week producer it does not set Concern over future gener-prices, unlike the large ation prices is partly these auctions "will be the reflected in a 35 per cent fall one who makes the biggest

Europower expands in US via Voss buy Europower is paying \$6m market. The deal will be (23.7m) to buy the principal funded from existing cash US distributor of its hoses resources. and couplings. Voss reported sales in 1996 of \$6.2m (\$5.4m) and reported The group, formerly known as Brisway, said the acquisition of Voss, based in pre-tax profits of \$537,000 (\$900.000), after exceptional Ohio, would allow it to charges of \$484,000; net increase its presence in that assets were \$1.8m.



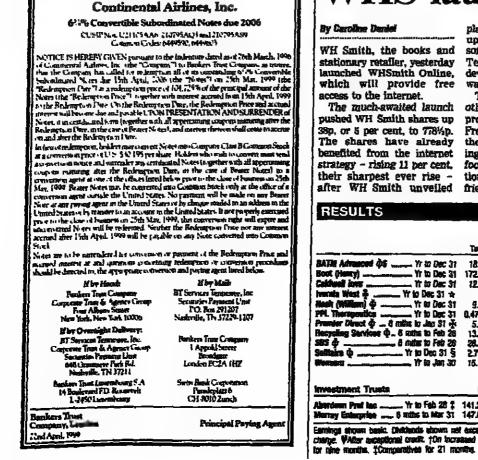
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WHS launches internet service

WH Smith, the books and stationary retailer, yesterday launched WHSmith Online, which will provide free access to the internet. The much-awaited launch

pushed WH Smith shares up 38p, or 5 per cent, to 7781/sp. The shares have already benefited from the internet strategy - rising 11 per cent. their sharpest ever rise after WH Smith unveiled RESULTS

. Yr to Dec 31

. Yr by Dec 31

plans on March 24 to team up with Microsoft, the US software group, and British Telecommunications to develop a free portal, or gateway, to the internet.

To differentiate itself from other free internet service providers, such as Dixon's Freeserve and one by Egg. the Prudential's new banking service, WH Smith has focused on offering educational content and a familyfriendly service.

executive, said: "Our portal is directed at high quality, high content in the educational and reference area to leverage the WH Smith want to make it appealing to nent. It offers access to 20 parents and children."

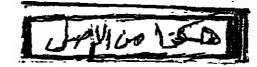
a year's free use of Cyber as five WH Smith shopping Patrol, an advanced filtering tool that lets perents vet their children's internet lish its interim results on access, worth about \$40. Thursday.

to Hutchinson Family Encyclopedia, as well as Nationa Curriculum guides and links to educational websites. The new site will also brand in these areas. We have an e-commerce compo-

further sites which include

WHSmith Online will offer general information as well WH Smith is due to pub-

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721	(162.2)	10.5	(10.1)	29.1	(27.1)	6.6	June 4	6.2	9.1	8.5	
							June 30	8.0	1.225	1.225	
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Itational & Regional Markets	Euro Index	Day's	chango points	Yleki gross %	न्द्रों स्त्री ytd	Total retn (Euro) E		ı. year has left the industr				-
FTSE Eurotop 300 FTSE Eurotop 100 FTSE Eurotop 100 FTSE Euroblec 100 FTSE Euroblec FTSE Furoblec Euroblec FTSE Euroblec Er UK	1307.54 3014.67 1062.91 1299.98 1235.96 1292.90	+1.03 +0.53 +0.23 +0.27 +0.13	+10.63 +30.66 +5.61 +2.96 +3.30 +1.70	1.87 1.83 1.81 2.64 2.49 2.29	8.92 15.64 2.11 10.19 7.00 7.67	1353.66 1086.58 1081.14 1358.16 1269.45 1324.86	urope's investor seem to have los their appetite for foo producers and processor	t mature markets." Much of the blame for stir- s ring up this gloom falls on	European Food Producers & Principles to FTSE Europop 300 index		of a recovery in Asia and volume is growing without sacrificing price and mix." Analysts are less optimis-	such pressures, but the smaller companies fin themselves squeezed by the market leaders and own
FTSE Eurobop 300 Rogic Europie; Europe Ex-Europie; Europe Ex-Un FTSE Europie Indicator;	1326.64 1298.90 1298.86 1312.40	+0.48 +1.13 +1.16 +0.64	+6.29 +14.48 +14.93 +8.34	1.77 2.15 1.67 1.71	2.99 12.47 10.83 3.80	1356.20 1378.02 1357.26 1340.94	this year. The sector's sever shares in the FTSE Eurotop 300 are down 8.22 per cen since the start of the year and 16 per cent against the index as a whole.	the world's largest food pro- t ducer. At the end of Novem- ber it issued a warning that	95	<u> </u>	tic about smaller food com- panies, represented in the Eurotop 300 by Associated British Foods of the UK and Numico, the Dutch group	label products. Will the largest producer find the going tougher if the long-expected consolidation in European retailing get
RESOURCES Minute	1086 01	10.95 -0.97	+1.01	2.59	6.55	1143.49	Part of the explanation is that most of the non-cyclica	s get following a sharp down-	" WA	and i	formerly known as Nutricia that makes Cow & Gate and Milupa baby foods. ABF has	under way? The launch the euro in January pr
Out & Gas Basec Moustress	1042.08	+0.14	+1.48	3.03 2.57 2.36	71.37 5.89 7.95	1213.40 1073.82	goods and services groups have underperformed the	s and Russia.	85	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	registered one of the largest falls in the index this year	vided an impetus for cross border deals and raised th prospect of supermarket
Chemicals Construction & Sint autilia Forestry & Paper	941.22	+1.32 +0.88 -0.65	+12.23 +9.93 -7.12	2.27 2.22 3.56	4.03 3.08 36.68	962.43 1145.87	market since January. Investors who sought defensive	was quite good," says Anne a Alexandre of Credit Suisse	to L. Jan	1999 Apr	and Numico is down in line with the sector.	buying on a continenta scale that would give then
ENERAL DEDUSTRIALS erospace & Delence	1220.24 845.05	+1,51	+1B.19	2.26	6.96	1181.78 1253.88	stocks last year amid fears of a stock market correction	pany had been saying it	Source Determination		"Some smaller caps such as Raisio and Parmalat have	the upper hand in dealin with manufacturers.
Inversified Industrials Decironic & Elect Equip origineering & Machinery OTCLICAL COMS BOOKS	939.02 1210.26 1161.04	+2.34 +0.84 +2.54 +0.42	+19.36 +7.84 +29.87 +4.89	2.00 2.18 1.57 3.78	6.78 1.73 9.86 7.21	863,87 963,23 1224,53 1186,22	have been switching to more glamorous growth opportu nitles as share indices have	year." In January, Nestlé added a	announced plans to sell its Findus frozen-food business	Dutch consumer giant, and Danone, the French food and	while the large caps have	Ms Alexandre thinks ther is little scope for retailers t strengthen their position
ocahoti Casa Coops		+0.54 +0.50 +0.71	+5.25 +10.40	2.14 1.94	0.50 0.53 0.00	1469.60 1064.06 1479.43	soured to new heights. But there are also concerns about the industry that have relegated it to the	bonourable exception of	and concentrate on higher margin prepared dishes, snack and pizza products. "The decision was a sign	drink group. Despite under- performing the market since January, both have been re-	ing to look at small caps yet	given that most food products do not travel. "Food i still linked to local tastes
leverages food Producers & Process leatin Packaging Personal Care & Hee Prod Pranmacauticals	962,49 5 911,73 1047,41 862,75 6 1098,22 1000,18	+0.83 +0.89 +0.05 +2.05 +1.97 +0.14 +1.32	+9.89 +8.51 -0.25 +71.71 +16.70 +1.50	1.56 2.40 1.74 1.05 1.04 0.99 1.33	9.16 11.17 1.36 0.00 0.00 1.94 9.48	1245.37 995.13 925.85 1001.06 963.82 1109.55 1105.53	bottom of the Eurotop league table. "The sector has been underperforming mainly because of concerns over the	The maturity of the food business in industrialised economies is nothing new. Over the last few years	of the times," says Véronique Adam, a food analyst for J.P. Morgan. "For the first time Nestlé said it was really committed to addressing the	rated in recent years as they sold low-margin businesses and concentrated investment behind core activities. "Danone has just announced first-quarter	momentum is restored to the sector." The reason for that is sim- ple; margin erosion as	Nescafé doesn't taste the same in France and Germany as it does in the UK." "If the European economistows this year as most economists expect, growth will
obacco PYCLECAL SERVICES Astributors ieneral Retailect	1288.77 1372.21 623.29 1182.34	-0.05 +0.25 -5.25 -0.61	-0.58 +3.48 -34.51 -7.04	3.44 1.82 1.50 1.86	28.75 7.37 0.00 3.63	1339.34 1420.24 630.29 1180.19	lack of top-line growth," says Doriana Russo, Euro- pean food analyst at Salo- mon Smith Barney, "The	to refocus on the best growth opportunities - a	issue of large non-perform- ing assets." The benefits of refocusing have already come through	sales growth of 5 per cent in France and the rest of Europe in markets growing	ers demand lower prices from their suppliers. The	be harder to achieve," she added. "But in the longer term, emerging markets will
zisure Enterorit & Hotelo ledia & Photography lesis, Pubs & Brewerice upport Services	1084 83 1251,27 944,72 1056,00	+0.54 +0.04 +1.17 +1.56	+6.94 +0.53 +10.92 +16.24	1.78 1.72 2.52 1.27	8.72 11.34 3.71 4.82	1110.25 1276.28 976.68 1072.04	CURRENCIES, MONEY	this month when it	for Unilever, the Anglo-	at 1 per cent a year," says Ms Adam. "There were signs		pick up and the mature mar kets will return to growth."
ransport IOH-CYCLICAL SERVE Cord & Drug Retailers elecommunications Serve	1010.27 1413.37 1133.79 1387.81	+0.82 +1.44 -1.13 +2.01	+6.24 +20.07 -12.95 +27.39	1.25 1.89 1.17	8.16 2.31 6.41 1.14	1034.29 1457.18 1157.44 1409.69	EURO-ZONE BONDS	Day's Mithre Sped	FTSE Eurobice 100	EURO SPOT FORWARD	AGAINST THE EURO	
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ied Distribution Vater	1012.01 1163.82 853.68 1393.58	-0.57 +1.77 -1.71 +1.66 +0.71	-5.79 +20.27 -6.03 +9.20 +7.21	1.46 5.34 1.91 2.10	6.57 6.21 5.94 7.96	1(61/10) 1290.14 899.61 1440.35	TR D1/01 4.280 AAA Delount 07/02 4.750 AA- Sweden 12/01 5.000 AA- Greegs 11/08 8.750 BBB	102.983 2.55 +0.01 -0.87 -0.15 104.405 3.01 +0.00 -0.23 +0.17 103.579 2.84 +0.02 -0.30 +0.14 115.886 4.27 +0.01 -0.22 +0.79	1080	Greece (Dr.) \$26.202 +0.0710 Horgany (Form) (SALDS -0.5250	7.4380 7.4380 7.4383 -(100 - 64 326.530 325.503 328.6536 -(146 - 601 251.060 260.090 253.0274 -13	LB 38,1400 -4.2 39,2775 -4.1 L5 7,4414 -0.4 7,4673 HUN L6 391,7354 -0.8 345,6532 -8.0 L0 288,2350 -12.8 290,7390 -12.1
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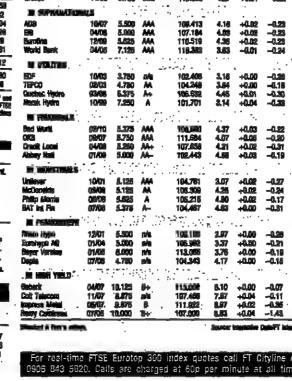
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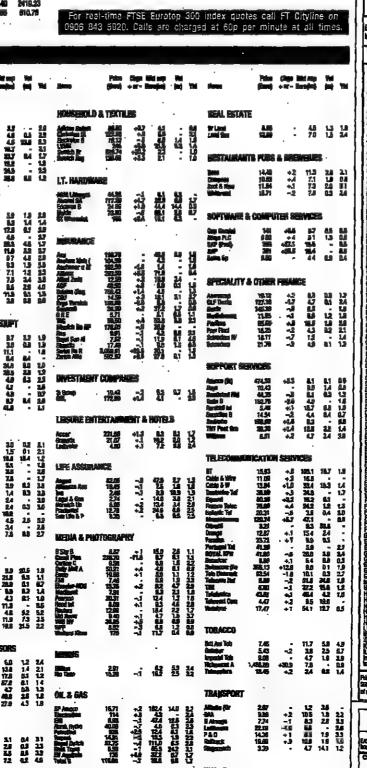
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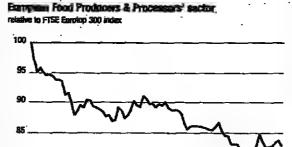
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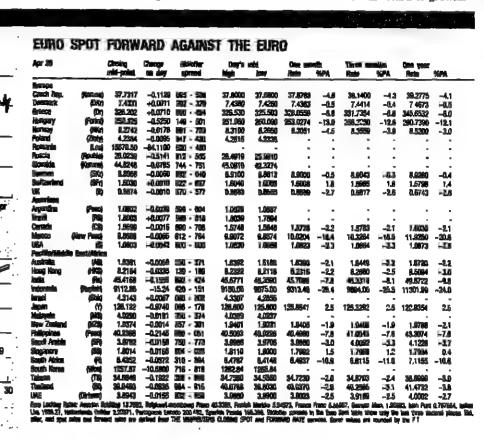
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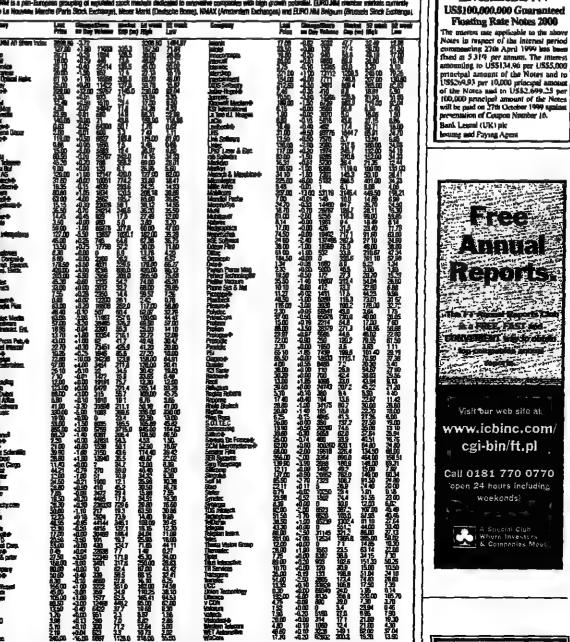






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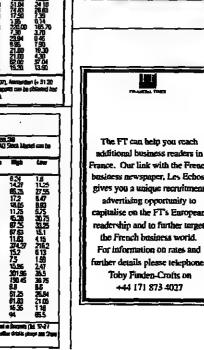


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US and European bond prices fall

BENCHMARK BONDS By Arkady Ostrovsky in London and Richard Waters

in Hew York

US and European government bond prices fell yesterday, as investors braced themselves for a new

wave of corporate issues. lfty Islam at Deutsche Bank said the steepening of the yield curve in the US also reflected concerns about inflationary pressures and the strength of the economy. The bond market is evi-

dentily less relaxed about the impact of recovering oil prices on inflation figures than the Federal Reserve," Oil prices have risen by

few months, but this has so

far failed to translate into a rise in a consumer prices

However, Mr Islam argued that it was just a matter of time until the rise in oil prices fed through into the CPI numbers.

US Treasury prices slipped again yesterday morning as the fixed income markets struggled to absorb a wave of new debt from corporate

Investors also remained cautious about the potential impact of the stock market's recent surge on already buoyant consumer demand in the US.

A 🕏 fall in the benchmark 30-year Treasury by early afternoon, to 94%, nudged the yield up to 5.63 per cent, about 60 per cent in the past compared with 5.5 per cent a

climbed 16 basis points, to according to lifty Islam, at between UK gilts and Ger-5.28 per cent, after the price fell another 🚡 yesterday

morning to 964. Shorter-dated securities were also lower, with the two-year note falling is to 993, lifting the yield to 5.063

per cent. European government bond prices also closed lower yesterday, but managed to outperform US Treasuries.

The yield spread between the 10-year German bund and the US 10-year Treasury continued to break new limits, touching 150 basis points its highest level since the beginning of the decade. Germany's 10-year bund future

fell 0.26 to 115.43. The outperformance of partly driven by better

New international bond issues

Ten-year bond yields "carry trade" opportunities, Deutsche Bank.

This means investors in of divergence between UK European bonds can raise and euro-zone interest rates, cheaper short-term financing said Jan Loesy at J.P. Morfor their long-term invest-

spread between 10-year Ger- risk," he argued. man bunds and 10-year gilts approaching 90 basis points. The 10-year gilt future fell 0.43 to 116.46.

Kevin Adams at Barclays basis points could be in

that the UK is at the bottom cycle, while the European kick-start economic growth.

man bunds reflected a trend rating

"The scenario of UK inter-UK gilt prices continued to est rates smoothly gliding fall further, with the yield towards euro-zone rates is at

Analysts said the market still expected the UK to join the single currency, but this expectation might weaken if the UK economy followed a Capital said a spread of 100 US model with strong economic growth, strong currency and little inflationary Most economists agree pressure.

Japanese bond prices rose of the interest rate-cutting yesterday, reflecting the bullish sentiment in the Central Bank could still cut market. The key June future European bond markets is rates further in order to on a 10-year JGB rose 0.34 to

Fitch IBCA restores Malaysian

By Edward Luce, Capital Markets Editor

Fitch IBCA, the credit rating agency, yesterday restored Malaysia's investment grade rating, having removed it last autumn.

The agency, which had been alone among its peers in downgrading the country, cited the drastic improvement in Malaysia's current account position and the restoration of high foreign exchange reserves as rea-

sons for the move. In addition, the threat of a repetition of the government's decision unexpectedly to impose exchange controls last autumn had

"We felt there was a significant risk of unpredictable and irrational policies com-ing out of Malaysia," said Christopher Huhne, head of sovereign ratings at Fitch IBCA. "This is no longer such a big threat,"

However, the agency, which also approvingly mentioned the country's recent moves to accelerate corporate and financial sector debt restructuring, warned that it was unclear "to what extent investor confidence has been damaged by the imposition of exchange controls"

Fitch IBCA also signalled that it was likely to restore Thailand's investment grade rating and that it would also probably upgrade South Korea from its BBB- rating.

Thailand, which never lost its investment grade rating from Standard & Poor's but was downgraded by Moody's Investors Service early on in the Asia crisis, had also dramatically improved its forcurrent account position, Fitch IBCA said.

NEWS DIGEST

FUTURES

CBOT unit settles dispute with Cantor Fitzgerald

Uncertainty hung yesterday over efforts by the Chicago Board of Trade, the biggest US futures market, to move into cash trading of government securities after its Chicago Board Brokerage arm reached a legal settlement with Cantor Fitzgerald, the US broker-dealer, that bars CBB from using Cantor-related computer software to run the electronic trading system.

CBB, a joint venture between the CBOT and Londonbased Prebon Yamane, was due to be launched last year but it ran into legal problems when Cantor claimed that two of its limited partners, Iris Cantor and Rod Fisher, had breached their partnership agreements by selling Cantorrelated electronic trading technology to CBB.

After months of courtroom wrangling, Cantor and CBB yesterday announced a settlement under which CBB, its parent companies and their respective affiliates had agreed not to use the software provided to CBS by Market Data Corporation. In return, Cantor dropped all claims against CBB. Other terms of the settlement were not disclosed. The case brought by Cantor against the two part-

Deborah Kostroun, at CBB, confirmed that the joint venture would no longer have access to the trading software, and said that it was reviewing future plans. The move into cash trading of government securities had always been seen parity as a retaliatory measure by the CBOT, as Cantor stepped up its own efforts to launch a Treasury futures trading system - thus challenging the CBOT's existing treasury complex. Nikki Tait, Chicago

RISK MEASUREMENT

Corporate tool launched

A risk measurement tool is being launched to help corporate treasurers cope with the volatility of financial factors. such as foreign exchange and interest rate movements. CorporateMetrics, thought to be the first of its kind, is being introduced by the RiskMetrics group in conjunction with the investment bank J.P. Morgan, it is designed to help corporate managements identify the potential impact of financial market movements on earnings and cashflow.

Risk management tools are widely used by banks to easess how changes in markets and complex financial instruments, such as derivatives, can affect profits and

The new system creates a possible range for the key variables, such as exchange rates or commodity prices, at the target date, by using a combination of historic volatility data and macroeconomic analysis, it consists of four components: a set of risk measures for corporations, including earnings-at-risk and cashflow-at-risk; a set of risk measurement methodologies; data and methodologies for forecasting market rates and prices; and a software package for risk analysis and reporting. Philip Coggan, London

Global MTNs from Florence

NEW ISSUES

By Khozem Merchant The Italian city of Florence

yesterday launched the country's first global medium-term note programme, setting a trend that will be followed by Naples later this week.

The \$300m Florentine programma, arranged by Merrill Lynch and co-arranged by Casa di Risparmio di Firenze, is internationally structured, allowing access to US, euro and domestic markets. The 6250m Naples MTN programms will be targeted at domestic, euro and Asian markets.

The two MTN programmes mark a significant expansion of financing options for local authorities in Italy. They are part of a broader trend mortgage lender, yesterday ing, part of an initiative among municipalities in priced the second of its unveiled earlier this month. WORLD BOND PRICES

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS

Europe to diversify funding sources away from "relationship banks" and, in Italy, the Casa depositi a prestiti, a state owned banking net-

Local authorities are under intense budgetary pressure and increasingly look for more competitive

funding sources. Standard & Poor's, the rating agency, assigned an AA rating for Florence, while Moody's Investors Services has given a rating of As2. Moody's rating is one notch higher than that for Italy, which it says reflects the city's strong economy and stable political environment. Florence is the main city in growth has exceeded the

national average. Fannie Mae, the largest US

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recently launched series of benchmark callable bonds, which allow an issuer to redeem bonds before the maturity date at an agreed price on a given date. The decision to launch the

Tuscany, where economic \$2.5bn 10-year bond, callable after three years, emerged during the marketing of the agency's debut callable offer-

Officials at Fannie Mae had earlier acknowledged said pra-selling for the debut European investors' sceptioffering, a \$2bn five-year bond callable after two ucts. It said one of the reademand for an offering of longer duration.

Under the programme. launching at least one callable bond each month. The busy start has pleased

cism towards callable prodyears, revealed strong sons behind the programme was that in a low-interestrate environment, callable bonds would offer a greater Fannie Mae is committed to yield and this would dissuade the sceptics. Yesterday's bond was priced to yield 121 basis points over the agency, especially as it the relevant US Treasury.

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Table 1	Citicorp FRM	02/04	5.066	AA-	86.7552	5.30	+0.08	+0.18	+0.19
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- +6.43 +8.63 +1.28	198 Drewiner Bik	12/07 12/07	7.625 7.760	AAA AA-	115,3100	5.34 6.08	+0.06	+0.06	+0.58 +1.28
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+0.03 +0.72	(日本 (日本)	01/06	3.750	AAA	103,6085	3.26	+0.00	+0.04	+0.94
+0.05 +0.49	Brit Columbia Hydro-Custosc	05/02	3.250 6.750	AA n/u	103,9456 108,7006	1.700	_	-0.11	+0.22
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	pile binery) CHRI	02/06	0.000	AAA	109,5736	5.58	-	-0.13	+0.21
:.	Nor Str Wales Tr S. Aus Gov Fig	05/08 06/08	6.500 7,750	m's AA	104.8867 107.8093	5.65	_	-0.07 -0.07	+0.35 +0.55
itie E.Cis	GREAC AUST	06/01	9.000	ΠÝΙ	106.9786	5.33	-0,01	-0.14	+0.52
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Euro weakens as markets wait for G7

Against she US dollar (USe per MS)

and so justify recent price

rency strategist at Barclays Capital in London, was scep-

MARKETS REPORT By Christopher Swann and Alas Beston

A flurry of comments by German officials further in thin trading ahead of the

outcome of the G7 meeting. While warning against a policy of neglect, Hans Tietmeyer, president of the Bundesbank, said the present level of the euro against the dollar was appropriate. His remarks were echoed by Hans Eichel, Germany's new finance minister, who said the euro's decline was a process of "normalisation" which was not a matter of

By the end of the London session the euro had fallen to \$1.060, near its lifetime

speculation that the European Central Bank thought the current level of the euro was too low. This view had

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been fostered by recent ments from the G7 were remarks from Dominique Strauss-Kahn, France's linance minister, and Sirkka Hamalainen, a member of the ECB's executive board.

"Conflicting statements are sending a confusing message to the market," said David Bloom, currency strategist at HSBC in London. "They are chipping away at the ECB's credibility and will diminish their capacity for verbal intervention. Meanwhile the dollar spiked higher against the yen after Kiichi Miyazawa, Japan's finance minister, reportedly told the US at the G7 meeting that Japan needed no extra budget.

But trading yesterday was lethargic. Expectations of significant policy announce-

1.8465 1.8459 1.8461 1.8461

dampened by comments from Robert Rubin, US Treasury secretary. "Our state-ments will be sufficiently elliptical and will provide no guidance to anybody." he

continued to edge away from to \$0.648. Some analysts said the market was entering a period of reflection as it waited for commodity prices recent rally.

In recent days there has that "even if growth expects been little sign of this. The tions are currently too high CRB index touched a oneuations, market action itself may generate higher growth week low on Friday. But Ravi Bulchandani.

senior economist at Morgan Stanley Dean Witter in London, suggested that the rally in commodity currencies could be stronger than previously expected.

tical, suggesting that the Citing George Soros' broad Asian recovery on which the Australian dolreflexivity theory, he argued

lar's strength had been the currency markets, we based was unlikely to mate- were looking to the equity

■ Expected capital flows related to merger and acquisition activity drove the pound higher against the dollar yesterday, but it later eral torpor.

in the absence of domestic data, attention focused on reports of an agreement by the US company Global Crossing to buy part of Cable and Wireless for

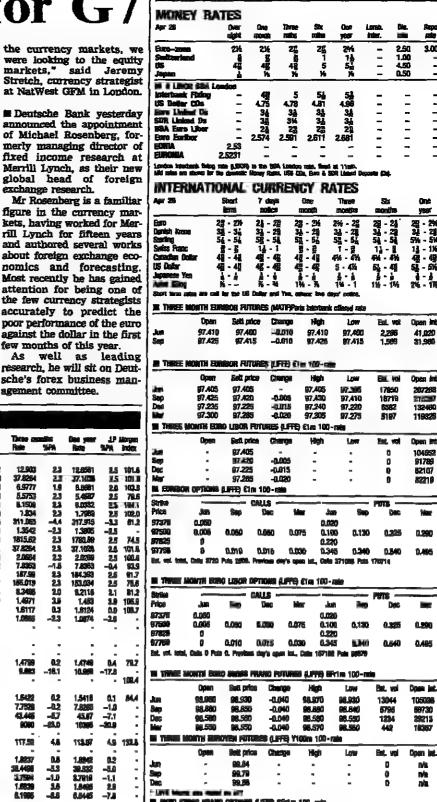
data and the lack of expectations that anything coming

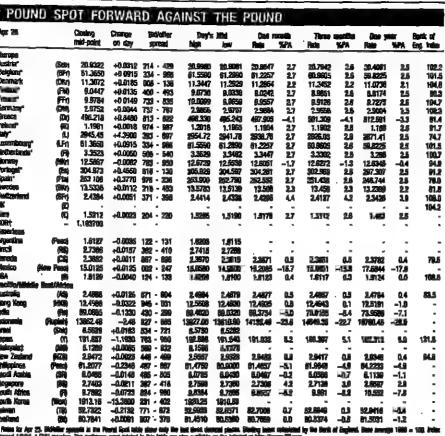
were looking to the equity Stretch, currency strategist at NatWest GFM in London.

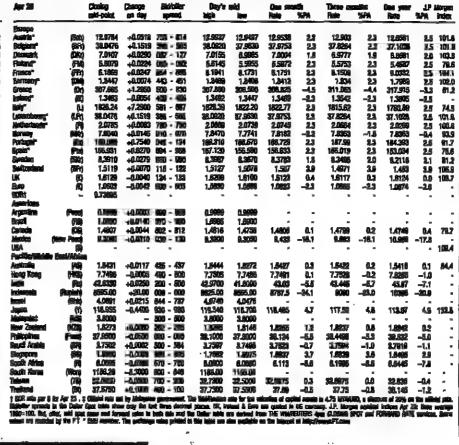
announced the appointment of Michael Rosenberg, for-Merrili Lynch, as their new global head of foreign

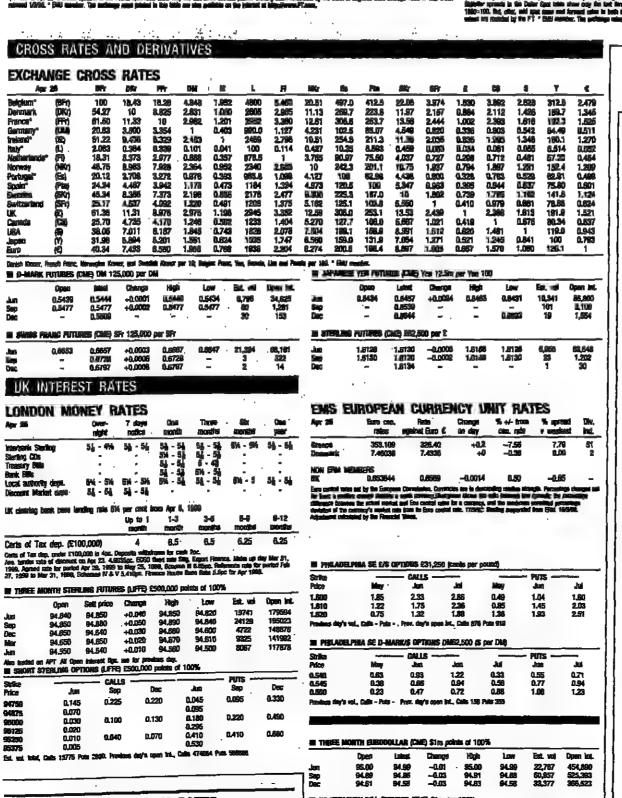
Mr Rosenberg is a familiar figure in the currency markets, having worked for Merrill Lynch for fifteen years and authored several works about foreign exchange economics and forecasting. Most recently be has gained the few currency strategists accurately to predict the poor performance of the euro

few months of this year. As well as leading research, he will sit on Deutsche's forex business man









BASE LENDING RATES Explor Trust Limited 8.25 exhotent Flaming & Co.5.25 Health Benik AG Zurich 5.25 Health & Gen Inv Br.5.50 Sun Bank TSB United Benk of Kuw C. Hoars & Co In Advertise - . --5.25 5.25 5.25 5.25 5.25 5.25 Hongkong & Shanghai 5.25 Investec Bank (UK) Los5.25 Julian Hodge Bank 5.25 ELoyeb Bank 5.25 Uloyeb Bank 5.25 Middend Bank 5.25 Brit Sik of Mid Eas Please Confact **©**00mm Shipley & Collad 5.25 5.25

Metanic Miles on

Recommended Merger Offers

by

Kuoni Holdings Plc

to effect the merger of

First Choice Holidays PLC and Kuoni Reisen Holding AG

Knoal Holdings Pic ("Knoal Holdings") accounces that, by maters of a formal offer document dated and despatched on 26th April, 1999, (the "Offer Document"), Knoal Holdings has made recommended merger offers (the "Merger Offers for First Choice") to acquire all of the issued and to be issued fully paid ordinary shares of 3p each ("First Choice Ordinary States") and all of the issued and to be issued convertible preference shares of 10p each ("First Choice Convertible Preference Shares") in First Choice Holdings. Terms defined in the Offer Document have the same meanings in this advertisement.

In addition, Knowl Holdings has, by means of an offer document dated 23rd April, 1999, made recommended marger offers to acquire the whole of the lasted and so be instead share capital of Knowl Reisen Holding AG. This advertisement relates solely to the Merger Offers for First Choice.

A First Choice Ordinary Shareholder who accepts the Ordinary Offier will receive J Knoal Holdings Share of 10 pence each for every Pirst Choice Ordinary Share. A Pirst Choice Convertible Preference Shareholder who accepts the Convertible Preference Offier will receive J.6 Knoal Holdings Shareh

Piss Choice Stares will be acquired under the Merger Office for Piss Choice fully paid and free from all liens, equities, charges, encumbrances and other laserests and together with all rights now or hereafter ettaching to them, including the right to receive all dividends declared, made or paid hereafter.

The Knoni Holdings Shares issued pursuant to the Merger Offers will be issued credited as fully paid and free from all lieus, equities, charges, encumbrances and other interests and will rank pari passa in all respects with, and have the same rights as, existing Knoni Holdings Shares, including the right to receive all dividends and other distributions declared, made or paid hereafter.

The full terms and conditions of the Merger Offers for First Choice are set out in the Offer Document and in the related Form(s) of Acc First Choice Shareholders may only rely upon the Offer Document and Form(s) of Acceptance for all the terms and conditions of the Merger Offers for

The Merger Offers for First Choice are not being made, directly or indirectly, in or into or by use of the mails of, or by any means or instrumentality functuding, without limitation, facsimile transmissions, telex or selephone) of interstate or foreign commerce, or any facility of a national securities exchange of the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan. Accordingly, copies of the Offer Document, the Form(s) of Acceptance, the Listing Particulars and any other documents relating to the Merger Offers for First Choice are not being, and must not be, mailed or otherwise distributed or sent in, into or from the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan, and persons receiving such documents (including custodians, nominees and trustees) who would, or otherwise intended to form the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan, and persons receiving such documents (including custodians, nominees and trustees) who would, or otherwise intended to form the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan, and persons receiving such documents (including custodians, nominees and trustees) who would, or otherwise intended to form the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan, and persons receiving such documents (including custodians, nominees and trustees) who would, or otherwise intend to, forward the Offer Document, the Form(s) of Acceptance or the Listing Particulars to any jurisdiction outside the UK should read the details in this regard set out in persoraph 6 of Part B and paragraph (c) of Part C of Appendix I of the Offer Document before taking action.

The Kunni Holdings Shares to be issued pursuant to the Merger Offers for First Choice have not been and will not be registered under the US Securitles Act of 1933, as amended, or under the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan. Accordingly, Knoui Holdings Shares to be issued pursuant to the Merger Offern for First Choice may not be offered, sold, resold, delivered or transferred, directly or indirectly in or into the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan. There will be no public offering of Knoui Holdings Shares in the United States, Canada,

This advertisement is not being published or otherwise mailed, distributed or sent in, into or from the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan and persons reading this advertisement (including custodians, nominees and trustees) must not mail, distribute or send this advertisement, the Offer Document or any related documents in, into or from the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan and doing so may invalidate any related purported acceptance of the

Acceptances of the Merger Offers for First Choice must be received by Lloyds TSB Registrars by no later than 3.00 p.m. on 17th May, 1999 (or such other laser time(s) and/or date(s) as Knool Holdings may, subject to the City Code on Thicevers and Mergers, decide). The Merger Offers for First Choice are, by means of this advertisement, extended to all persons to whom the Offer Document may not be despatched who hold, or who are entitled to have unconditionally allotted or issued to them, First Choice Shares. Such persons are informed that copies of the Offer Document and the Listing Particulars relating to Knoni Holdings which should be read in conjunction therewith will be available for collection from Lloyds TSB Registrars at The Camerway, Worthing, West Sussex, BN99 6DA or Ambolin House, 71 Queen Street, London ECAN 1SL, from Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited at

21 Moorfields, London BC2P 2HT and from Credit Snisse First Boston (Europe) Limited at One Cabot Square, London E14 4QJ. This advertisement is published on behalf of Kuoni Holdings and has been approved by Credit Suisse First Boston (Europe) Limited and Lazard Brot & Co., Limited, members of the Securities and Futures Authority Limited, solely for the purposes of Section 57 of the Financial Services Act 1986. Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited, which is regulated in the UK by The Securities and Rutures Authority Limited, is acting for First Choice and Knoni Holdings and no one clse in connection with the Merger and the Introduction and will not be responsible to anyone other than First Choice and Knoni Holdings for providing the protections afforded to customers of Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited or for providing advice in relation to the Merger and

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The Directors of Knowi Holdings accept responsibility for the information contained in this advertisement and to the best of their knowledge and belief (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this advertisement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

26th April, 1999

FIBRES DRY SPELL HITS INDIA, BANGLADESH

Jute crops

Rubber meeting leaves Inro in limbo Gold slips

The international pact on natural rubber prices looks 30 per cent since the begincertain to fall apart after ning of last year. members failed to find a for-

on board. The International Natural Rubber Organisation (Inro), which includes leading producing and consuming coun- as a viable force. tries, met in Kuala Lumpur last week in an effort to stop Thailand and Malaysia from leaving the organisation.

Both countries - the world's largest and third therefore ineligible to vote.

for failing to support prices, which have fallen more than

Their resignation would mula to keep key producers deny inro a large part of its funding, which is used to buy rubber to support the market, effectively spelling the end of the organisation

However, no deal was reached - largely because Inro's rubber-producing members had failed to pay their contributions and were

do anything decisive, and headquarters. it's no help to the market."

Inro did agree to reduce its reference price by 5 per cent to 204.20 Malaysian/Singaous level of 214.95. The price, 2000. denominated in a hybrid currency of the Malaysian ringis used to determine when of the organisation.

It also considered a pro-

It is due to meet again in money. September, only a month before Malaysia's resigna- sages left yesterday. tion takes effect. Thailand is

Industry insiders are sceptical that anything can be git and the Singapore dollar. done to prevent the break-up

itself some time, but there's co-operation but that is not posal to denominate the ref- nothing it can do in the marerence price in a single cur- ket because it has no

"The meeting leaves inro rency, the Singapore dollar, money," a trader said. "It By Paul Sommen as Lumpur ducers - have criticised inro in limbo," a rubber trader and issues arising from the has been calling for offers in frustrating that they didn't including the location of its unable to buy anything because it doesn't have the

Inro did not return mes-

Meanwhile, Thailand and pore cents/kg from the previ- scheduled to leave in March Malaysia are said to be considering measures to support their internal rubber markets, including banning

"They're due to meet next "Inro thinks it has bought month to talk about likely to help international prices," a trader said.

drilling programmes.

which produces 100m cubic

feet of gas per day, while

Poco made several smaller

S energy companies are

tinuing an acquisition

looking north too, con-

and investment spree that

began two years ago. Unocal

bought a stake in gas pro-

ducer Northrock Resources

last week, which will allow

Northrock to increase explo-

ration and development

spending by one-third. Duke

Energy has bought two gas

gathering and processing

raised, Canadian companies

now have some assurance

that if they can extract the

gas, they can find the best

price on the continent at

facilities this year.

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gas-oriented acquisitions.

on New York fund under threat

MARKETS REPORT By Gillian O'Connor

and Paul Solman

Gold slipped to \$281.50 an ounce in London yesterday afternoon, \$2 below Friday's close, and below the \$282.50 to \$285 range within which it has been trading recently.

Traders said the move was the result of selling by funds in New York, after the weekend suggestion that International Monetary Fund gold sales would total 10m

Analysts pointed out that there had been no change in

Even if gold sales are discussed at today's interim IMF meeting, no actual deci-sion to sell will be taken likely to accelerate takeovers in the sector, as combefore the autumn meeting. panies with stronger cash Also, the market has long positions acquire weaker competitors that lack the been taking it for granted resources to accelerate their that a sale will be approved, and figures of both 5m and Last year AEC paid C\$777m for Amber Energy, 10m ounces have already been mentioned.

On the base metals markets, comment from US copper producer Phelps Dodge that it could see no fundamental reason for the metal's recovery depressed sentiment on the London Metal

Exchange. Crude oil prices slipped below \$15.50 on the international Petroleum Exchange in London, with no fundsmental news to spur the market, but recovered somewhat in late trading, Brent blend for June delivery was \$15.62 a barrel, against Fri-

day's close of \$15.89. The price broke through \$16 a barrel last week for the first time since the middle of last year, marking a 45 per cent rise since the beginning

of the year. Cocoa dropped to another six-year low on the London International Financial Futures and Options Exchange, the May contract ending at £686, down £11

from drought However, Orissa, Bihar and Andhra Pradesh, India's other three jute-growing

Trade officials say India and Bangladesh will open a result of a severe drought the 1999-2000 season with much lower stocks of fibre. and that larger quantities of new jute will only come on to the market from mid-August, making it difficult for the factories to build nor-

not more rain in jute grow-India is expected to start

next season are uncertain, raw jute prices have continued to firm. In one month, the price of benchmark grade TD-4 has risen nearly 10 per cent to Rs10,150 (\$237)

"Traders are not in a hurry to sell as the inevitable delay in the arrival of the next crop will lift jute prices further." said an offlcial of the Indian Jute Balers' Association.

A worldwide shortage of jute

season, which runs from

July to June, looks likely as

that has hit soil preparation

and sowing work in India

and Bangladesh, the two

largest producers of the com-

The situation is expected

ing areas for a prolonged

As the crop prospects for

period.

"The alarm bells have counded as southern parts of West Bengal, which account for nearly half of India's jute crop, have had a dry spell since December 1998," said DJ Wadhwa, managing director of Champdany, India's biggest producer of

fute goods. "The adjoining areas in Bangladesh are also experlencing drought. I hope there will be a few showers by the first week of May. The damage will then be controlled to some extent," said Mr

Wadhwa. Sowing of jute in Assam and the northern region of West Bengal, which together grow approximately 25 per cent of the Indian crop, have been less affected by com-

JOTTER PAD

states, are still suffering during the 1999-2000 growing from drought.

to become critical if there is mal inventories of the raw material.

the next season with stocks of about 1.2m bales of jute of 180 kg each, compared with 3m bales on July 1 1998.

Bangladesh's opening stocks are forecast to fall to less than 800,000 bales from more than 2m bales last

The more affluent Indian milis have decided to import large quantities of raw jute from Bangladesh, which always has a big export

Trade officials say that China, which has poor stocks of raw jute, as well as Pakistan, Brazil, Ivory Coast and European countries, will also be big buyers of Bangladeshi fibre next

india's production in the current year has failen to less than 8m bales from 11.15m bales in 1997-98. The crop in Bangladesh has dropped from 6.9m bales in 1997-98 to 4m bales in this

"It is still early to make a forecast of the next crop in India and Bangladesh," said Mr Wadhwa. "The problem with jute is that it is almost totally dependent on rain water. This is the reason why there is such wild fluctuation in the crop," he

2002/06/2

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Canadian gas producers look to the south

New pipelines mean producers can find the best price on the continent at which to deliver, says Edward Alden The cash crunch is also

holy grail for Canadian natural gas producers in surplus supply is pipeline has been the impending transportation, and gas has completion of three pipelines moved to a premium." to carry gas from western Canada to customers in the

US midwest and north-east. Canadian gas companies have long been unable to take advantage of higher US prices because of limited export capacity. Instead. they have had to sell into the much smaller Canadian market, where intense domestic gas competition has kept prices 30 to 50 per

cent lower than US prices. That situation is finally changing. The expansion of two pipelines completed last year, the Northern Border and TransCanada lines, has added 1.1bn cubic feet per day, or 15 per cent, to Cana-

da's export capacity. The Alliance pipeline, which runs from northeastern British Columbia and Alberta directly to Chicago, is scheduled for completion in October 2000 and will add a further 1.3bn

cubic feet of capacity. For 30 years, Canadian gas has been discounted because of surplus domestic demand. says Gwyn Morgan, chief executive of Alberta Energy Company, Canada's largest

COMMODITIES PRICES

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE (Prices from Amaigameted Nighti Tzading)

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or several years, the independent natural gas producer. "Now the commodity

> The numbers bear out that conclusion. While AEC's realised gas prices were up only slightly in the first quarter of this year due to a mild US winter at C\$2.04 (US\$1.38) per thousand cubic feet, its contracts for delivery next winter are selling at an average C\$3.10.

The traditional differential between higher US gas prices and lower Canadian prices has shrunk by almost 80 per cent in the last year, largely due to the improved pipeline capacity. Canadian spot prices are up by 30 to 40 per cent over the same period a year ago.

"The long-term fundamentals are in place," says John Clarke, oil and gas analyst at Deutsche Bank Securities in Toronto. "With any kind of normal winter, things will get pretty exciting." While such a positive outlook, coupled with the recent

companies, the picture is not quite so clear. Canadian oil and gas pro-

ducers had been expecting the few companies that pos-

281.3 -2.3 280.6 290.8 51 113 May 291.5 -2.4 282.6 -2.3 286.3 281.7 12.819 125.0 Sep 284.5 -2.3 286.4 283.5 217 10.578 May 283.5 250 4.275 Jan

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Precious Metals continued

ME GOLD COMEX (100 Troy 62.; S/froy 62.)

strengthening of oil prices,

ought to be nothing but good

news for Canada's energy

Ma	1998	Mar 98	01 96	(11 98	YFO 98	YTD 99
Henry Hub, Louislana (Mmbtu)*	2,25	1.80	2.18	1.81	2.21	1.81
Alberta Border at Empress (Mcf)*	1.43	1.67	1.29	1.57	1.34	1.66
Source: First Briefly Capital Corporation	* Par i	alliga British	thornal w	# - F	r thousand	cubic feet

higher gas prices this year, sass the rare combination of and have tried to accelerate significant gas properties their gas drilling programmes. But the cash crunch caused by last year's est storage facilities in low prices has left few companies able to do so.

Oil and gas drilling in the first quarter of 1999 was down by 38 per cent from the same period last year, according to First Energy Capital, the Calgary brokerage. In the US, the picture is much the same.

n the absence of another unusually mild winter. drilling constraints across North America are expected to lead to supply problems later this year.

First Energy is forecasting US demand will exceed supply, including domestic production and imports, by a year, minimum of 1.8bn cubic feet per day in 2000, resulting in potentially much higher US natural gas prices". All of this is good news for

GRAINS AND DIL SEEDS

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273.50 -2.75 285.50 282.00 12,864 £
273.50 -2.00 275.26 272.25 983
287.50 -2.50 290.75 285.00 1,286 £
287.50 -3.22 289.50 287.00 106
303.50 -4.00 - 1

21625 -4.00 220.25 216.00 20.854 83,510 211.50 -4.25 225.50 221.50 20,717132,750 227.25 -4.50 231.50 235.25 1,502 25.884

21.50 -4.50 221.50 221.00 221.71 22.725 227.25 -4.50 221.50 225.25 1,502 25.84 234.75 -5.25 240.75 240.00 5,437 94,772 244.25 -4.75 249.25 243.25 285 15,205 244.25 -4.75 249.25 243.25 285 15,205 248.20 -4.80 249.76 248.00 34 1,627

481.00 -4.25 485.00 478.25 11,145 34.706 480.50 -4.00 494.75 487.50 18,779 61,284 482.75 -4.50 497.00 491.00 1,281 16,732 485.50 -4.00 489.00 483.75 217 8,902

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IN WHEAT LIFE (100 brons; E per brons)

AEC, which has the larg-Alberta, is busy accelerating its gas production while also stockpiling for delivery later this year. Its first-quarter deliveries

and strong cash flow.

were 910m cubic feet per day, up from an average 717m in 1998, and the company is planning to build inventory over the summer with a goal of delivering more than Ibn cubic feet per day in the fourth quarter and next year.

Poco Petroleums has also followed a gas-oriented drilling programme, and is expected to increase production about 10 per cent to 550m cubic feet per day this

The company's cash flow which to daliver. "Canadian gas compadropped only 1 per cent last year, despite low prices, and nies," says Gwyn Morgan, it even managed to raise "have truly entered a new era of unrestrained access to

MEAT AND LIVESTOCK III LIFE CATTLE CHE (40,0000x; contalità) 65,225 +0.676 66,450 65,660 2,861 5,107 65,325 +0.600 63,725 62,950 7,821 45,976 61,600 +0.175 82,200 61,800 1,313 20,481

from Friday's close.

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LONDON TRADED OPTIONS 1350 .

LONDON SPOT MARKETS

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Brent Blend Llurb	\$15.59-5.65	-0.385
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Gas Off	\$128-129	-4.5
Heatoly Plugal Off	\$72-74	
liephiha	\$138-139	42.5
iet kuel	\$160-162	-2.5
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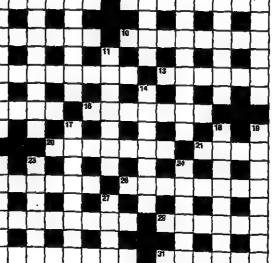
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31 Area on top is run for

CROSSWORD No.9,972 Set by HIGHLANDER



For solutions to today's crossword call 0906 843 0060. Calis cost 80p a minute.

ACROSS 1 Rough route to follow, one hears (6) 4 Expression in America for

1 Consumers' Association for the end of the line (8) 2 Make unfriendly foreigner 9 Craving for a drink from river this time round (6) 10 Give an account of two notes on writer (8) 12 Sun might represent fire-arms manufacturer (8) 5 First female to go over new

13 Establish position in the east (6) 15 Put pen to paper without starting traditional proce-

16 Cheese not brought back following change of list (7) Improvements with regard 21 Nothing coming from Zambia before movement of ore

calling for post (7) 14 Allure in German, love in ears, no doubt 17 Set time limit no longer matters to be us that goes 18 Drinks include punch: what do surprised Irishmen say? efforts after

19 Musical with an unusua asset - an Italian noblewoman (8) 22 Organised some incomplete release payment (6)

vative group (8)

a brew of ten (8)

after Open (6)

Spaniards (6) 11 Place where buffers will be

French (7)

South-east has identical

seeds, it's sometimes said

6 Earth satellite accommo-

7 Arrested in North America

8 Seat is adjustable for rest of

dating a vehicle? That takes the biscuit! (8)

- small delicatessen taken

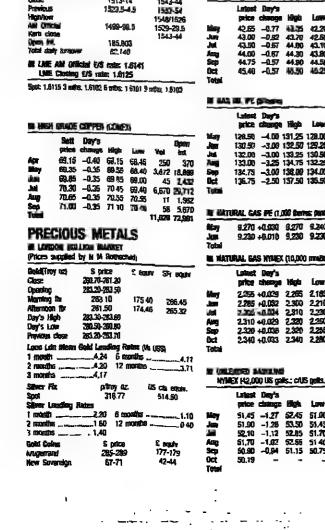
effective on railway route

23 He preserves whatever turns up, including fine porcelain (6) 24 Someone who makes engravings and so forth with her (6)

stable block (4)

27 Sounds made by cats in old

Solution to Saturday's prize puzzle on Saturday May 8. Solution to yesterday's prize puzzle on Monday May 10.



IN STYNESS WEST COT 1/00 loos, \$70mi -1.0 130.5 128.6 1.913 36.54 -1.0 132.1 139.0 10.785 39.067 -0.7 132.5 131.5 1,638 12,361 -0.8 135.0 132.9 1,055 9,866 -0.9 136.0 134.0 136 5,608 42.65 -0.77 **11.75** 42.20 13.418 23.104 43.00 -0.82 42.70 42.80 13.205 37.382 43.50 -0.57 44.90 43.10 4.423 24.119 44,406176,581 130.50 -3.00 132.50 129.25 6.597 27.302 132.00 -3.00 133.25 130.50 2.500 12.728 133.00 -3.25 134.75 132.25 1,148 5.585 134.75 -3.00 138.00 134.00 1,189 7,887 136.75 -2.50 137.50 135.50 811 4,120 PULP AND PAPER IN WATURAL GAS FE (1,000 being being of here) TO PRELIPEX CHELX (USS, 24 air dry tone) 9270 +0.030 9270 9240 150 1,525 9230 +0.010 9230 9230 25 1,615 p/s s/s 489.00 -2.00 2.25 +0.029 2.265 2.165 28.017 41,675 2.785 +0.032 2.300 2.210 16.085 55.074 2.310 +0.023 2.310 2.330 2.765 25.578 2.310 +0.023 2.320 2.330 2.336 19.273 2.320 +0.038 2.320 2.255 1,373 21,818 2.340 +0.033 2.340 2.280 1,526 17,087

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+1.50 491.00 489.00 All futures data supplied by CBS. Minor Metals from Metal Bulletin European free market, S per pound in warehouse, Antimony: 99.65%, S per come, 1,210-1,290 (1,230-1,340). Blamuth MB Free Mcd. 3.45-3.55 (3.35-3.50). Cadmis rear act. 3,53,53 carts a pound, 20-24. Cabalt \$ per pound, min. 99,8%, 15,50-18,50, mm. 99,3%, 13,0-14,10 (13,20-14,30), Mercurye min. 99,99%, \$ per 75 pound flask, 135-143. Molybdenumi

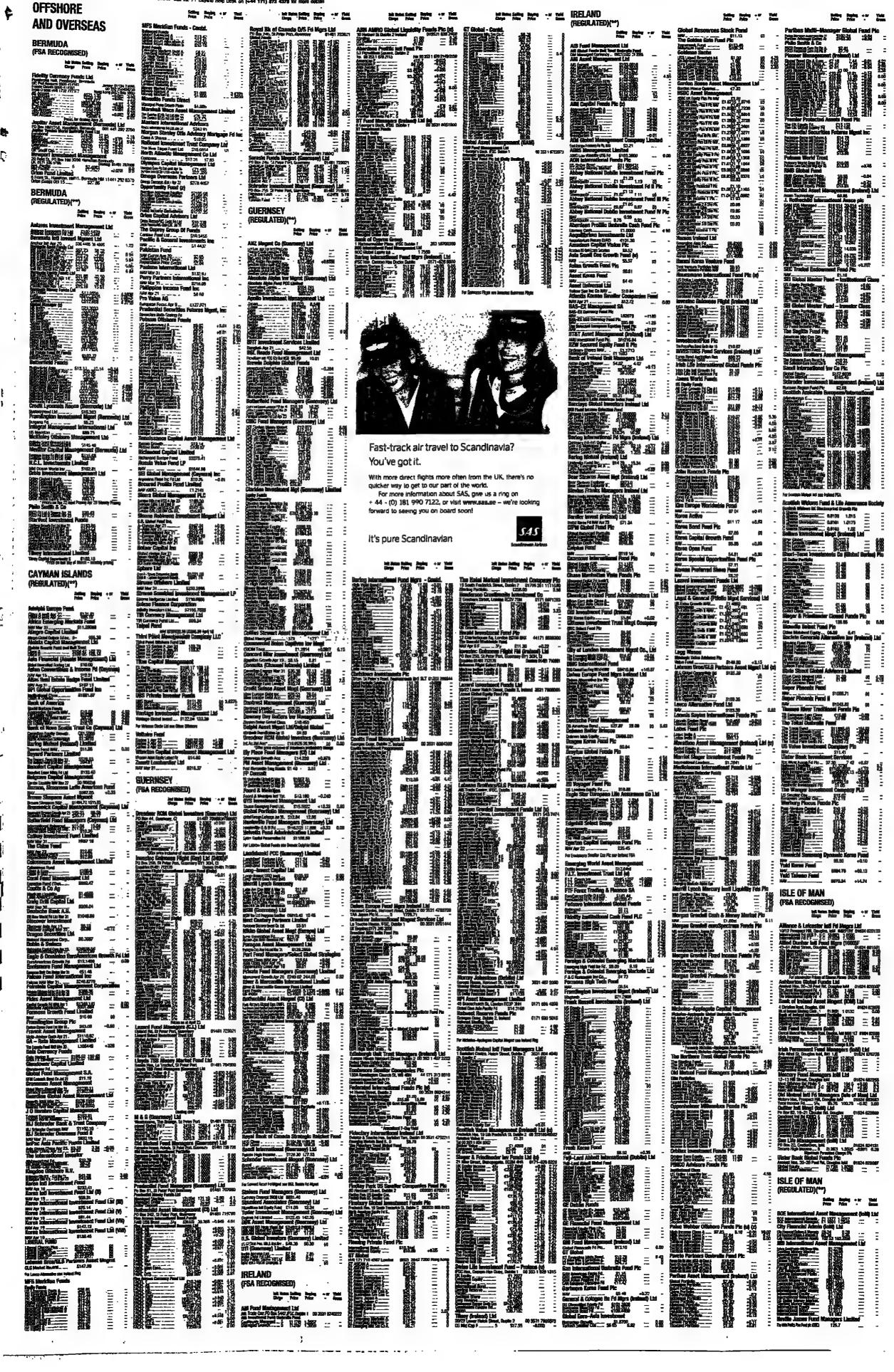
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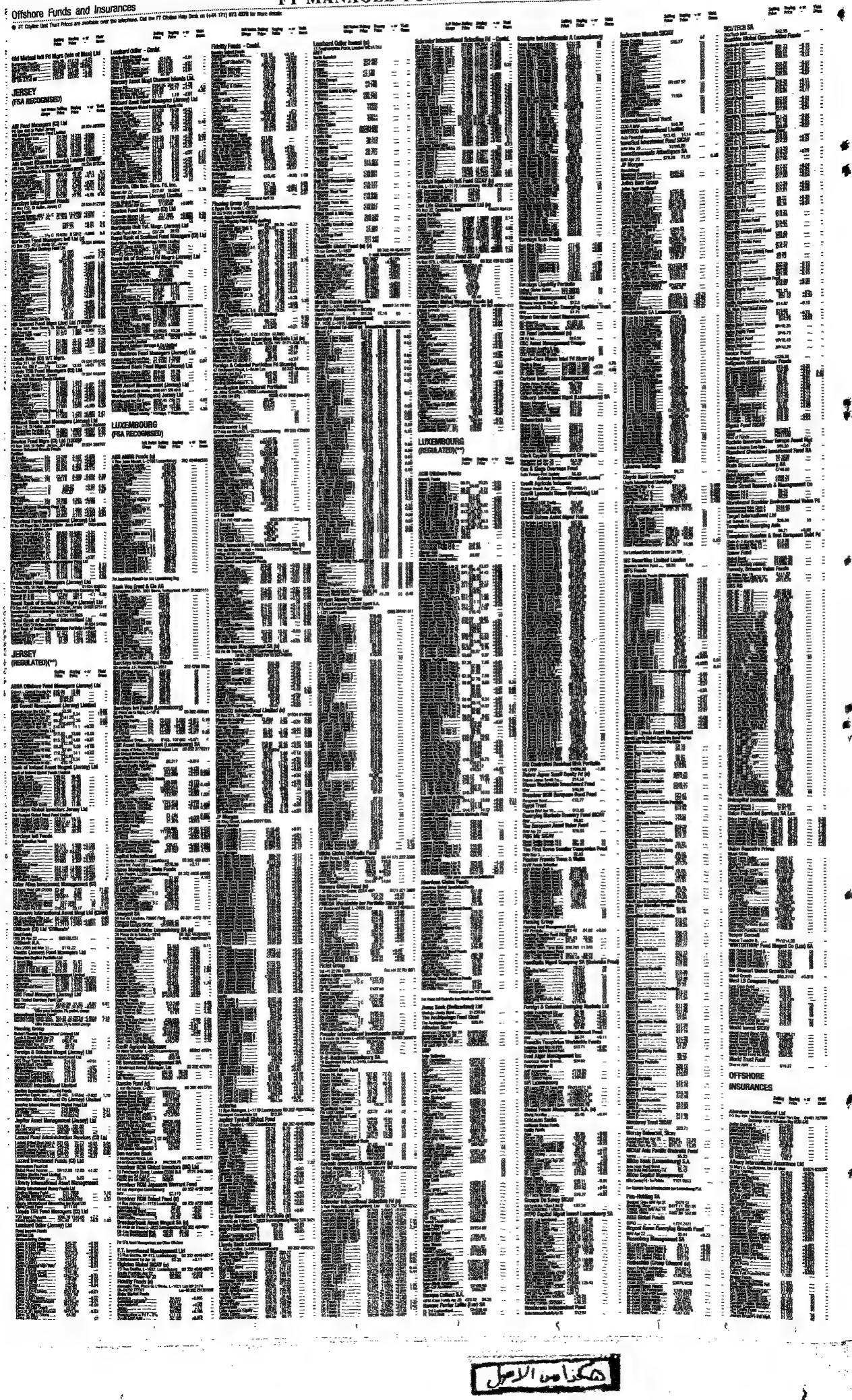
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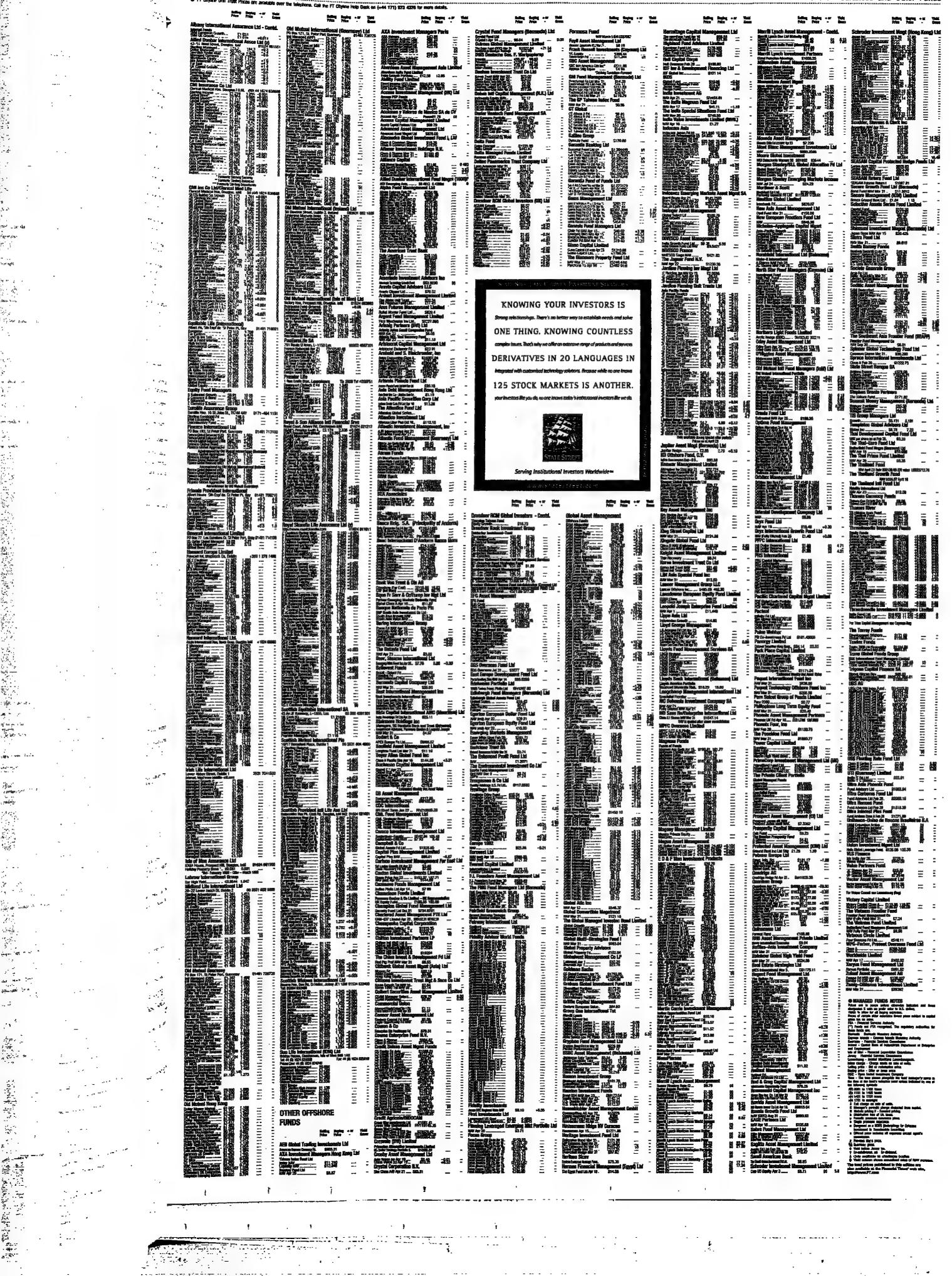
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FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE





FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY APRIL 27 1999





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FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY APRIL 27 1990 LONDON SHARE SERVICE If only this page could be updated now. Our pages just have been devoted to making the most up-to-date financial information available to you. One visit could make all the difference to your portfolio. www.iii.co.uk PERSONAL CARE A HOUSEHOLD PRODUCTS

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MARKET REPORT By Steve Thompson, UK Stock Market Editor

buoyant telecomthe UK stock market's best performing areas in recent showing by London's stock market yesterday.

A sudden spate of corporate deals involving the UK's leading telecoms companies, BT and Cable and Wireless. plus the continuing expectation that many more global corporate deals are in the it," he said.

marketmakers caught by a shortage of stocks, exaggerating the upward moves.

munication sector, among would have been a very per cent gain at the close. 2533.9. quiet day indeed," said one years. was the prime mover insisted the market felt well behind another sparkling underpinned by the continuing takeover rumours circulating in the stock market.

"There is still a strong feeling that more bids are on the way and if one or more is in the FTSE 100 then the market will rocket. But I wouldn't bet my pension on

US was another plus for the during last week's roller- and again yesterday. market, with GEC shares, coaster ride. Yesterday, it already a good market, mov- moved confidently ahead to Industrial Average dipped 37

The FTSE 100 index made

rise too in the FTSE Small- negative territory. Cap which continued its recent sequence of gains - it all the more impressive force in the market place

But the strength of the marketmaker. But he a strong rum at a record, re- FTSE 100 and Small Cap indi- ative opening performance crossing 6,500 at the day's ces contrasted with a market to a small gain and back best and touching 6,521.9 rarity these days - a poor before slipping back on the showing by the FTSR 250. emergence of light profit- The index never looked com- the telecome sector produced taking. It staged another fortable throughout the sesstrong run that left the sion and eventually settled performances. index a net 75.6 up at 6,503.6. 4.1 higher at 5,788.6, having There was another good spent much of the day in ing in the FTSE 100 index,

Boot and worst performing FTSE sectors

On Friday the Dow Jones

"Without the telecoms it ing up a gear and posting a 5 finish a net 11.7 firmer at points and it never looked impressive yesterday, moving between a modestly neg-

> The individual stories in some exceptional individual

BT, with its heavy weightwas one of the most impres-London's performance was sive and the real driving

the Stena joint venture

Speculation about further

restructuring in the oil sec-

tor triggered buying in BP

Amoco. Rumours doing the

rounds included the merger

of French oil groups Total

and Elf-Aquitaine. Another

story suggested a merger

BP shares improved 9% to

try". However Shell was

friendless and the stock

bucked the market trend

ahead of a series of presentations to analysts in Europe

tomorrow. Misys was ahead

17 at 598%p as it basked in

Masdaq market in the US.

Hanson gained almost 6

closing 3 off at 433%p.

ssure in the indus-

between Elf and Abell.

share of 36 per cent.

pipeline, saw both stocks News of GEC's \$4bn offer outpaced the FTSE All-given the sluggish showing after its joint purchase of a aggressively bought and to buy Fore Systems of the Share, 100 and 250 indices by Wall Street last Friday 30 per cent stake in Japan Telecom along with AT & T.

> Cable and Wireless, however, overpowered BT in the performance table, advancing almost 8 per cent after its latest asset disposal, the 2550m sale of its submarine cable-laying business to Global Crossing.

> Turnover in equities at the Spm cut-off point was 971.4m hares, well below recent levels but nevertheless a healthy figure for a Monday. Non-FTSE 100 stocks accounted for 52.3 per cent of the overall figure.

> and it surrendered 11 to

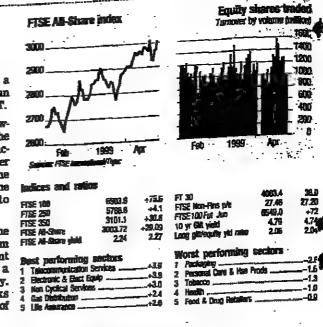
vas also down, by 7 to 159p.

Vickers advanced 51/4 to

16% ahead of a bullish trad-

ing statement expected at its

951p. Britan International



C&W leads market

COMPANIES REPORT By Joel Kibazo and Martin Brice

were the toast of the market yesterday as investors continued to reflect on international corporate activity in the sector and on disposals.

Explaining yesterday's general advance, one sector pecialist said: "There is no doubt that the Deutsche Telekom and Telcom Italia merger, together with the AT & T bid for MediaOne, have made this the sector to watch and several investors have decided to top up holdings in the event of bid activity here.

Among the leaders, confirmation from Cable and Wireless that it had agreed to sell its submarine cablelaying operations to Global Crossing of the US in a £550m deal cheered the market. C&W was easily the best performing Footsie stock yesterday after the shares advanced 67 or nearly 8 per

cent to 909p. The company indicated the sale was in line with its increasing focus on the operation of communications networks, in particular data

The return of bid speculation also helped boost the stock and Paul Sharma at

Investec Henderson Cros- licences in Japan through thwaite said: "The sum-ofthe parts valuation for Cable and Wireless is around £13.50. We should see a narrowing of the gap between that valuation and the cur-

rent share price as the strategic focus becomes clearer." Comments from British Telecommunications that its joint acquisition of a 30 per cent stake in Japan Telecom with AT & T would enhance earnings per share saw the stock jump 53 to £10.47 in

Specialists were particularly pleased that the deal would give BT entry into third-generation mobile announcement of the pur-

Apr 25 Apr 23

871A*

7.9

21.0

62 Week bishu and irroy

FT 30 INDEX

participation in a hid consortium with Japan Telecom. In the rest of the sector.

Telewest Communications was also in demand as dealers once again raised the prospect of a bid for the cable operator. The shares put on 14% to 297%p, while a more modest rise was recorded in Energis, 7 up at \$16.37. The latest move by GEC to

transform itself into a telecommunications company They pushed the stock up 5 per cent or 29% at 608%p fol-lowing the company's

4025.4 4017.0 3872.0 3985.6 3713.6 4082.9 2790.6 263 263 265 264 269 422 258 2190 2158 23.73 23.89 24.02 25.41 15.80 21.89 23.91 23.66 23.82 23.61 25.89 15.71

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			* *	**	

chase of Fore Systems, a US was lauded by investors, internet communications 175p despite an AGM stateequipment group, for \$4.5hn. The deal follows the acqui-

sition of Reltec of the US and defence electronics business to British Aerospace.

The stock saw 9m traded tember profitability difficult to proj-The positive reaction by investors led the shares to an all-time high, and they stand at 22 times this year's the first set of figures from arnings forecasts. showed it had a market

BAe was up 20% at 452%p, helped by a press report that Airbus is close to clinching a £2bn deal with Northwest

Transport group Arriva continued to suffer from its annual general meeting age in the first quarter was down 2 per cent. The stock was off another 7 per cent or 28% at 386%D.

BP better Rival bus groups ended the day stronger, FirstGroup gained 12 to 389%p, while £10.97 as one analyst suggested further merger National Express was up 33 activity "will reduce competat £11.24.

sector, Sanderson Bramall was up 3% at 287%p as it enjoyed follow-through buying after its positive AGM statement last week.

ker's recommendation helped boost TV company Flextech. The shares appreciated 35 to 851p. Invested Henderson Crosthwaite raised its near-term share price target to 900p.

Marks and Spencer, driven sharply higher in recent sessions by speculation that ment that put the emphasis on increasing profits by cut-Warren Buffett's Berkshire ting costs and improving efficiency. It said the introaccumulating a significant stake, slipped 6 to 448%p duction of the new car numafter a report in the weekend ber plate in March and Seppress casting doubts on such had made

W.H. Smith, the country's biggest bookseller, jumped 38 or just over 5 per cent to 778%p after yesterday's launch of a new online service providing free access to the internst and offering several other services. The strong advance made it the best performer in the FTSE

planned to broaden and deepen the appeal of W.H. Smith Online over the coming months.

Abbot, the oil services group that failed in its move to take over ProSafe of Norway earlier this year, showed its ability to grow organically by the announce ment of a five-year contract to drill for Shell. Traders suggested the deal would increase earnings by 10 per cent a year.

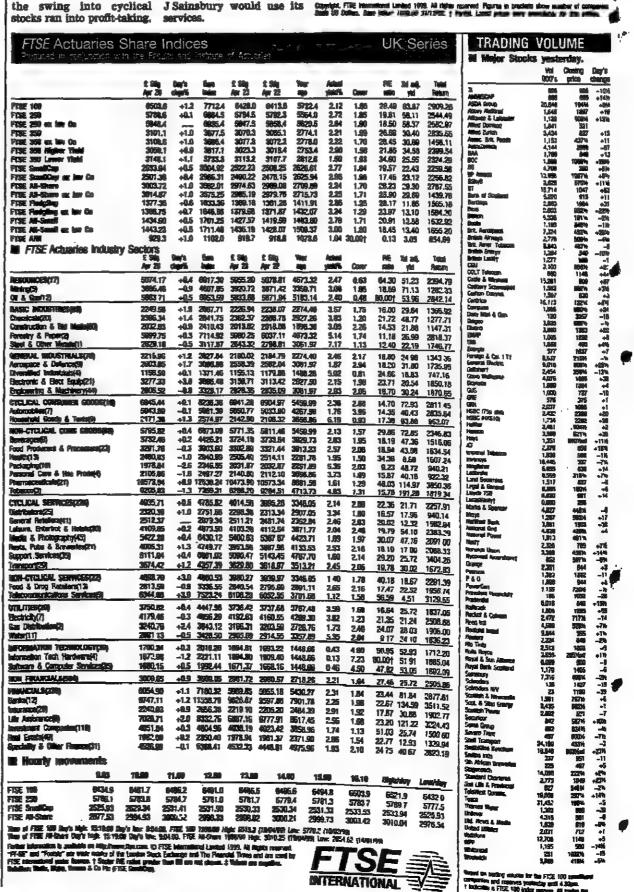
Reports that Whitbread, per cent or 35 to 6211/2n the pubs and leisure group. may be lining up a move against Greenalls saw the latter's shares climb 7% to 370p. Whithread dipped 15 to the reflection of a stronger £10.32%.

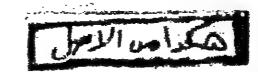
Card Clear, the anti-fraud Smiths Industries lost group, gained 10 per cent or J Sainsbury would use

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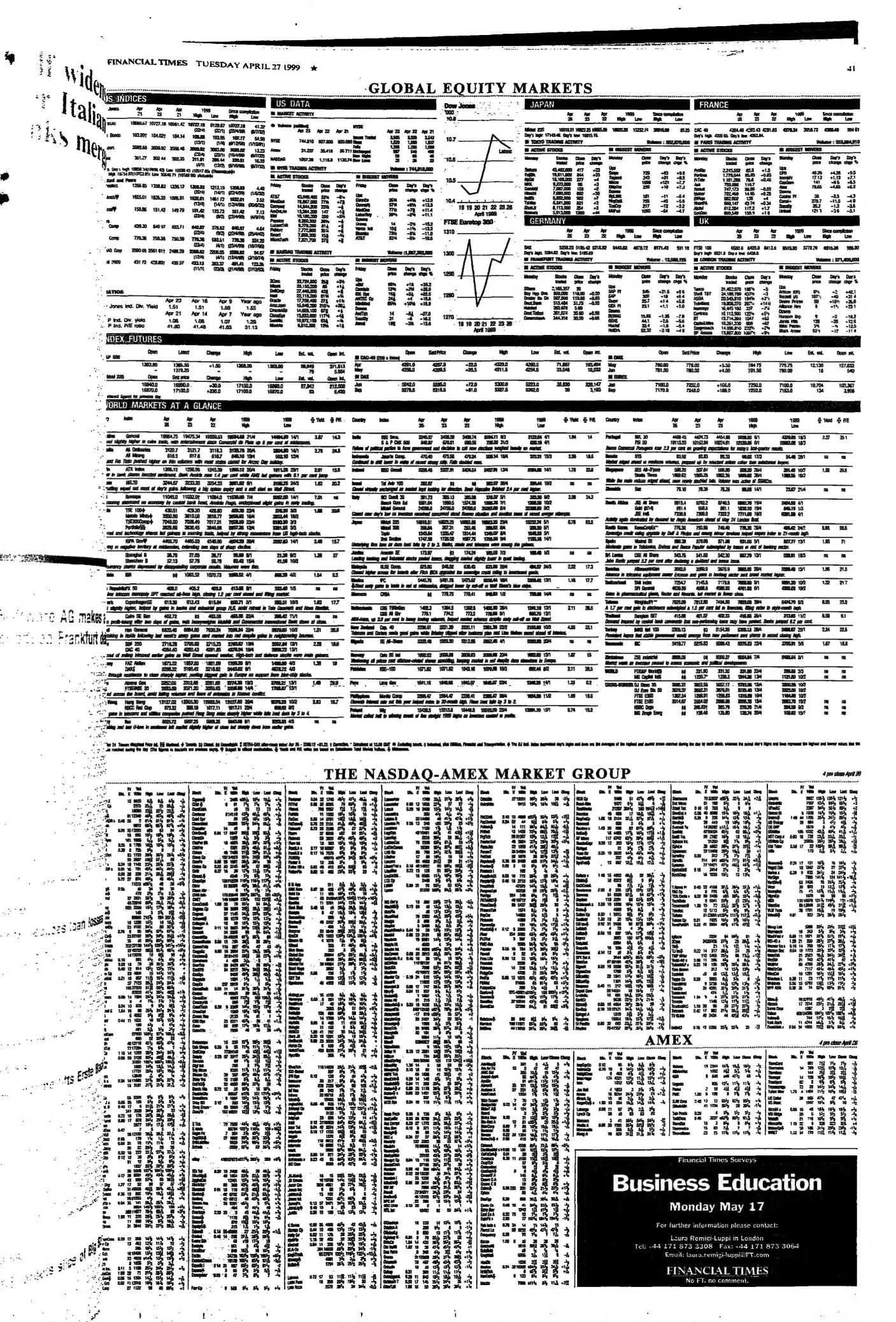
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ONA chief exit

fails to excite

EMERGING MARKET FOCUS

Strengthening Asia glimpses end of crisis

43

Strong gains in Asia followed by a number of solld performances in Europe provided equity mar-

Wall Street was having

centred around a strong session for telecommunications and defence shares.

Even Deutsche Telekom, a kets with their main flavour weak market lately on conyesterday. writes Jeffrey cern over its planned merger with Telecom Italia, added 1.4 per cent to rise in line trouble finding direction as with the broader market. In trading in Europe came to a Paris, defence leader Thom-

a domestic course, mostly itive conclusions from the Kosovo crisis.

But the main focus was on Asia where the re-rating story continued to run full steam ahead, helped by a swathe of debt upgrades, another rate cut in the Philippines and a favourable assessment of the region by the International Monetary Fund. Over the weekend the

European markets closed

mostly higher despite an

early sell-off on Wall Street

that trimmed gains in the

day's star performers. Frank-furt posted the biggest

advance, up 1.6 per cent,

helped by a brightening eco-

nomic outlook and robust

Computer services stocks

were unaffected by the bout of weakness in New York.

The sector turned in a hefty

7.2 per cent rise on gains in

France's Cap Gemini and

Germany's SAP. The four-

stock strong aerospace and

defence sector was up 2.3 per

cent on expectations that the

conflict in Kosovo would

The FTSE Eurobioc 100

index, which covers leading

companies in the euro-zone,

closed 5.62 or 0.5 per cent

higher to 1,062.91. The FTSE

Eurotop 100, covering coun-

tries inside and outside mon-

etary union climbed 30,65 to

3.014.67 while the broader

FTSE Eurotop 300 settled

ZURICH jumped 1.5 per

cent in response to a sharp

rise for Roche as the US

Food and Drug Administra-

approval to the pharmaceuti-

cal giant's anti-obesity drug.

Certificates in Roche shot

up SFr730 or 4.3 per cent to

SFr17,850. Approval for

Xenecal had been delayed

for some months while US

regulators investigated pos-

sible side-effects. The drug is

seen by some analysts as a

potential blockbuster with

sales that could top SFr1bn a

Novartis also had a better

heavy selling in the wake of

gaining just SFr1 to SFr520

while CS Group was SFr2

ABB jumping SFr55 to

Cyclicals were higher with

quarter figures.

higher at SFr292.50.

SFr2.174.

10.63 higher at 1,307.54.

rises in blue chips.

Frankfurt and Paris plotted investors, for once, drew pos-fund suggested that the the NPL ratio had peaked in range. The market pie in Asian crisis "could be over". Fitch IBCA upgraded Malaysia's long-term foreign currency debt rating; early February to more than ever, most brokers plot Duff & Phelps did the same 50 per cent, to lift Bangkok for South Korea. The Philip- 3.6 per cent. Seoul rose 3.4 as the best guide to values in pines pushed through its per cent and Kuala Lumpur 11th interest rate cut this 4.2 per cent. year, and in Thailand there

Recent strength has meant that some Asian (admittedly was a sign non-performing The Thai central bank said

February at 45.6 per cent. Jakarta is 30 and Bangkok That banks shot ahead, 39. Seoul sells at more than extending their gains since 40 times 1998 earnings. Howshare prices to book assets the region.

Colonial, the fund manager,

According to Foreign and

book assets in Asia trade on depressed) earnings multi- a price barely a fifth of the

Traders said the stock also

benefited from a better out-

look for Asian economies,

where it has substantial

ner was ASG, up SKr50 or

23.4 per cent to SKr264, SKr1

The session's biggest win-

has been on a downward trend in recent months. Even the resignation last week of the head of Morocco's most important company, Omnium Nord Africain, a move that had been expected to be well received by investors, left the company's stock unmoved.

After a strong rise last year,

the Casablanca stock market

Fouad Filali, who resigned as chairman of ONA, the country's largest conglomerate, had cleaned up the company's balance sheet and put the business on a sound financial footing

But Mr Filali had come under strong criticism for repurchasing a stake in an insurance broker he had previously sold off. He had also lost a bid to purchase one of the country's largest insurance companies, complicating his planned expansion

Mourad Cherif, his successor, is a well-respected former finance minister and current chairman of Morocco's state-owned phosphate producer. He knows ONA well, having been its manag-

ing director until 1993. Last year, the Casablanca bourse was one of the best performers in emerging mar-kets, finishing the year with a 20 per cent gain, on the back of a phenomenal growth in mutual funds. In recent months, however, the bourse has been undergoing a correction, and the market

is down 4 per cent. "Even if the change at ONA was seen as a good thing, the move had no impact because there is a loss of confidence in the market," said a local broker. "There were big orders placed to sell the stock and the orders were not changed after the announcement of the resignation."

Analysts say the correction on the Casablanca stock outlines a coherent future exchange is due to worsethan-expected 1988 companies earnings growth and because institutional inves-



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explosives

gains to boost their income this year. The draft budget before parliament proposes a capital gains tax - another

discouraging factor. The market needed a correction, say analysts. But for some benefit to come out of this correction, the market has to go down ever further or start recovering fast," explains Anas Alami head of research at Upline prices are not cheap enough for foreigners or locals to get

interested in the market." The average price earnings ratio is around 19 times 1999 projected earnings on a stock market with a total capitalisation of \$14.7bn. Foreign investors, who had shown interest in Morocco in recent years, have long pocketed their gains.

"There is now a maximum 3 per cent foreign ownership on the market, but people would get more interested the cheaper it gets," says a London broker.

ONA, with holdings ranging from dairy products to financial services, is trading at a discount to the market, with a price earnings ratio of only 13 per cent on estimated 1999 earnings. Anslysts say that once Mr Cherif strategy, the stock is likely

Roula Khalaf

High-techs stay firm on merger moves

Wall Street was little changed in early trading. A series of merger announcements and speculation kept high-tech stocks firm, but blue chips turned easier. writes John Labate in New

The deals helped to push the Nasdaq composite higher, lifting it 46.88 or 1.8 per cent to 2,637.52, in an otherwise mixed market.

Blue-chip shares were mostly lower, sending the Dow Jones Industrial Average down 16.04 at 10,673.63 at Standard & Poor's 500 index was less than a point higher

In the telecoms equipment sector. Fore Systems surged 36 per cent or \$84 to \$387 after the company agreed to mark bond down is to 94%. be acquired by General Electric of the UK.

The deal came as investors awaited an outcome in the hattle for cable company MediaOne, for which AT & T has launched a hostile bid. An earlier agreement had been reached between MediaOne and Comcast, and as of midday yesterday there was no confirmation of a higher bid from Comcast.

MediaOne rose \$1₺ to \$78% while Comcast was off se to \$64% and AT&T shares were down \$% to \$52%.

Internet shares were 30.81 at 7,059.30.

mostly higher after eBay. the online auction company said it would buy the third largest auction house in the US in a \$260m stock deal. eBay was up 3 per cent to

Weighing on the Dow were shares of Union Carbide, down 5 per cent or \$22 at \$48 after it reported quar-

terly results. Drug company Merck was down \$1% at \$74. Among Dow gainers, Procter & Gam-

ble climbed \$2% to \$92%. IBM continued to rally after last week's earnings release, climbing another \$6 midsession. The broader or 3 per cent to \$206. Bank-

ing shares were mostly lower, with Citigroup off \$% to \$74%. US Treasury prices were mostly lower in early trading, with the 30-year bench-

sending the yield higher to 5.628 per cent. The Russell 2000 index of small-company shares was up 3.28 to 435.01.

TORONTO pushed higher in early trading following a strong start for telecommunication stocks.

Northern Telecom rose C\$4.05 to C\$110.40 and BCE, a major Nortel shareholder, gained C\$1.45 at C\$74.35 Newbridge Networks added C\$3,20 at C\$56,20.

At noon, the benchmark 300 composite index was up

Oil hopes lift Caracas

push firmly ahead, rising 2.9 9 bolivars to 246 bolivars. per cent or 151.25 to 5,426.78

Oil price optimism and fading political concerns better at 11,048. were the main drivers behind the early buying, although brokers said trading volumes were moderate

Among leading stocks,

Johannesburg overcame

early weakness on further

strong demand for Anglo

American. But price move-

ments tended to be exagger-

ated by light trade ahead of

a public holiday today.

subdued morning trading. At midsession, the benchmark IPC index was down 31,02 at

Anglo remains in demand The overall index put on 33.2 to 6,815.4 as industrials rose 27.8 to 7,336.8 and golds

eased 7.1 to 951.4. Around 30 per cent of total ble. Anglo rose 200 cents to

trade was contributed by companies in the Anglo sta-

CARACAS continued to Electricidad de Caracas rose SAO PAULO moved nar- recent sessions, lost momenrowly in dull volumes in early trading. The Bovespa index at midsession was 16

MEXICO CTTY tracked a directionless Wall Street in

> close at SFr1,009. Swisscom climbed SFr21 to SFr569 on hopes related to the company's internet business and bullish sentiment towards telecoms.

> The SMI index closed with a rise of 108.9 at 7.254.7. FRANKFURT pushed firmly ahead, rising 81.32 or 1.6 per cent to 5,269.12 on the

Xetra Dax index. Deutsche Bank improved €1.68 to €94.44 ahead of

Bankinter and Banco Popular outperformed the market after CSFB raised its recommendation on the stocks. Banco Popular added Deutsche Telekom rallied

tomorrow's first-quarter ware leader SAP was the day's best performer, adding €27 at €360

loans could be falling.

modestly, adding 52 cents at €35.89 in advance of today's meeting between German and Italian officials as the

For full FTSE European Indices sea Euro Markets page. group pushes forward with

its plans to merge with Tale-

com Italia. An upgrade to "outperform" at WestLB Panure also helped to boost tion granted marketing Lufthansa was a clear

casualty, slipping 96 cents to €22.19 after the airline warned of a negative earnings impact of the Kosovo crisis. PARIS got an early boost

from robust performances in oil, high-tech and defence stocks. But the CAC-40 index later lost some momentum to finish 21.97 or 0.5 per cent ahead at 4,284.40 after a 2.7 per cent fall last week.

Volatile Thomson-CSF was day, putting on SFr64 to among the day's biggest ris-SFr2.268 after last week's ers, adding €1.20 to €28.25. Traders said rising expectaits disappointing first- tions that Nato would commit ground troops to Kosovo Banks, in demand in was behind the rise.

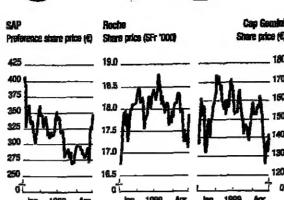
In the technology sector. Cap Gemini added €8.60 or 6.50 per cent to €141 after its sidering a US acquisition to range of products.

Elf-Aquitaine rose sharply Swatch Group pressed on newspaper reports that SFr33 higher through techni-cal resistance at SFr1,000 to the French government was seeking to merge it with its rival Total, Meanwhile, Leb man Brothers raised its 12month price target for the two companies, providing additional support.

Elf. also rumoured to be bid target for a foreign operator, closed €4 higher at €135, While Total shed 70 cents to €116.90.

MADRID ended despite some impressive gains from a handful of

Bourses gain despite US fall it could bid for 3Com Corp of



€2.85 to €68.75 after Deutsche Bank provided addi-

tional support by raising its target price. Bankinter closed €1.65 higher at €39.80. Power group Endesa closed 32 cents higher at €21.21 ahead of its share-

holder meeting today. The stock fell 18 per cent in two weeks, but began recovering last week as it became the sole contender for control of Endesa Chile. But the decision by rating seency Fitch IBCA to maintain its negative stance on the stock put

a lid on gains.

The general index finished 0.08 higher at 890.38. STOCKHOLM rose in line with other European markets, helped by gains in market heavyweight Ericsson.

Shares in the company rose

SKr9 to SKr221 on talk that

short of the priced offered by Swiss logistics group Danzas in its bid to acquire 61.8 per cent of the company. The general index added 24.69 or 0.7 per cent to

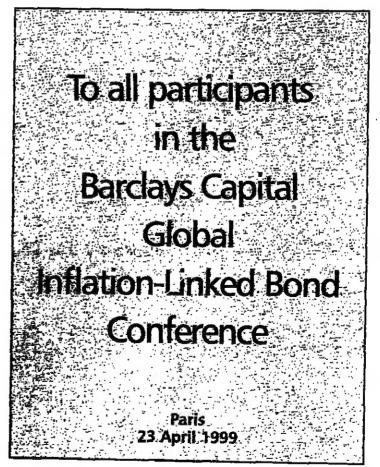
investments.

AMSTERDAM ended a session of narrow trading with the AEX index 4.55 higher at 565.78 with good gains for ABN-Amro and Philips providing most of the momen-

ABN-Amro was heavily traded after an upgrade by J.P. Morgan and a speculative run that sparked a denial from the bank that it was not topping up its existing 8.8 per cent stake in Banca di Roma. The stock, which the US broker raised to "buy" added 85 cents at 622.55 in 18.1m shares traded

Philips rose €2.25 to €85 as the global techs sector continued to find favour. KLM. up €1 at €28.10, was helped by switching out of Lufthansa. Foods group CSM shot higher, adding 62.15 or 4.5 per cent to €50.45 on news of a \$415m Finnish sugar acquisition.

Written and edited by Michael



BARCLAYS CAPITAL

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Loan figures aid Thai banks

ASIA PACIFIC

SOUTH AFRICA

Bank stocks met with strong demand in late BANGKOK trading after signs that nonperforming loan levels were on the way down. Bangkok Bank rose Bt4.50

to Bt66 and Thai Farmers Bt4 to Bt70. The bank sector index ended with a gain of 6.2 per cent.
Although turnover was modest at Bt6.6bn, there was said to be good demand for

bank shares after the central bank said non-performing loans had peaked in February. The SET index added 14.61 or 3.6 per cent at 415.68. TOKYO saw a late rush of profit-taking that pulled the key Nikkei index back from its best levels and stopped it

closing above 17,000 for the

year, writes Bethan Hutton. The Nikkei 225 average hit a peak of 17,143.49 in the afternoon after rising Y500 to Y7.550 - and DDI - steadily from the opening up Y20,000 at Y606,000. NTT figure of 16,919.76. But it was unchanged at Y1.25m. then fell swiftly to close at

16,918.51, down 4.74 from the previous day's close. The broader-based Topix index gained 8.37 to 1,343.84, and the capital-weighted Nikkei 300 gained 1.33 at

Technology, internet and telecoms issues were the day's main winners and down slightly from Friday at some maintained gains 563m, compared with 578m.

despite the profit-taking. Japan Telecom closed Y60.000 higher at Y1.9m as investors responded positively to news over the weekend of an investment in first time in more than a JT by British Telecom and AT & T. The news helped prop up some other telecoms issues, such as KDD - up

Shipping showed the largest gains, up 2.5 per cent, continuing a recent upward trend based on expectations of higher fees in the sector. Melji Shipping was up Y16 to Y246, Nippon Yusen up Y15

to Y450, and line kaiun up Y14 to Y279. First-section volume was

losers by 745 to 444, with 129 In Osaka, the OSE rose 173.06 to 18,203.23 in volume

BOMBAY slid 4.74 per cent as the country headed for elections. The BSE-30 index lost 161.32 to 3,245.27 as the cabinet recommended the dissolution of parliament following the failure of political parties to form a new government

HONG KONG was higher as telecommunications and utility stocks outperformed other blue chips, reflecting increasing investor caution above the 13,000 level on the Hang Seng index. The blue chip-measure fin-

ished 221.72 or 1.7 per cent higher at 13,127.02 after hitting a morning low of 12,853.86 and an afternoon high of 13,173,37.

But in the broader market. declines outnumbered advances 304 issues to 241, and turnover slipped to HKS8.2bn

Analysts said that telecom shares remained in favour, although most buying orders due in part to continuing enthusiasm for local stocks with internet-related business. Local tech shares also received a boost from Friday's rally in the US Nasdaq

helped the composite index composite index. add 26.98 or 4.2 per cent to China Telecom gained 673.90, with activity concen-HK\$1 or 6.4 per cent to trated in blue chips.

Rising shares outnumbered HK\$16.60 on healthy turn over of HK\$608.9m CCT Telecom Holdings

soared 27.7 per cent to HK\$1.75, continuing their surge after Friday's news the company was in talks with an international telecoms operator on an investment in CCT's internet and international direct-dial services. SEOUL hit a 21-month

high as institutions greeted the decision by Fitch IBCA and Duff & Phelps to upgrade South Korea's credit rating. The composite index set-

tled 25.31 or 3.4 per cent higher at 776.30, also helped by a brightening labour outlook as subway workers returned to work following a one-week walkout.

The day's best performances came from securities houses in the wake of record earnings. Daewoo Securities rose Won4,400 to Won33,800 while Hyundai Securities Won6,150 Won47,350.

KUALA LUMPUR got a boost from credit re-rating came from local investors. Speculation Malaysia could return to the Morgan Stanley Capital International emerging markets index